## ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Berwyn, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berwyn, Illinois, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, as listed in the accompanying table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Berwyn, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Police Pension Fund and the Firefighters' Pension Fund, which represent 100% of the assets, net assets, and additions of the fiduciary funds and of the Berwyn Development Corporation (discretely presented component unit), which represents 100% of the assets, net assets, and revenues of the discretely component unit of the City of Berwyn, Illinois. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Berwyn Development Corporation, the Police Pension Fund and the Firefighters' Pension Fund, is based on the report of the other auditors.

Except as discussed in the following paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Berwyn, Illinois, as of December 31, 2005, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated February 9, 2007 on our consideration of the City of Berwyn, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the financial information listed as supplemental data in the accompanying table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Berwyn, Illinois. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Sekroh (CP

Aurora, Illinois February 9, 2007



### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of the City of Berwyn, we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Berwyn for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

### **Financial Highlights**

The assets of the City of Berwyn exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$16,330,956 (net assets). The City has deficit unrestricted net assets of (\$1,631,114) at year end. This is primarily because the City has not yet retroactively reported its infrastructure assets.

In 2005, the City's total net assets increased by \$1,138,467. This increase is due to the operations of the City's governmental activities. Business-type activities ran at an operating loss mostly due to the significant expense of depreciation on capital infrastructure.

As of the close of the current fiscal year the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,671,129, a decrease of \$2,052,715 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 4.1% of this total amount, \$845,513 is available for spending at the City's discretion (unreserved fund balance).

At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,268,110 or 3% of total General Fund expenditures.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Berwyn's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) governmental-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements** - The governmental-wide financial statements found on pages 3 - 5 are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Berwyn's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and street and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer operations and residential waste hauling and recycling.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Berwyn itself (known as the primary government), but also the legally separate Berwyn Development Corporation which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

**Fund financial statements** - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Berwyn maintains thirteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Cermak Road TIF Fund, and the Bond & Interest Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other ten governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The City adopts an annual appropriations ordinance for its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this ordinance.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 6 - 9 of this report.

*Proprietary funds* – The City of Berwyn maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Berwyn uses an internal service fund to account for its workers compensation and general liability self-insurance pool. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the Water and Sewer Fund which is considered to be a major fund of the City, and the internal service fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 12 of this report.

Fiduciary funds - are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements** - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmental-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 53 of this report.

**Other information** - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 54 - 63 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 64 - 84 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The largest portion of the City of Berwyn's net assets represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Assets restricted for use in the City's four redevelopment areas make up the bulk of these assets, followed by assets restricted by the State of Illinois for the purpose of improving streets, and assets restricted for law enforcement purposes.

Net assets of the City of Berwyn also includes its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, infrastructure and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investments in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. At the end of the fiscal year the City had not yet implemented retroactive reporting of its governmental infrastructure assets, although the debt related to the acquisitions of these assets is reported in the government-wide statements. As a result, the City reported a negative balance in its net assets invested in capital assets.

### **City of Berwyn Net Assets**

		Governmen	overnmental activities Business-type activites			activites	Total					
		2005	2005 2004		05 2004 2005 2004		2005		2004			
Current assets	\$	43,810,923	\$	48,787,064	\$	4,787,576	\$	3,955,386	\$	48,598,499	\$	52,742,450
Capital assets		17,333,994		17,835,794		49,942,919	_	53,803,712	_	67,276,913	_	71,639,506
Total assets		61,144,917		66,622,858		54,730,495		57,759,098		115,875,412		124,381,956
Current liabilities		21,366,061		24,090,339		484,468		554,387		21,850,529		24,644,726
Long-term liabilities		77,686,837		84,589,763		7,090		27,349		77,693,927		84,617,112
Total liabilities		99,052,898		108,680,102		491,558		581,736		99,544,456		109,261,838
Invested in capital asse	ets											
net of related debt		(42,547,755)		(49,005,607)		49,918,319		53,803,712		7,370,564		4,798,105
Restricted		10,591,506		13,427,436		-		-		10,591,506		13,427,436
Unrestricted		(5,951,732)		(6,479,073)		4,320,618		3,373,650		(1,631,114)		(3,105,423)
Total net assets	\$	(37,907,981)	\$	(42,057,244)	\$	54,238,937	\$	57,177,362	\$	16,330,956	\$	15,120,118

### Significant Changes in the City's Statement of Net Assets:

The City's governmental activities current assets decreased from 2004 by approximately \$4.98 million. During 2004 the City issued \$8.3 million in short-term debt. Approximately \$2.47 million was used in 2004 and the remainder was used during 2005. The City refunded this debt issue in 2005.

Governmental activities' current liabilities decreased from 2004 by \$2.72 million due to payments of \$2.35 million to the City's fiduciary pension funds.

Governmental activities net assets increased \$4.08 million in 2005. This reflects that the City has levied taxes for principal repayment on its long-term debt, as taxes are included in revenue on the Statement of Activities; however the related principal payments are not considered expenses on the Statement of Activities.

Capital assets for both governmental and business-type activities decreased in 2005 due to depreciation.

### **City of Berwyn Changes in Net Assets**

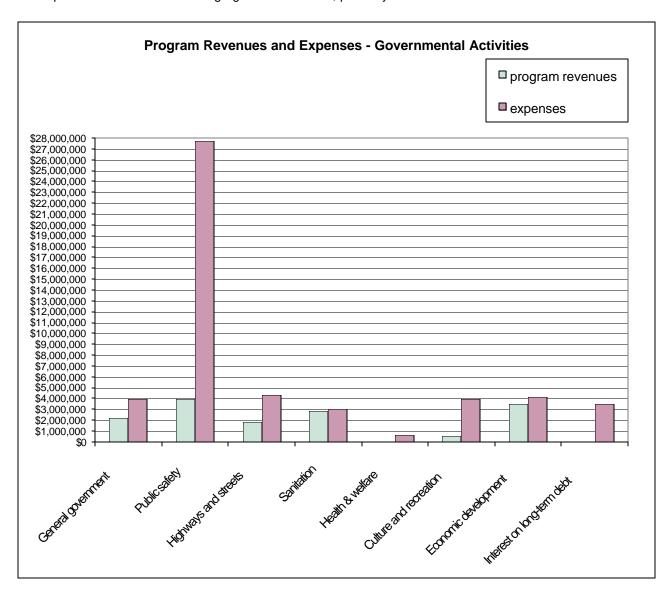
	Governmer	Governmental activities		pe activites	Total			
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004		
Revenues:								
Program reveues:								
Charges for services	\$ 9,609,233	\$ 9,405,602	\$ 4,907,882	\$ 5,455,034	\$ 14,517,115	\$ 14,860,636		
Operating grants & contributions	5,471,424	4,333,823	-	-	5,471,424	4,333,823		
Capital grants & contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-		
General revenues								
Property taxes	22,380,786	20,320,108	-	-	22,380,786	20,320,108		
Other taxes	17,555,777	15,927,542	-	-	17,555,777	15,927,542		
Other revenues	303,929	259,223			303,929	259,223		
Total revenues	55,321,149	50,246,298	4,907,882	5,455,034	60,229,031	55,701,332		
Expenses:								
General government	3,950,982	4,174,791	-	-	3,950,982	4,174,791		
Public safety	27,713,240	25,190,418	-	-	27,713,240	25,190,418		
Highways & streets	4,308,511	2,409,901	-	-	4,308,511	2,409,901		
Sanitation	3,035,310	2,880,236	-	-	3,035,310	2,880,236		
Culture & recreation	3,939,759	3,532,538	-	-	3,939,759	3,532,538		
Interest on long-term debt	3,491,041	3,351,620	-	-	3,491,041	3,351,620		
Economic development	4,113,882	2,369,542	-	-	4,113,882	2,369,542		
Health & welfare	604,199	495,416	-	-	604,199	495,416		
Water & sewer	-	-	7,933,640	8,306,455	7,933,640	8,306,455		
Total expenses	51,156,924	44,404,462	7,933,640	8,306,455	59,090,564	52,710,917		
Income before Transfers	4,164,225	5,841,836	(3,025,758)	(2,851,421)	1,138,467	2,990,415		
Transfers	(87,333)		87,333					
Change in Net Assets	4,076,892	5,841,836	(2,938,425)	(2,851,421)	1,138,467	2,990,415		
Net assets Jan 1, as restated Restatement	(42,057,244) 72,371	(47,899,080)	57,177,362 	60,028,783	15,120,118	12,129,703		
Net assets Dec 31	\$ (37,907,981)	\$ (42,057,244)	\$ 54,238,937	\$ 57,177,362	\$ 16,258,585	\$ 15,120,118		

#### **Government activities**

Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$4.0 million in the current fiscal year. Significant components of the fiscal year's activities included the following:

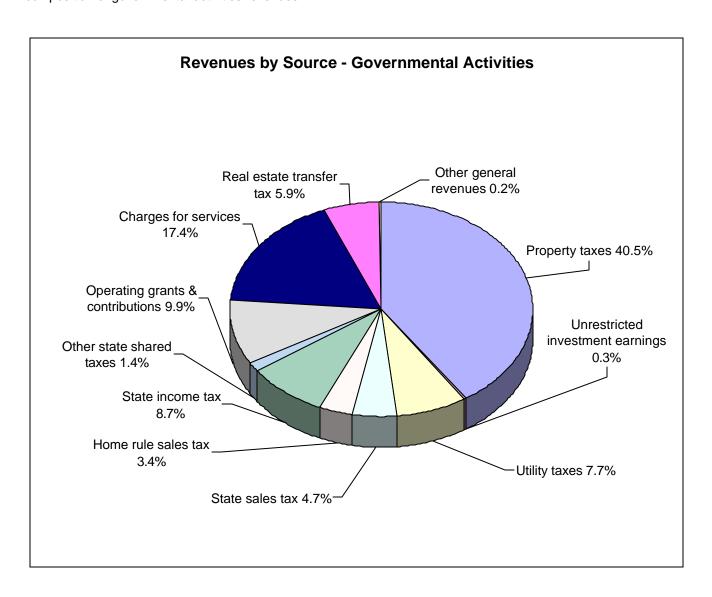
Property taxes increased \$2.06 million during the year. \$895,736 of this increase is resulted from increased levies in the City's four TIF districts due to positive economic development. \$1.3 million of the increase the leveling off of tax increment growth in the City's redevelopment areas.

The graph below shows the governmental activities revenues and expenses by function. Any deficit of revenues less expenses is then funded through general revenues, primarily taxes.



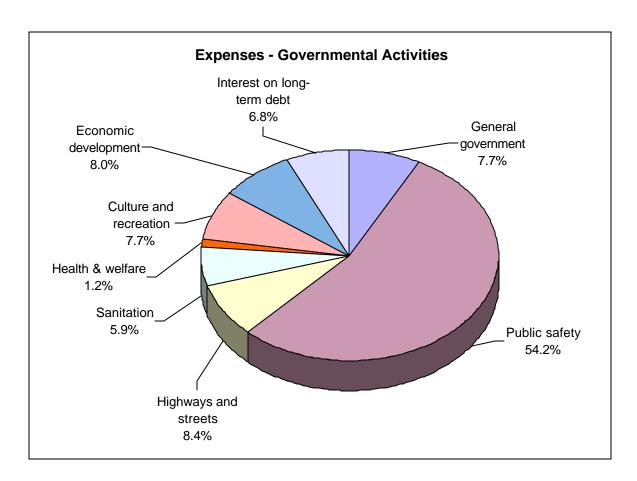
### **Government activities - Revenues**

The City's governmental activities are supported mainly by property taxes. In 2005 the City's property taxes at \$22.4 million made up 40.5% of the total governmental activities revenues. The next largest portion of governmental activities revenues is charges for services, which are approximately 17.4% of the total revenue. These percentages have remained relatively constant from 2004 to 2005. In 2004 property taxes were 40.4% and charges for services were 18.7% of the total governmental activities revenues. The graph below shows the full composition of governmental activities revenues.



### **Government activities - Expenses**

As in the prior year, the City's largest area of expense continues to be public safety, accounting for over 54% of governmental expenses. Overall governmental expenses increased \$6.7 million or 15% from the prior year. \$1.7 million of this increase was related to increased expenses for economic development. This increase was related to an alley repaving project (\$0.65 million), assistance to a local business (\$0.3 million) and additional TIF expenses within the South Berwyn Corridor (\$0.6 million). During 2005 the City spent approximately \$654,000 more on an alley repaving project than in 2004. The City provided \$300,000 in assistance to a local company. The public safety expenses increased \$2.5 million from 2004. During 2004, the liability for compensated absences decreased. Approximately \$1.4 million of the decrease in compensated absences offset the public safety function in 2004; however in 2005 the City did not have this offset. Public safety expenses also increased in 2005 approximately \$990,000 due to increases in workmen's compensation and general liability claims. Highways and streets increased approximately \$1.9 million which is mainly related to a charge against expense for reduction in the arbitrage penalty liability.



### **Business-type activities**

Business-type activities represent the City's water and sewer utility. The utility's primary source of revenue is in the form of user fees for water and sewer usage. The rates are designed to recover substantially all of the costs associated with providing water and sewer service, except for depreciation. The rates do provide some cost recovery for depreciation but is not designed to fund the entire expense. Thus, business-type activities decreased the City's net assets by \$2.9 million.

Water and sewer usage charges for 2005 decreased approximately \$569,000. This decrease also resulted in a decrease in the cost of water, as expenses were lower in 2005 than in 2004 by \$372,000. The change in net assets between the two years was substantially the same.

### **Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds**

As noted earlier, the City of Berwyn uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20.7 million. Approximately 4.1% of the City's total fund balances were unreserved. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to projects such as tax increment financing areas (\$4.7 million); state approved motor fuel tax projects (\$2.1); law enforcement uses (\$1.0 million); Fund balances are also reserved for non-current assets such as interfund advances (\$4.6 million) and land held for resale (\$3.1 million).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$1.3 million, while total fund balance was \$6.5 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare fund balance to total fund expenditures. As of December 31, 2005 the General Fund's fund balance was 15.4% of the 2005 General Fund expenditures.

Overall the City's fund balances decreased \$2.1 million in 2005. This decrease was made up of decreases in the General and Bond and Interest funds of \$2.0 million and \$1.5 million respectively. These were offset by an increase in the Cermak TIF fund of \$1.0 million and a small increase in Nonmajor governmental funds. The City issued \$8.8 million in debt during 2005 to partially refund a short-term borrowing of \$8.3 million, however a portion of the new debt was issued for projects. This resulted in a deficit fund balance within the Bond and Interest fund. The City is exploring debt restructuring methods in order to decrease the annual debt burden that is placed on the tax levy. See General Fund budgetary highlights for information related to the decrease in the General Fund's fund balance.

*Proprietary funds* - The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Water & Sewer Fund at the end of the current fiscal year amounted to \$4,320,618. The total decrease in net assets was \$2,938,425. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

The City's internal service fund mainly represents costs for the City's workmen's compensation and general liability insurances. During 2005 the City's claims increased \$990,000 or 81% due to increasing costs as well as an increase in workmen's compensation claims. The City is currently investigating the use of safety training in order to help educate employees on safer work behavior. It is believed this training this may help decrease the costs in future years.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The City did not make any supplemental appropriations or transfers of appropriations during the fiscal year. Overall actual revenues were slightly over budget by \$84,000 or less than 1% of budgeted revenues. However General Fund expenditures were over budget by \$3.9 million or 10.2%. Of this overage, approximately \$2.2 million was in debt service expenditures. These expenditures were primarily to repayment the City's line of credit for \$2.2 million which had not been budgeted.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets** - The City of Berwyn's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2005, was \$70.4 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, systems, machinery and equipment, park facilities, streets, bridges and utility infrastructure. During 2005 the City's capital asset balances decreased \$429,000.

During 2005 the City purchased several vehicles including two ambulances which increased governmental activities capital assets by \$300,000. The City's business-type activities added \$87,133 in equipment during 2005.

### **City of Berwyn Capital Assets**

(net of accumulate depreciation)

	Governmer	ital a	activities	vities Business-type activites			Total				
	 2005		2004		2005		2004	2005			2004
Land	\$ 4,086,250	\$	4,086,250	\$	24,600	\$	24,600	\$	4,110,850	\$	4,110,850
Buildings	8,602,314		8,870,992		368,137		368,137		8,970,451		9,239,129
Equipment	553,357		899,981				45,843				
Land improvements	1,252,151		1,224,846		125,645		125,645		1,377,796		1,350,491
Fixtures, furniture	131,344		145,417				-				
Vehicles	2,708,578		2,896,378		-		-		2,708,578		2,896,378
Infrastructure	 -	_	-		<u>53,239,487</u>	_	53,239,487	_	53,239,487	_	53,239,487
Total	\$ 17,333,994	\$	18,123,864	\$	53,757,869	\$	53,803,712	\$	70,407,162	\$	70,836,335

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 in the notes to the financial statements of this report.

**Long-term debt -** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Berwyn had total outstanding of \$77.7 million. Of this amount \$72.2 was general obligation debt which is backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

	Governmer	ernmental activities			siness-ty	ре	activities	Total			
	2005		2004	2005 2004			2005		2004		
General obligation bonds	\$ 72,273,803	\$	78,725,556	\$	-	\$	-	\$	72,273,803	\$	78,725,556
Capital leases	686,749		604,401		-		-		686,749		604,401
Line of credit	-		906,250		-		-		-		906,250
Unamortized premiums	1,674,919		1,861,021		-		-		1,674,919		1,861,021
Claims payable	2,177,601		1,500,691		-		-		2,177,601		1,500,691
Net pension obligation	107,785		126,887		-		-		107,785		126,887
Compensated absences	 765,980		865,258		7,090		27,309	_	773,070		892,567
Total	\$ 77,686,837	\$	84,590,064	\$	7,090	\$	27,309	\$	77,693,927	\$	84,617,373

The City's total debt decreased by \$6.9 million, or 8.2%, during the current fiscal year.

The City's bonded debt is rated as AAA by Standard & Poor's Credit Market Service in coordination with the issuance of a financial guarantee policy delivered with each debt issue.

State statutes govern the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue, however the General Assembly has not limited the amount for home rule units of government. The current outstanding bonded debt of the City of Berwyn equals 11.1 percent of its total assessed valuation.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 in the notes to the financial statements of this report.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The State of Illinois continues to operate in a climate of fiscal uncertainty, and as a result, the City has chosen to be conservative in its short term forecast for increases in state shared revenues. Although state shared revenues have shown positive growth in the last year, delays in distribution of revenues are still a concern. Rate adjustments implemented for the next budget year include only real estate tax increases up to the level required for debt service changes. No increases were budgeted for Water & Sewer charges for services.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Berwyn's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Berwyn Finance Director, 6700 W. 26<sup>th</sup> Street, Berwyn, Illinois 60402.

### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

### December 31, 2005

				Component Unit
	P	rimary Governme	ent	Berwyn
	Governmental	Business-Type		Development
	Activities	Activities	Total	Corporation
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 14,451,618	S -	\$ 14,451,618	\$ 309,151
Receivables, net of allowance				
where applicable				
Property tax	17,817,929	-	17,817,929	•
Sales tax	677,249	-	677,249	•
Home rule sales tax	499,061	-	499,061	*
Income tax	778,834	-	778,834	-
Utility tax	815,245	-	815,245	-
Accounts	571,430	922,515	1,493,945	7,520
Other	198,796	-	198,796	-
Prepaid expenses	35,461	-	35,461	1,154
Due from other governments	822,940	4,155,363	4,978,303	-
Due from other funds	290,302	(290,302)	-	-
Notes receivable	1,459,926	•	1,459,926	962,523
Deferred charges	2,227,192		2,227,192	•
Net pension benefit	109,136		109,136	-
Land held for resale	3,055,804	+	3,055,804	-
Capital assets, not being depreciated	4,086,250	24,600	4,110,850	630,915
Capital assets, being depreciated (net of				
accumulated depreciation)	13,247,744	49,918,319	63,166,063	48,183
Total assets	61,144,917	54,730,495	115,875,412	1,959,446
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	1,188,891	470,316	1,659,207	3,776
Bid deposits payable	2,234		2,234	-
Retainage payable	5,165		5,165	
Accrued payroll	607,326	14,152	621,478	-
Accrued interest payable	562,595		562,595	-
Due to fiduciary funds	182,992		182,992	
Deferred revenue	18,620,307	-	18,620,307	
Other liabilities	196,551		196,551	_
Noncurrent liabilities	170,551		170,551	
Due within one year	16,874,903	2,988	16,877,891	_
Due in more than one year	60,811,934	4,102	60,816,036	1,593,437
Total liabilities	99,052,898	491,558	99,544,456	1,597,213
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	(42,547,755)	49,918,319	7,370,564	48,183
Restricted for	(1-10111100)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,5,,0,504	70,100
Public safety	1,008,325	_	1,008,325	_
Highways and streets	2,067,788	_	2,067,788	-
Economic development		-	7,515,393	144,898
Unrestricted (deficit)	7,515,393 (5,951,732)	4,320,618	(1,631,114)	
TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)	\$ (37,907,981)	\$ 54,238,937	\$ 16,330,956	\$ 362,233

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

			Program Revenues						
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	E	xpenses_	f	Charges or Services	Operating Grants			Capital Grants	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT									
Governmental Activities									
General government	\$ :	3,950,982	\$	3,025,435	\$	14,420	\$	-	
Public safety	2*	7,713,240		3,179,570		242,214		-	
Highways and streets	4	4,308,511		99,669		1,648,274		-	
Sanitation	;	3,035,310		2,871,575				_	
Health and welfare		604,199		*		-		-	
Culture and recreation	:	3,939,759		394,658		98,542		-	
Economic development	4	4,113,882		38,326		3,467,974		-	
Interest		3,491,041		*		·		***************************************	
Total governmental activities	5	1,156,924	<del></del>	9,609,233	<del></del>	5,471,424		*	
Business-Type Activities									
Water and sewer		7,933,640		4,907,882		<del>-</del>			
Total business-type activities	***************************************	7,933,640		4,907,882		n.		*	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 59	9,090,564	\$	14,517,115	\$	5,471,424	\$		
COMPONENT UNIT									
Berwyn Development Corporation	_\$	459,174	\$	267,305	\$	86,710	\$	27,500	

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Assets								
							ponent		
		Рг	imary Governn	ent	······································		Init		
	_		r				rwyn		
		vernmental	Business-Type	;	77 . 1		opment		
		Activities	Activities		Total	Согр	oration		
	\$	(911,127)	\$ -	\$	(911,127)	\$	-		
	(	24,291,456)	-		(24,291,456)		-		
		(2,560,568)	-		(2,560,568)		~		
		(163,735)	-		(163,735)				
		(604,199)	-		(604,199)		-		
		(3,446,559)	-		(3,446,559)		-		
		(607,582)	-		(607,582)		-		
		(3,491,041)			(3,491,041)				
	(	36,076,267)	*		(36,076,267)		<u>-</u>		
			(2.025.750	`	(2.035.750)				
		*	(3,025,758	)	(3,025,758)				
			(3,025,758	)	(3,025,758)	**********	-		
	(	36,076,267)	(3,025,758	)	(39,102,025)		-		
General Revenues		<u>+</u>	~		*		(77,659)		
Taxes									
Property		22,380,786	-		22,380,786		-		
Sales		2,596,951			2,596,951		-		
Home rule sales		1,894,374	-		1,894,374		-		
Income		4,802,668	-		4,802,668		-		
Replacement		203,122	-		203,122		-		
Municipal utility		4,234,714	-		4,234,714		-		
Real estate transfer		3,250,800	-		3,250,800		-		
Other		573,148	-		573,148		-		
Investment income		170,347	•		170,347		113,349		
Miscellaneous		133,582	-		133,582		18,071		
Transfers		(87,333)	87,333		<del>-</del>		-		
Total		40,153,159	87,333		40,240,492		131,420		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	.,,,	4,076,892	(2,938,425	i)	1,138,467		53,761		
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), JANUARY I	(	(42,057,244)	57,177,363	!	15,120,118		308,472		
Prior period adjustment	*****	72,371	-		72,371		•		
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), JANUARY I, RESTATED		(41,984,873)	57,177,362	1	15,192,489		308,472		
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31			\$ 54,238,933	\$	16,330,956		362,233		

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2005

	General	 Cermak Road TIF		Bond and Interest		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$ 2,212,243	\$ 3,229,781	\$	2,731,085	\$	6,278,509	\$	14,451,618
Receivables (net, where applicable,								
of allowances for uncollectibles)	0.400.044							
Property taxes	8,692,841	•		9,125,088		-		17,817,929
Sales taxes	677,249	•		-		-		677,249
Home rule sales tax	499,061	•		-		-		499,061
Income taxes	778,834	-		•		•		778,834
Utility tax	815,245	-		~		-		815,245
Accounts Notes	571,430	-		-		902 279		571,430
Other	657,548 101,437	-		-		802,378 97,359		1,459,926
Prepaid items	-	-		-		*		198,796
•		-		-		35,461		35,461
Due from other governments  Advance to other funds	4,580,262	1,620,067		-		822,940		822,940
Land held for resale	4,360,202			*		2,593,957		8,794,286 3,055,804
Land field for resaire		 3,055,804		<del>-</del>				3,033,604
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 19,586,150	\$ 7,905,652	\$	11,856,173	S	10,630,604	\$	49,978,579
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 670,690	\$ 14,008	\$	-	\$	504,193	\$	1,188,891
Bid deposits payable	2,234	-		-		-		2,234
Retainage payable	-	2,500		-		2,665		5,165
Accrued salaries	607,326	-		-		<u></u>		607,326
Deferred revenues	8,692,841	-		9,125,088		802,378		18,620,307
Due to fiduciary funds	182,992	•		_		-		182,992
Other liabilities	196,551	-		-		-		196,551
Advances from other funds	2,727,596	 632,054		3,803,273		1,341,061		8,503,984
Total liabilities	13,080,230	 648,562		12,928,361		2,650,297		29,307,450
FUND BALANCES								
Reserved								
Public safety	•	-		•		1,008,325		1,008,325
Highways and streets	-	-		-		2,067,788		2,067,788
Economic development	-	2,581,219		-		1,625,185		4,206,404
Advances	4,580,262	1,620,067		•		2,593,957		8,794,286
Notes receivable	657,548	-		-		-		657,548
Prepaid items	-	-		-		35,461		35,461
Land held for resale	-	3,055,804		-		-		3,055,804
Unreserved								
General Fund								
Designated for subsequent year budgets	1,268,110	-		-		•		1,268,110
Special Revenue Funds	-	-		-		18,312		18,312
Debt Service Fund	-	-		(1,072,188)		•		(1,072,188)
Capital Projects Funds		 -				631,279		631,279
Total fund balances	6,505,920	7,257,090		(1,072,188)		7,980,307		20,671,129
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 19,586,150	\$ 7.005.652	æ	11,856,173	e-	10 (20 (01	¢	49,978,579

## RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

### December 31, 2005

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	20,671,129
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds		17,333,994
The net pension benefit is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds		109,136
The net pension obligation is not a current use of funds and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds		(107,785)
The unamortized bond discount and unamortized bond issuance cost is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds		309,217
The unamortized bond premium is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds		(1,674,919)
The unamortized loss on refunding is not a current financial use of funds and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds		1,917,975
Interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore, not reported in the governmental funds		(562,595)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds		(73,726,532)
The unrestricted net assets (deficit) of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets		(2,177,601)
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		(37,907,981)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General	Cermak Road TIF	Bond and Interest	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 8,175,487 \$	1,248,027	\$ 10,658,696	\$ 2,298,576	\$ 22,380,786
Other taxes	17,534,862	-	-	20,916	17,555,778
Licenses and permits	4,628,463	•	-	_	4,628,463
Charges for services	1,884,002	-	-	-	1,884,002
Fines and fees	2,340,519	-	-	-	2,340,519
Grants	1,153,048	-	-	-	1,153,048
Intergovernmental	•	-	-	4,719,769	4,719,769
Investment income	9,032	38,669	12,088	110,557	170,346
Miscellaneous	450,112	21,041	<u> </u>	17,285	488,438
Total revenues	36,175,525	1,307,737	10,670,784	7,167,103	55,321,149
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	3,881,802	-	-		3,881,802
Public safety	26,026,428	-	-	1,002,413	27,028,841
Highways and streets	2,552,630	-	-	1,519,439	4,072,069
Sanitation	3,035,310	-	-	-	3,035,310
Health and welfare	604,199	~	-	-	604,199
Culture and recreation	3,527,966	<u>.</u>	-	-	3,527,966
Economic development	-	263,891	-	3,835,548	4,099,439
Capital outlay	430,201	-	-	•	430,201
Debt service	0.000.000				
Principal	2,223,202	-	15,330,000	112,867	17,666,069
Interest and fiscal charges	74,619	•	3,135,505	7,220	3,217,344
Bond issuance costs		*	69,800	~	69,800
Total expenditures	42,356,357	263,891	18,535,305	6,477,487	67,633,040
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(6,180,832)	1,043,846	(7,864,521)	689,616	(12,311,891)
OVEREMIENDITORES	(0,100,032)	1,043,040	(7,004,521)	000,010	(12,311,031)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	2,789,300		_	20,000	2,809,300
Transfers out	(107,333)	-	(2,429,200)	(360,100)	
Loan proceeds	1,546,509	_	(2,.2,200)	(550,100)	1,546,509
Bonds issued, at par	-,,	-	8,800,000	-	8,800,000
			<del></del>		
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,228,476	*	6,370,800	(340,100)	10,259,176
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,952,356)	1,043,846	(1,493,721)	349,516	(2,052,715)
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY I	8,591,308	6,213,244	235,033	7,630,791	22,670,376
Prior period adjustment	(133,032)	-	186,500	_	53,468
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY I, RESTATED	8,458,276	6,213,244	421,533	7,630,791	22,723,844
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31	\$ 6,505,920 \$	7,257,090	\$ (1,072,188)	\$ 7,980,307	\$ 20,671,129

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (2,052,715)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures, however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	459,784
The issuance of capital leases is reported as an other financing source in governmental funds but as an increase of principal outstanding in the statement of activities	(266,141)
The loss on disposal of capital assets is shown as an increase of expense on the statement of activities	(73,087)
The change in net pension obligation is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds	19,102
The issuance of long-term debt is reported as an other financing source in governmental funds but as an increase of principal outstanding in the statement of activities	(10,075,000)
The accretion on capital appreciation bonds is not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds	(78,247)
The repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure when due in governmental funds but as a reduction of principal outstanding in the statement of activities	17,695,043
Depreciation in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	(904,260)
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as	
expenditures in governmental funds Decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of discount Amortization of accounting loss on refunding Amortization of bond premium Amortization of issuance costs Increase in compensated absences Increase in the net pension obligation	(35,755) (28,531) (213,108) 186,102 (34,358) 99,278 55,695
The change in net assets of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities	(676,910)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 4,076,892

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## December 31, 2005

		Governmental
	Business-Type	Activities
	Water and	Internal
	Sewer	Service
CURRENT ASSETS		
Receivables		
Accounts	\$ 922,515	\$ -
		Φ -
Due from other governments	4,155,363	-
Total current assets	5,077,878	<b>14</b>
CAPITAL ASSETS		
Capital assets, not being depreciated	24,600	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	49,918,319	-
Net capital assets	49,942,919	-
•		
Total assets	55,020,797	-
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	470,316	
Claims payable	-	966,171
Accrued payroll	14,152	700,171
Due to other funds	290,302	_
	2,988	-
Compensated absences	2,700	
Total current liabilities	777,758	966,171
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Claims payable		1,211,430
Compensated absences payable	4,102	-
Compensated absorbes payable		
Total long-term liabilities	4,102	1,211,430
Total liabilities	781,860	2,177,601
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets	49,918,319	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	4,320,618	(2,177,601)
•	p 5400000	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 54,238,937	\$ (2,177,601)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Wate	Business-Type Water and Sewer		Governmental Activities Internal Service	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services Billings Water and sewer taps Internal services Other Other revenue	\$ 4,	788,616 31,600 - 27,525 60,141	\$	- 1,531,542 - -	
Total operating revenues	4,5	907,882		1,531,542	
OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services Contractual services Utilities Repairs and maintenance Commodities and supplies Interdepartmental charges Depreciation  Total operating expenses	2,6  3,9	659,124 58,216 622,495 62,230 26,691 556,758 948,126		2,208,452 - 2,208,452	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	***************************************	025,758)		(676,910)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Transfers in		87,333		-	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(2,5	938,425)		(676,910)	
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), JANUARY 1	57,	177,362		(1,500,691)	
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31	<u>\$ 54,3</u>	238,937	\$	(2,177,601)	

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Water and Sewer	Governmental Activities Internal Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 2,935,203 (3,395,063) (680,629)	\$ 1,531,542 (1,531,542)
Net cash from operating activities	(1,140,489)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Reduction of interfund receivable Transfers from other funds	1,140,489 87,333	-
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	1,227,822	*
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital assets purchased	(87,333)	
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	(87,333)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES None		-
Net cash from investing activities		
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	-	••
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$ -	\$ -
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities	\$ (3,025,758)	\$ (676,910)
Depreciation	3,948,126	-
Changes in assets and liabilities Receivables Accounts payable Accrued payroll and compensated absences Claims payable	(1,972,679) (68,673) (21,505)	- - - 676,910
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (1,140,489)	\$ <u>-</u>

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

## December 31, 2005

\$ 7,489,845
\$ 7,489,845
13,429,375
1,608,128
3,676,148
2,554,706
14,378,701
237,480
182,992
5,283
43,562,658
18,977
141
19,118
\$ 43,543,540

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS

ADDITIONS	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 3,723,520
Participants	1,031,995
Total contributions	4,755,515
Investment income	
Net appreciation in fair value	
of investments	689,355
Interest earned	1,178,260
Less investment expenses	(94,479)
Net investment income	1,773,136_
Total additions	6,528,651
DEDUCTIONS	
Administrative	62,530
Pension benefits and refunds	3,916,003
Total deductions	3,978,533
NET INCREASE	2,550,118
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS	
January 1	40,993,422
December 31	\$ 43,543,540

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2005

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Berwyn, Illinois (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)), as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's, Berwyn Public Library's (the Library), and Berwyn Development Corporation's (the BDC) accounting policies are described below.

### a. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units.

The City's financial statements include two pension trust funds.

### Police Pension Fund

The City's police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a member pension board. Two members appointed by the City's President, one elected pension beneficiary, and two elected police employees constitute the pension board. The City and PPERS participants are obligated to fund all PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it possesses many of the characteristics of a legally separate government, the PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the City's police employees, and because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. The PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund.

a. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Fund

The City's firefighters participate in the Firefighters' Pension Employees Retirement System (FPERS). FPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a nine-member pension board. The City's President, Treasurer, Clerk, Attorney, and Fire Chief, one elected pension beneficiary, and elected fire employees constitute the pension board. The City and FPERS participants are obligated to fund all FPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it possesses many of the characteristics of a legally separate government, the FPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the City's firefighters and because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. The FPERS is reported as a pension trust fund.

The City's financial statements also include two component units.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Berwyn Development Corporation (BDC)

The BDC provides low-interest lending assistance to local business. The City guarantees the lines of credits used to fund these loans and approves all loans to local businesses. Therefore, the BDC is fiscally dependent on the City. In addition, the BDC manages loans provided directly by the City to local business and also manages the City's tax incremental finance projects.

Blended Component Unit

Berwyn Public Library (the Library)

The Library's board consists of seven individuals appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council, none of which are members of the City's governing body. The Library's budget is subject to the approval of the City's governing body. In addition, the taxing authority and issuance of debt is also subject to the approval of the City's governing body. Additionally, the activities of the Library are open to all citizens and benefit the citizens of the City.

### b. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to report on its financial position, results of its operations, and cash flows. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into the following categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of governmental long-term debt (debt service funds).

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the City (internal service funds).

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the City.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and shared revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items are not properly included among program revenues but are reported instead as general revenues.

### c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Interfund services provided and used between funds has not been eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Cermak Road Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Fund is used for the revenues and expenditures related to tax increment financing of Cermak Road projects.

The Bond and Interest Fund is used to account for the payment of governmental long-term debt, other than debt service payments made by the proprietary funds.

The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

The City reports Pension Trust Funds as fiduciary funds to account for the Firefighter's Pension Fund and the Police Pension Fund.

The City reports the following proprietary funds:

The Water and Sewer Fund, an enterprise fund, is used for water and sewer services to the residents of the City.

The Self Insurance Retention Fund, an internal service fund, is used to account for the liability and workers' compensation claims of the City.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Operating revenues and expenses are directly attributable to the operation of the proprietary funds. Nonoperating revenue/expenses are incidental to the operations of these funds.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, usually 90 days. The City recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in the year intended to finance. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as expenditures when due.

Sales taxes owed to the state at year end, franchise taxes, licenses, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Income and motor fuel taxes and fines collected and held by the state or county at year end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue. Fines and permits revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

In applying the susceptible-to-accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidelines. Monies that are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure, which are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements, are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible-to-accrual criteria are met.

The City reports deferred revenue on its financial statements. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" or "earned" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

All proprietary funds and pension trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

### e. Cash and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City's proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

### f. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased and non-negotiable certificates of deposit are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased and all investments of the pension trust funds are stated at fair value. Fair value is based on prices listed on national exchanges as of December 31, 2005 for debt and equity securities. Mutual funds, investment funds and insurance separate accounts are valued at contract value as of December 31, 2005.

### g. Interfund Transactions

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the financial statements. Short-term interfund loans, if any, are classified as "interfund receivables/payables".

Internal service transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except internal services transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

Advances between funds, if any, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

### h. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses.

### i. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, storm sewers, and similar items added since 2003), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City has not yet retroactively recorded infrastructure constructed or acquired before 2003. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs, including street overlays, that do not add to the value or service capacity of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	28 - 100 years
Equipment	12 - 18 years
Land improvement	15 - 50 years
Furniture, fixtures, office equipment	8 - 23 years
Vehicles	6 - 25 years
Infrastructure	10 - 63 years

### j. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is owed to retirees or terminated employees at year end is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it in the governmental fund financial statements and in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, an expenditure is reported and a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" at retirement.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### j. Compensated Absences (Continued)

In addition, the City has recorded a liability of \$319,945 for sick time payments to be made in the future to all civilian employees who are at least age 60 and have 5 years or more of service or are any age, but have 30 years of service and sworn personnel who are at least age 50 and have 20 years of service.

#### k. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs and losses on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds on the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs and losses on refundings are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

#### Fund Balances/Net Assets

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net assets are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, represents the book value of capital assets less any long-term debt principal outstanding issued to construct capital assets.

#### m. GASB Pronouncements

The City has elected, under the provisions of GASB Statement 20, titled "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting," to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements and all FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB) issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### a. City Deposits and Investments

The City's investment policy authorizes the City to invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and Illinois Funds. Pension funds may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations, Illinois municipal corporations tax anticipation warrants, veteran's loans, obligations of the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, and Illinois insurance company general and separate accounts, mutual funds and equity securities.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at Illinois Fund's share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

It is the policy of the City to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety of principal, liquidity and rate of return.

#### City Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance with the collateral held at an independent third-party institution in the name of the City. At December 31, 2005, the deposits were collateralized, in accordance with the investment policy.

### City Investments

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the City's debt securities as of December 31, 2005:

			Investment	Maturities in Y	ears	
Investment Type	Fair Val	ie Less Than 1	l <b>-</b> 5	6-10	Greate	r than 10
711' ' D 1	0 0 2 1 2	007 6 331300	- 0		•	
Illinois Funds	\$ 2,313,	097 \$ 2,313,09		- \$	- \$	-

a. City Deposits and Investments (Continued)

City Investments (Continued)

In accordance with its investment policy, the City limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

The City limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by investing in external investment pools. Illinois Funds is rated AAA.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the City's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by a third party custodian designated by the City, in the City's name. Illinois Funds is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the City has a high percentage of their investments invested in one type of investment. At December 31, 2005, the City had greater than five percent of its overall portfolio invested in Illinois Funds. The City's investment policy requires diversification of investment to avoid unreasonable risk but has no set percentage limits.

#### b. Police Pension Deposits and Investments

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy authorizes the Police Pension Fund to invest in all investments allowed by the Illinois Pension Code contained in Chapter 40 of Illinois Compiled Statutes. These include deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, interest bearing obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, interest bearing bonds of the State of Illinois or any county, township or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois, direct obligations of the State of Israel, money market mutual funds whose investments consist of obligations of the U.S. Treasury or U.S. Agencies, separate accounts managed by life insurance companies, Mutual Funds, common and preferred stock and the Illinois Funds (created by the Illinois State Legislature under the control of the State Treasurer that maintains a \$1 per share value which is equal to the participants fair value).

#### b. Police Pension Deposits and Investments (Continued)

It is the policy of the Police Pension Fund to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the cash flow demands of the Police Pension Fund and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety of principal, rate of return, public trust and liquidity.

#### Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Police Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Fund's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all investments in excess of federal depository insurance, at an amount not less than 110% of the fair market value of the funds secured, with the collateral held by the City, an independent third party.

#### Investments

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Police Pension Fund's debt securities as of December 31, 2005:

			Investment Maturities in Years							
Investment Type		Fair Value		Less Than 1		1-5		6-10	Gr	eater than 10
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$	4,258,342	\$	872,185	\$	2,077,370	\$	1,308,787	\$	**
U.S. Treasury Bonds		2,390,799				. ,		•		2,390,799
Governmental National										
Mortgage		174,827		_		12,162		63,045		99,620
Federal Home Loan Mortgage		2,920,469		-		1,898,860		734,342		287,267
Federal Home Loan Bank		495,970		495,970		~		_		-
Federal National Mortgage		2,447,867		501,580		1,105,150		_		841,137
Equity Securities		3,676,148		3,676,148		-		-		-
Money Market Mutual Funds		10,446,579		10,446,579		-		***		-
Life Insurance Contracts	_	7,339				-		·		7,339
TOTAL	\$	26,818,340	\$	15,992,462	\$	5,093,542	\$	2,106,174	\$	3,626,162

In accordance with its investment policy, the Police Pension Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for all reasonably anticipated operating requirements while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

#### b. Police Pension Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The Police Pension Fund limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing U.S. Agency Obligations and other highly rated Obligations. The investments in the securities of U.S. Government Agencies were all rated AAA by Standard & Poor's or by Moody's Investors Services.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Police Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the Police Pension Fund's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be held by a third party agent.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Police Pension Fund has a high percentage of their investments invested in one type of investment. The Police Pension Fund's investment policy requires diversification of investment to avoid unreasonable risk. At December 31, 2005, the Police Pension Fund had greater than five percent of its overall portfolio invested in FHLM's and FHLB's. The Fund's investment policy has stated a minimum of 20 percent and maximum of 45 percent of its portfolio be invested in equities, a minimum of 55 percent and maximum of 95 percent be invested in fixed income, and a minimum of 3 percent and maximum of 15 percent in cash and cash equivalents.

#### c. Firefighters' Pension Deposits and Investments

The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy authorizes the Firefighters' Pension Fund to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes. These include deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services and the Illinois Funds (created by the Illinois State Legislature under the control of the State Treasurer that maintains a \$1 per share value which is equal to the participants fair value). The Fund's investment policy does limit its deposits to financial institutions that are members of the FDIC system and are capable of posting collateral for amounts in excess of FDIC insurance.

### c. Firefighters' Pension Investments (Continued)

It is the policy of the Firefighters' Pension Fund to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Firefighters' Pension Fund and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety of principal, liquidity and rate of return.

#### Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Firefighters' Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund policy does not require collateralization. However, all deposits at December 31, 2005 are covered by Federal Depository Insurance.

#### Investments

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Firefighters' Pension Fund's debt securities as of December 31, 2005:

					In	vestment Ma	aturii	ies in Yea	rs		
Investment Type		Fair Value		Less Than 1		1-5		6-10		Greater than 10	
U.S. Treasury Note Government National	\$	741,101	\$	126,655	\$	614,446	\$		-	\$	-
Mortgage Association		173,910		242		8,288			-		165,380
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		949,374		369,914		579,460			_		-
Federal National Mortgage Association		484,844		-		484,844			-		-
Insurance Contracts		2,547,367		2 022 122		•			-		2,547,367
Money Market Mutual Funds		3,932,122		3,932,122		- to the second		······································	*		-
TOTAL	\$	8,828,718	\$	4,428,933	\$	1,687,038	\$		-	\$	2,712,747

In accordance with its investment policy, the Firefighters' Pension Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

#### c. Firefighters' Pension Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The Firefighters' Pension Fund limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by investing in external investment pools. Illinois Funds is rated AAA. The U.S. Agency Obligations are all rated AAA.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Firefighters' Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy requires all investments be limited to the safest types of securities invested with pre-qualified institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors and soundly diversified.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Firefighters' Pension Fund has a high percentage of their investments invested in one type of investment. At December 31, 2005, the Firefighters' Pension Fund had greater than five percent of its overall portfolio invested in FHLMC's and FNMA's. The Firefighters' Pension Fund investment policy has stated the following allocations for its investments:

Investment	Minimum	Maximum
Money markets	0%	10%
GNMA's	10%	40%
CD's	5%	25%
Agencies/Treasuries	10%	40%
Equity based mutual funds	20%	35%
Other investments	0%	10%

At December 31, 2005, the Firefighters' Pension Fund had \$5,413,635 (25.99%) invested in certificates of deposit in excess of the investment policy stated maximum.

#### 3. RECEIVABLES - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2005 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2005 on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about March 1, 2006 and October 1, 2006 and are payable in two installments, on or about April 1, 2006 and November 1, 2006. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

#### 4. CDBG REHABILITATION LOANS

The City makes loans to City residents for the rehabilitation of single-family housing. Initial funding for these loans was from Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds. These loans are title transfer loans which are due in full when the housing unit is sold. Repayments of principal on these receivables, which are recorded in the Community Development Block Grant Fund, are used to make additional rehabilitation loans. Loan activity for the current year is summarized as follows:

	Interest	Beginning	Loans	Loan	Loan	End of
	Rates	of Year	Made	Repayments	Write-Off	Year
CDBG Rehab Loans	0%	\$ 529,455	\$ 290,123	\$ 17,200	\$ -	\$ 802,378

#### 5. NOTE RECEIVABLE - BERWYN DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

The City provides low interest lending assistance to local businesses through its partnership with the Berwyn Development Corporation (BDC). The loans are administered by BDC. Notes outstanding at December 31, 2005 are as follows:

\$10,000 note receivable in 60 consecutive monthly principal and interest payments of \$198.03 commencing September 17, 2000 until paid in full. Interest is calculated on unpaid balances at 7.0% per annum. The balance of this note at December 31, 2005 was paid in full.

\$100,000 note receivable in 120 consecutive monthly principal and interest payments of \$957.01 commencing January 1, 1999. Interest is calculated on unpaid balances at a variable rate of prime minus 1% adjusted each December 1. The balance of this note at December 31, 2005 was \$34,779.

\$320,000 note receivable in 180 consecutive principal and interest payments commencing July 20, 2001. Interest is calculated on unpaid balances at 3.50% per annum. The balance of this note receivable at December 31, 2005 was \$234,587.

\$30,000 note receivable in 60 consecutive principal and interest payments of \$552.54 commencing November 15, 2002. Interest accrues on unpaid balances at 4% per annum. The balance of this note receivable at December 31, 2005 was \$11,702.

\$382,216 note receivable in two consecutive payments of \$3,610 commencing November 1, 2005 and 162 consecutive principal and interest payments of \$4,183 commencing January 1, 2006. Interest accrues on unpaid balances at 9.50% per annum. The balance of this note receivable at December 31, 2005 was \$376,481.

#### 6. RECEIVABLES

#### a, Accounts

The accounts receivable for the General Fund and Water and Sewer Fund are reported net of allowances of \$1,318,000 and \$85,300, respectively.

#### b. Other Receivables

The following receivables are included in other receivables on the statement of net assets:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
E-911 surcharges	\$ 97,359
Franchise fees	67,839
Court fines	33,598
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 198,796

#### c. Due From Other Governments

The following are reported as due from other governments on the statement of net assets:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES  Motor fuel tax allotments  CDBG grant receivable	\$	130,016 692,924
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		822,940
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Reimbursement for sewer charges	_\$_	4,155,363

#### 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2005 was as follows:

#### Primary Government

	 Balance January I		Additions		Retirements	3		Balance ecember 31
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land (including right of ways)	\$ 4,086,250	\$		_	\$	-	\$	4,086,250
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 4,086,250	**********	***************************************	*	····	-	***********	4,086,250

# 7. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

# Primary Government (Continued)

	Balance January I	Additions	Retirements	Balance December 31
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (Continued)				
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	\$ 10,680,719	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,680,719
Equipment	963,032	-	-	963,032
Land improvements	3,018,410	159,781	-	3,178,191
Fixtures, furniture, office equipment	213,215	-	-	213,215
Vehicles	5,413,632	300,003	579,891	5,133,744
Total capital assets being depreciated	20,289,008	459,784	579,891	20,168,901
Less accumulated depreciation for		540.600		
Buildings	1,809,727	268,678	-	2,078,405
Equipment	339,352	70,323	-	409,675
Land improvements	1,793,564	132,476	-	1,926,040
Fixtures, furniture, office equipment Vehicles	67,798	14,073	506 904	81,871
	2,513,260	418,710	506,804	2,425,166
Total accumulated depreciation	6,523,701	904,260	506,804	6,921,157
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	13,765,307	(444,476)	73,087	13,247,744
depreciated, her	13,703,307	(444,470)	75,007	13,247,744
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 17,851,557	\$ (444,476)	\$ 73,087	\$ 17,333,994
		Ψ (111,170)	75,007	
Depreciation expense was charged to follows:	o functions/pro	grams of the g	overnmental	activities as
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
General government			\$	35,278
Public safety			Ψ	460,652
Highways and streets				154,851
Culture and recreation				253,479
Children to			******	
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - G	OVERNMENTAL	ACTIVITIES	\$	904,260

# 7. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

# Primary Government (Continued)

		lance uary l		Additions	Retirements	 Balance December 31
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$	24,600	\$		\$ -	\$ 24.600
Total capital assets not being depreciated	Ф	24,600	Φ		<u> </u>	 \$ 24,600 24,600
Total capital assets not being depreciated		24,000				 24,000
Capital assets being depreciated						
Buildings		633,151		-	-	633,151
Equipment		79,680		87,333	-	167,013
Land improvements		251,291		-	-	251,291
Infrastructure	108.	700,100			. <del>.</del>	108,700,100
Total capital assets being depreciated	109.	664,222		87,333		 109,751,555
Less accumulated depreciation for						
Buildings		265,014		13,770	-	278,784
Equipment		33,837		17,189	-	51,026
Land improvements		125,646		13,961	•	139,607
Infrastructure	55.	460,613		3,903,206	-	 59,363,819
Total accumulated depreciation	55	885,110		3,948,126		 59,833,236
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	53.	779,112		(3,860,793)	<u>.</u>	49,918,319
				<u> </u>		 33
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 53	803,712	\$	(3,860,793)	<u>s -</u>	 \$ 49,942,919

# 8. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

# a. Advance To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Major Governmental Funds		
General	Bond and Interest	\$ 3,548,862
	Motor Fuel Tax	137,000
	CDBG	604,098
	Water	290,302
		 4,580,262
		<u> </u>
Cermak TIF	General	1,338,319
	South Berwyn Corridor TIF	281,748
	·	 1,620,067
Total Major Governmental		
Funds		 6,200,329

# 8. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

# a. Advance To/From Other Funds (Continued)

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
South Berwyn Corridor TIF	General	\$	71,379
Roosevelt TIF	General		328,670
	Cermak TIF		183,921
	Bond and Interest		59,925
Ogden TIF	General		989,228
	Cermak TIF		448,133
	Bond and Interest	***************************************	512,701
Total Nonmajor Governmental			
Funds			2,593,957
TOTAL		_\$_	8,794,286

The purposes of the significant advances to/from other funds are as follow:

The advance to/from other funds represent long-term borrowing from other funds for which repayment is not expected within one year.

#### b. Transfers

Transfers between funds during the year were as follows:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out		
General Bond and Interest	\$ 2,789,300 905,035	\$ 107,333 2,429,200		
Nonmajor Governmental	703,033	2,427,200		
Motor Fuel Tax	-	360,100		
Police Seizure	20,000	144		
Roosevelt Road TIF		59,925		
Ogden Avenue TIF	-	845,110		
Water and Sewer	87,333	-		
TOTAL	\$ 3,801,668	\$ 3,801,668		

## 8. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

#### b. Transfers (Continued)

The purposes of significant interfund transfers are as follows:

- \$2,429,200 bond proceeds transferred from the Bond and Interest Fund to the General Fund for capital improvements as specified in the General Obligation Bond Series 2005 bond ordinance.
- \$360,100 transferred from Motor Fuel Tax Fund to General Fund to reimburse prior year expenditures.
- \$59,925 and \$845,110 transferred from the Roosevelt Road TIF Fund and the Ogden Avenue TIF Fund, respectively, for debt service payments in the Bond and Interest Fund.
- \$20,000 insurance settlement transferred from the General Fund to the Police Seizure Fund for replacement of police cruiser.
- \$87,333 transferred from the General Fund to the Water and Sewer Fund represents the purchase cost of a utility truck finance through the General Fund.

#### c. Deficit Net Assets

The Bond and Interest Fund had a deficit in fund balance of \$(1,072,188) and the Liability Insurance Fund had a deficit in net assets of \$(2,177,601) at December 31, 2005.

#### 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

#### a. General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary activities. These bonds therefore are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary revenues. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund general obligation bonds.

# a. General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

		Restated				
	Fund Debt	Balances	•	n 1 .*	Balances	Current
-	Retired By	January 1	Issuances	Reductions	December 31	Portion
\$5,270,000 General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds dated June 16, 1994, due in annual installments of \$145,000 to \$1,745,000 plus interest at 5.0% to 5.4%, due on June 1 and December 1 of each year.	Bond and Interest	\$ 145,000	\$ -	\$ 145,000	\$ -	\$ -
\$19,880,000 General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds dated November 1, 1998, due in annual installments of \$470,000 to \$3,655,000 plus interest at 5.0%, due on May 15 and November 15 of each year.	Bond and Interest	18,135,000	-	2,425,000	15,710,000	2,650,000
\$65,000,000 General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds dated February 1, 1999, due in annual installments of \$1,705,000 to \$4,210,000 plus interest at 3.0% to 5.25%, due on June 1 and December 1 of each year.	Bond and Interest	27,125,000	-	3,570,000	23,555,000	3,710,000
\$3,890,000 General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds Series 2001 dated June 15, 2001, due in annual installments of \$85,000 to \$970,000 plus interest at 3.2% to 4.6%, due on June 1 and December 1 of each year.	Bond and Interest	1,265,000	-	680,000	585,000	85,000

# a. General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

_	Fund Debt Retired By	Restated Balances January I	Issuances	Reductions	Balances December 31	Current Portion
General Obligation Bond Series of 2002A Capital Appreciation Bonds (dated April 3, 2002; maturing December 1, 2016; original issue \$1,355,140; interest rate 4.75% to 5.25%; principal payable on December 1, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016.	Bond and Interest(1)	\$ 1,545,556	\$ 78,247	\$ -	\$ 1,623,803	\$ -
\$1,940,000 General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds Series 2002A dated April 3, 2002, due in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$395,000 plus interest at 3.0% to 5.35%, due on June 1 and December 1 of each year through 2010, December 1 thereafter.	Bond and Interest	1,930,000	-	100,000	1,830,000	340,000
\$940,000 General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds Series 2002B dated April 3, 2002, due in annual installments of \$35,000 to \$75,000 plus interest at 3.2% to 5.1%, due on June 1 and December 1 of each year.	Bond and Interest	865,000	-	40,000	825,000	40,000
\$19,710,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2004 dated March 4, 2004, due in annual installments of \$70,000 to \$4,480,000 plus interest at 2.0% to 5.0%, due on June I and December I of each year.	Bond and Interest	19,415,000	-	70,000	19,345,000	75,000

#### 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

#### a. General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

	Fund Debt Retired By	Restated Balances January l	Issuances	Reductions	Balances December 31	Current Portion
\$8,300,000 General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds Series 2004 dated November 18, 2004. due in one installment of \$8,300,000 plus interest at 2.875%, due on February 1, 2005.	General	\$ 8,300,000	S -	\$ 8,300,000	\$ -	\$ -
\$8,800,000 General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds Series 2005 dated November 10, 2005 due in one installment of \$8,800,000 plus interest at 3.97% due on November 1, 2006.	General	·	8,800,000	<del>.</del>	8,800,000	8,800,000
TOTAL		\$ 78,725,556	8,878,247	\$ 15,330,000	\$ 72,273,803	\$ 15,700,000

(1) These bonds are capital appreciation bonds. The amount shown in the "Issuances" column includes a \$78,247 increase in the accreted value of the bonds during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

#### b. Line of Credit

The City entered into a line of credit agreement dated September 15, 2003 which provides for borrowings up to \$3,000,000. Interest on amounts outstanding accrues at .75% of prime per annum and is payable monthly. The line of credit is renewable annually on the anniversary date. The full amount of the line of credit was paid off during fiscal year 2005. Debt service on the line of credit is an expenditure of the General Fund.

#### c. Notes Payable

The City entered into a \$423,000 promissory note dated September 23, 2003 (as amended September 23, 2005) for acquisition of police dispatch equipment. The note, which matures on September 23, 2007 is due in monthly installments of  $1/12^{th}$  of the outstanding principal balance plus interest accruing at .75% of prime annum. Principal payments made in 2005 totaled \$112,867. The total amount outstanding under the note at December 31, 2005 was \$135,720. Debt service on the note is an expenditure of the Emergency 911 Telephone System Fund.

#### c. Notes Payable (Continued)

The City entered into a \$478,840 lease financing agreement on June 23, 2004 for the acquisition of a fire truck. An initial payment of \$152,000 was made on June 23, 2004. The balance of the financed amount is due in annual installments of \$56,834 (including interest at 5.392% per annum) commencing April 23, 2005 through April 23, 2011. Principal payments made in 2005 totaled \$41,952. The total amount outstanding under the agreement at December 31, 2005 was \$284,888. Debt service on the agreement is an expenditure of the General Fund.

The City entered into a lease financing agreement in July 2004 for the purchase of two Harley Davidson police motorcycles. The City exercised a purchase option on July 25, 2005 and acquired the motorcycles for \$28,974.

The City entered into a lease financing agreement in November 2005 for the purchase of two ambulances. The balance of the financed amount is due in annual installments, including interest at 4.73%. The total amount outstanding under the agreement at December 31, 2005 was \$159,394. Debt service on the agreement is an expenditure of the General Fund.

The City entered into a \$112,115 lease financing agreement in November 2005 for the purchase of a Case wheel loader. The balance of the financed amount is due in monthly installments, including interest at 7.50%. The first payment will not be made until June 29, 2006.

#### d. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Year		Notes Payable General Obligation Bonds								
Ending		Go	vernn	nental Activ	ities		Gor	vern	mental Activ	ities
December 31,	F	rincipal		Interest		Total	Principal		Interest	Total
2006	\$	170,775	\$	32,317	\$	203,092	\$ 15,700,000	\$	3,573,323	\$ 19,273,323
2007		143,375		27,259		170,634	7,305,000		2,864,135	10, 169, 135
2008		101,081		20,224		121,305	7,750,000		2,468,569	10,218,569
2009		106,887		14,417		121,304	8,200,000		2,045,517	10,245,517
2010		110,706		8,264		118,970	8,680,000		1,591,400	10,271,400
2011		53,926		2,908		56,834	4,305,000		1,050,086	5,355,086
2012		-		-			4,330,000		877,076	5,207,076
2013		-		_		-	4,535,000		660,726	5,195,726
2014		-		-		-	1,715,000		434,142	2,149,142
2015		-		-		-	1,855,000		348,556	2,203,556
2016		-		-		-	1,940,000		269,328	2,209,328
2017		-		•		-	2,045,000		186,488	2,231,488
2018		-		-		_	2,145,000		99,154	2,244,154
2019		-		-		-	70,000		7,396	77,396
2020		*		-			75,000		3,826	78,826
TOTAL	\$	686,749	\$	105,389	\$	792,139	\$ 70,650,000	\$	16,479,722	\$ 87,129,722

# d. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize to maturity capital appreciation bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2005 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest Accretion		
2006	\$ -	\$	82,214	
2007	-		86,381	
2008	-		90,760	
2009			95,362	
2010	-		100,197	
2011	410,000		105,256	
2012	410,000		90,889	
2013	410,000		75,421	
2014	415,000		58,577	
2015	410,000		40,203	
2016	415,000	·····	20,937	
TOTAL	\$ 2,470,000	\$_	846,197	

# e. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the fiscal year, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported on the schedule of long-term liabilities payable by governmental funds:

#### Primary Government

	Restated Balances January 1	Additions	Reductions	Balances December 31	Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General obligation bonds payable Installment notes payable Line of credit	\$ 78,725,556 604,401 906,250	\$ 8,878,247 266,141 1,275,000	\$ 15,330,000 183,793 2,181,250	\$ 72,273,803 686,749	\$ 15,700,000 171,373
Total bonds	80,236,207	10,419,388	17,695,043	72,960,552	15,871,373
Unamortized premium	1,861,021	<del>ta</del>	186,102	1,674,919	<u>**</u>
Total bond obligation	82,097,228	10,419,388	17,881,145	74,635,471	15,871,373
Claims payable Net pension obligation Compensated absences payable	1,500,691 126,887 865,258	2,208,452 - 765,980	1,531,542 19,102 865,258	2,177,601 107,785 765,980	966,171 37,359
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 84,590,064	\$ 13,393,820	\$ 20,297,047	\$ 77,686,837	\$ 16,874,903
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Compensated absences	\$ 27,309	\$ 7,090	\$ 27,309	\$ 7,090	\$ 2,988

#### f. Legal Debt Margin

The City is a home rule municipality.

Article VII, Section 6(k) of the 1970 Illinois Constitution governs computation of the legal debt margin.

"The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentages of the assessed value of its taxable property . . . (2) if its population is more than 25,000 and less than 500,000 an aggregate of one percent: . . . indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date (July 1, 1971) of this constitution or which is thereafter approved by referendum . . . shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts."

To date the General Assembly has set no limits for home rule municipalities.

#### g. Advance Refunding

On March 4, 2004, the City issued \$19,710,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2004 to refund \$19,035,000 of the General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bond, Series 1999 due as follows: \$4,400,000 due December 1, 2010, \$4,115,000 due December 1, 2011, \$4,300,000 due December 1, 2012, \$4,515,000 due December 1, 2013 and \$1,705,000 due December 1, 2014. Through the refunding, the City reduced its debt service by \$587,386 and had an economic gain of \$501,762. Of the proceeds, \$21,379,191 of the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 has been deposited into an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on Series 1999 Bonds. Conditions for defeasance have been met and the liability has been removed from the financial statements. General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bond, Series 1999 bonds totaling \$23,555,000 remain outstanding at December 31, 2005.

#### h. Noncommitment Debt

#### Conduit Debt

The City has issued Industrial Development Revenue Bonds (IDRBs) to provide financial assistance to private organizations for the construction and acquisition of industrial and commercial improvements deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured solely by the property financed and are payable solely from the payments received on the underlying mortgage loans on the property. The City is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds outstanding are not reported as a liability in these financial statements. As of December 31, 2005, there was one series of IDRBs outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable for the IDRBs outstanding was \$1,306,200.

#### 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. The City has established a limited self-insurance program for workers' compensation and liability claims. The City is self-insured for the first \$250,000 for liability claims and for workers' compensation claims. Commercial insurance is carried for amounts in excess of the self-insured amounts. There has been no significant reduction in coverage in any program from coverage in the prior year. For all programs, settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current or three prior years. The City's self-insurance activities are reported in the Self-Insurance Retention Fund which is an internal service fund.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Reported liabilities are actuarially determined and include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. The total claims liability as of December 31, 2005 was \$2,177,601.

The City has purchased insurance from private insurance companies for employee health insurance. Risks covered include medical, dental, and other. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current or the three prior years.

A reconciliation of claims liability for the current year and that of the preceding year follows:

	Total Fiscal Year Ended December 31			
	+	2005		2004
UNPAID CLAIMS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	1,500,691	\$	2,128,622
Incurred claims (including IBNR)		2,208,452		3,478,985
Claim payments		1,531,542		4,106,916
UNPAID CLAIMS, END OF YEAR		2,177,601	\$	1,500,691

#### 11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### a. Litigation

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

#### b. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### c. Home Equity Assurance Program

In prior years the City allowed its residents to participate in a Home Equity Assurance Program wherein residents' home market values were guaranteed by the City not to depreciate. Each participating resident, after submitting an appraisal along with the application and appropriate fee, received a Certificate of Participation. There is no expiration date on the Certificates. Given the current real estate market in the City, the City has determined that it has no exposure to liability related to this program as of the date of this report.

### d. Municipal Infrastructure Maintenance Fees

Effective January 1, 1998, the City imposed a municipal telecommunications infrastructure maintenance fee (IMF) on persons in the business of transmitting, supplying, or furnishing telecommunications and all associated services (e.g., telecommunications retailers) in Illinois for the "use of public right-of-ways". The fee was authorized by state statute (35 ILCS 635). In March 2001, a wireless telecommunications provider brought action against an Illinois government challenging the constitutionality of the municipal telecommunications infrastructure maintenance fee. The Illinois Supreme Court (Court) found the IMF to be unconstitutional as applied to wireless carriers. The Court's decision held upon appeal. The municipal IMF was eliminated effective December 31, 2002. Potential damages to the City under this case precedent could aggregate the total of amounts remitted to the City for IMF by all carriers during the period from January 1, 1998 through December 31, 2002. The City has estimated a liability of \$27,000 under potential IMF lawsuits as of December 31, 2005. The liability is recorded in other liabilities in the General Fund.

#### 11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

e. Loan Guarantees - Berwyn Development Corporation (BDC)

During 2005, BDC maintained agreements with seven local financial institutions establishing a \$4,100,000 line of credit to fund community renovation and business investment projects. The balance drawn under this credit line as December 31, 2005 was \$1,593,437. The City is the guarantor of amounts drawn under this line of credit.

#### 12. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND REDEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS

In 2002, the City entered into a tax incentive agreement with an automobile dealership who wished to acquire two new automobile franchises. Under the terms of the agreement, the City would reimburse the vendor for its principal and interest payments incurred under the development loan in an amount equal to the municipal sales tax derived solely from sales and service revenue on the two new automobile dealerships. Payments were scheduled on a quarterly basis.

The City determined that the addition of two new automobile franchises substantially added to the City's tax base, increased employment opportunities and generated new tax revenue, and therefore the City was willing to reimburse the vendor for the costs of remodeling and rehabilitation to the extent of compliance with existing TIF laws. The City advanced the vendor \$1,200,000 to fund the costs of the improvements under the first amendment to the incentive agreement dated April 29, 2002. The new automobile franchises were not able to generate enough revenue to meet expenses and, on November 18, 2004, the vendor filed for bankruptcy relief under Chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Code.

On August 10, 2005, the City agreed to enter into a second amendment to the economic incentive agreement with the vendor predicated on the repayment of the outstanding loan and the provision of a signed lease agreement for operation of the dealership. The vendor's liability to the City was repaid on April 24, 2005. Upon commencement of operation of the new dealership, the City agreed to reimburse the vendor for interest paid on the new debt to the extent that municipal sales tax exceeds \$90,000 per annum (limited to one-third if interest due and owing under TIF law). The reimbursements are to be made monthly upon receipt of sales tax reports from the Illinois Department of Revenue and limited to \$7,500 per month. The agreement terminates on December 31, 2017. No payments were made to the vendor under the terms of this account in 2005.

Concurrent with the second amendment to the agreement, the City agreed to pay the Berwyn Development Corporation (BDC) the sum of \$87,000 for sums disbursed to the vendor by the BDC under the previous agreements.

#### 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City offers post-employment health care benefits in accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes and the personnel policy manual of the City. All employees who are eligible to receive a monthly pension benefit from one of the City's pension plans are eligible to purchase post-retirement health care benefits. Qualified dependents of eligible retirees may also continue to be covered by the City's plan.

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the City provides certain health care benefits, in accordance with the personnel policy manual, to all employees who have worked for the City for a minimum of ten years and who receive a pension from the City through the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund or Police or Firefighters' Pension Funds. The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as an expenditure as insurance premiums are paid. For the fiscal year those costs total \$178,351. The retirees pay an annual premium, which is equal to the actuarially determined cost for each plan year. The retiree pays 100% of the cost each month for retiree health insurance premiums. Currently, there are 19 participants eligible to receive benefits. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded for post-employment health care benefits. The benefits and refunds of the defined benefit pension plan are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

#### 14. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### a. Plan Descriptions

The City contributes to three defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent-multiple-employer public employee retirement system; the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan; and, the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is also a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions for the Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans issue separate reports on the pension plans and are available for inspection at City Hall. However, IMRF does issue a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report can be obtained from IMRF, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

#### a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

#### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

All employees (other than those covered by the Police or Firefighters' plans) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. Pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at or after age 60 with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute. Participating members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual salary to IMRF. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the IMRF as specified by statute. The employer contribution for the year ended December 31, 2005 was 8.78% of covered payroll.

#### Police Pension Plan

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40 - Article 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

At December 31, 2005, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	57
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not	
yet receiving them	-
Current employees	
Vested	63
Nonvested	28
TOTAL	148

# a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit.

The monthly pension of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.00% of the original pension and 3.00% simple interest annually thereafter.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective July 1, 1993, the City has until 2033 to fully fund the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan. For the year ended December 31, 2005, the City's contribution was 8.43% of covered payroll.

#### Firefighters' Pension Plan

Fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits as well as the employee and employer contributions levels are mandated by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40 - Article 5/4) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. At December 31, 2005, the Firefighters' Pension Plan membership consisted of:

#### a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	58
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not	
yet receiving them	-
Current employees	
Vested	46
Nonvested	21
TOTAL	125

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit of one-half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held in the fire service at the date of retirement. The monthly pension shall be increased by 1/12 of 2.50% of such monthly salary for each additional month over 20 years of service through 30 years of service to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least ten years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a firefighter who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and paid upon reaching at least the age 55, by 3% of the original pension and 3% annually thereafter.

Covered employees are required to contribute 8.455% of their salary to the Firefighters' Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective July 1, 1993, the City has until the year 2033 to fully fund the past services costs for the Firefighters' Pension Plan. For the year ended December 31, 2005, the City's contribution was 39.536% of covered payroll.

#### b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

The costs of administering the Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans are financed through employer and employee contributions.

The benefits and refunds of the Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans.

# c. Annual Pension Cost

	Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension
Actuarial Valuation Date	December 31, 2003	December 31, 2004	December 31, 2004
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age Normal	Entry-age Normal	Entry-age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	5 year Smoothed Market	Market	Market
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll	Level Percentage of Payroll	Level Percentage of Payroll
Amortization Period	27 Years, Open	29 Years, Closed	29 Years, Closed
Significant Actuarial Assumptions a) Rate of Return on Present and Future Assets	7.50% Compounded Annually	7.00% Compounded Annually	7.00% Compounded Annually
b) Projected Salary Increase - Attributable to Inflation	4.00% Compounded Annually	5.50% Compounded Annually	5.50% Compounded Annually
c) Additional Projected Salary Increases - Seniority/Merit	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
d) Post-Retirement Benefit Increases	None	3.00%	3.00%

# d. Net Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation (asset) for the current year were as follows:

	 *Police Pension		Firefighters' Pension
Annual required contributions Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 1,745,404 8,882 (5,225)	\$	1,675,564 (3,741) 2,201
Annual pension cost Contributions made	 1,749,061 1,768,163		1,674,024 1,729,719
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation (asset) Net pension obligation (asset) beginning of year	 (19,102) 126,887		(55,695) (53,441)
NET PENSION OBLIGATION (ASSET) END OF YEAR	\$ 107,785	\$	(109,136)

<sup>\*</sup> An actuarial valuation was not performed or updated for the year audited for the Police Pension Fund and Firefighters' Pension Fund.

#### e. Trend Information

Trend information gives an indication of the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

	Fiscal Year	Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension			
Annual pension cost (APC)	2003	\$ 344,873	\$ 1,745,404	\$ 1,937,455			
	2004	435,479	1,749,061	1,674,024			
	2005	558,285	N/A	N/A			
Actual contribution	2003	\$ 344,873	\$ 1,736,728	\$ 1,735,038			
	2004	435,479	1,768,163	1,729,719			
	2005	558,285	1,859,590	1,863,929			
Percentage of APC contributed	2003	100.00%	99.60%	89.55%			
	2004	100.00%	101.09%	103.30%			
	2005	100.00%	N/A	N/A			
NPO (Asset)	2003	\$ -	\$ 126,887	\$ (53,441)			
	2004	-	107,785	(109,136)			
	2005	-	N/A	N/A			

#### 15. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The City has restated fund balances/net assets as of January 1, 2005 to account for; a) an overstatement of cash balances at December 31, 2004, b) an adjustment for overpayment of debt service in 2004, and c) the overaccrual of grant revenue at December 31, 2004. The effect of the restatements on individual funds are as follows:

	Major Governmental						
		General	Bond and Interest				
FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS, JANUARY 1 (as previously reported)		8,591,308	\$	235,033			
Restated for: a) Overstatement of cash balances at December 31, 2004 b) Overpayment of debt service in 2004 c) Overaccrual of grant revenue at December 31, 2004		(73,132) - (59,900)		186,500			
Subtotal restatements		(133,032)		186,500			
FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS, JANUARY I, RESTATED	<u>\$</u>	8,458,276	\$	421,533			

The City also restated the beginning net assets for governmental activities by the following amounts: \$15,763 to correct capital assets; (\$50,000) to correct the capitalization of bond issuance costs; (\$301) to correct the net pension obligations; and \$53,441 to correct the net pension benefit. The effect of the restatements on the net assets from governmental activities was \$72,371.

#### 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On February 10, 2006, the City received an advance of loan funds in the amount of \$750,000 from the Berwyn Development Corporation to be used for acquisition of land in the Roosevelt Road TIF District. The land was acquired April 7, 2006. The loan is due in quarterly installments of \$18,590 (including interest of 1% above prime) commencing March 31, 2006 through September 31, 2015. The interest rate will be adjusted annually.

On October 31, 2006, the City issued the General Obligation Notes, Series 2006 in the amount of \$8,850,000 due on October 1, 2007, with interest of 6.75% for the purpose of refunding the General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds, Series 2005.

#### 17. COMPONENT UNIT - BERWYN DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (BDC)

a. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The purpose of the BDC is to serve the residents of the City of Berwyn as a charitable and educational organization in the following ways:

- 1) By encouraging communication between the local business community, various business organizations, government officials, educational and recreational bodies, civic and ethnic groups, local service providers and the community residents as a resource planning group for the purpose of identifying community problems and facilitating constructive solutions.
- 2) By producing and publishing material designed to educate residents about community resource and development issues and to promote community spirit and cooperation among the various ethnic and cultural parts of the City.
- 3) By encouraging local businesses and area residents to renovate and improve private property within the community so as to counteract the natural deterioration of the homes and commercial properties due to age and use.
- 4) By developing plans and resources intended to improve the overall economic conditions of the City and to encourage local business and employment opportunities.

The BDC is exempt from Federal income taxes under the provisions of IRC code section 501(c)(3); however, it remains subject to the payment of income taxes on net earnings from unrelated business income.

#### Method of Accounting

The financial statements of the BDC have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting where revenues and expenses are recognized when earned or incurred.

#### Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of all restricted and unrestricted investments primarily composed of one checking, one money market and two certificates of deposit accounts.

#### Furniture and Equipment

Furniture and equipment are stated at their historic costs. Depreciation is computed using a straight-line method over the estimated economic useful asset life.

# 17. COMPONENT UNIT - BERWYN DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (BDC) (Continued)

#### b. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of asset and liability accounts and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses for the reporting period. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

#### c. Notes Receivable

There are currently seven notes funded through the line of credit. Draws against the line of credit to fund such notes amounted to \$3,573,105 as of December 31, 2005.

#### d. Long-Term Debt - Notes Payable

During 2005, the BDC maintained agreements with seven local financial institutions establishing a \$4,100,000 line of credit to fund community renovation and business investment projects. The balance of this credit line at December 31, 2005 is \$1,593,437. The City is the guarantor of this line of credit and has final approval of all loans funded under this program.

#### e. Lease Commitments

The BDC expects to pay \$500 per month for facilities rent during 2006.

#### f. Restricted Net Assets

In addition to the unrestricted net assets of \$169,152, as of December 31, 2005 the following restricted net assets have been established:

#### 1) Loss Reserve

\$135,712 represents the current portion of notes receivable as of December 31, 2005 and equals the total principle payments due for all notes receivable during 2006.

#### 2) Stanley Property Tax

\$8,053 represents real estate taxes payable for the property located on Stanley as of December 31, 2005.

# 17. COMPONENT UNIT - BERWYN DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (BDC) (Continued)

- f. Restricted Net Assets (Continued)
  - Department of Community and Economic Opportunity Grant
     \$15,000 represents the unexpended portion of the DCEO Grant to be carried forward to the 2006 fiscal year.
  - 4) Special Events

\$34,316 represents net assets restricted to special event activities.

g. Activities with the City of Berwyn Funding Authorizations

BDC continues its partnership with the City to being low interest lending assistance to local businesses. The BDC provides the required documentation and administers the loan program, as noted under point (c) above. The BDC manages the City loan program and such loans are reported as part of the City's annual audit. The BDC also manages the tax incremental finance projects (TIF) within the City's four TIF Redevelopment Districts on behalf and for the benefit of the City.



#### CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Original and Final	Actual
	Budget	Actual
REVENUES		
Property taxes	\$ 7,902,526	\$ 8,175,487
Other taxes	16,625,000	17,534,862
Charges for services	2,772,834	4,628,463
Fines and fees	5,097,930	1,884,002
Licenses and permits	1,990,500	2,340,519
Grants	1,243,360	1,153,04
Investment income	50,000	9,032
Miscellaneous	409,300	450,112
Total revenues	36,091,450	36,175,525
EXPENDITURES		
Current	2.004.144	7 001 00
General government	3,004,144	3,881,80
Public safety	25,716,100	26,026,42
Highways and streets	2,516,188	2,552,63
Sanitation	2,850,120	3,035,310
Economic development	545,209	604,195
Culture and recreation	3,504,941	3,527,96
Capital outlay	145,000	430,20
Debt service	1.10.000	0.000.00
Principal	140,000	2,223,203
Interest and fiscal charges		74,619
Total expenditures	38,421,702	42,356,35
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,330,252)	(6,180,83
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers in	230,000	2,789,30
Transfers out	*	(107,333
Loan proceeds	(90,000)	1,546,50
Total other financing sources (uses)	140,000	4,228,47
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (2,190,252)	(1,952,35
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1		8,591,30
Prior period adjustment		(133,03
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, RESTATED		8,458,27
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31		\$ 6,505,92

# CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CERMAK TIF FUND

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	ginal and Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 915,000	\$	1,248,027
Investment income	-		38,669
Miscellaneous	*		21,041
Total revenues	915,000		1,307,737
EXPENDITURES			
Economic development	 917,000		263,891
Total expenditures	 917,000	·	263,891
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	 (2,000)		1,043,846
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1			6,213,244
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31	:	\$	7,257,090

#### CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS

# SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

December 31, 2005

Actuarial Valuation Date	(1) Actuarial Value of	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(3) Funded Ratio	(	(4) Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (OAAL)	(5) Covered	Per of	JAAL DAAL) As a reentage Covered
December 31	Assets	Entry-Age	(1)/(2)		(2) - (1)	Payroll		4) / (5)
2000	\$ 12,381,239	\$ 10,330,432	 119.85%	\$		\$ 4,956,175		(41.38%)
2001	12,308,123	10,870,452	113.23%		(1,437,671)	5,302,830		(27.11%)
2002	12,578,616	11,909,930	105.61%		(668,686)	5,378,422		(12.43%)
2003	12,989,614	13,311,522	97.58%		321,908	5,786,458		5.56%
2004	13,496,651	14,348,663	94.06%		852,012	5,814,144		14.65%
2005	11,613,334	13,100,333	88.65%		1,486,999	6,290,662		23.64%

# SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS POLICE PENSION FUND

December 31, 2005

Actuarial Valuation Date January 1	(1) Actuarial Value of Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry-Age	(3) Funded Ratio (1)/(2)	(4) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2) - (1)	(5) Covered Payroll	UAAL As a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4)/(5)
1999*	\$ 15,322,596	\$ 32,858,178	46.63%	\$ 17,535,582	\$ 4,429,502	395.88%
2000	17,691,679	39,184,902	45.15%	21,493,223	4,962,447	433.12%
2001	19,280,581	41,764,629	46.16%	22,484,048	5,150,191	436.57%
2002	20,479,784	44,406,190	46.12%	23,926,406	5,434,929	440.23%
2003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2004	24,288,337	51,067,214	47.56%	26,778,877	5,933,624	451.31%

<sup>\*</sup> Actuarial valuations for these years were performed as of April 30

N/A - Information not available

# SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

December 31, 2005

Actuarial Valuation Date January l	(1) Actuarial Value of Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry-Age	(3) Funded Ratio (1)/(2)	(4) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (OAAL) (2) - (1)	(5) Covered Payroll	UAAL As a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4)/(5)
2000	\$ 13,362,267	\$ 32,299,123	41.37%	\$ 18,936,856	\$ 3,969,306	477.08%
2001	12,981,120	36,674,508	35.40%	23,693,388	3,777,442	627.23%
2002	12,477,865	38,316,627	32.57%	25,838,762	4,004,612	645.23%
2003	14,315,724	39,496,577	36.25%	25,180,853	4,171,677	603.61%
2004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2005	15,394,935	46,074,445	33.41%	30,679,510	4,375,082	701.23%

N/A - Information not available

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

December 31, 2005

Calendar Year	nployer tributions	R Coi	Annual equired atribution (ARC)	Percentage Contributed
2000	\$ 240,870	\$	240,870	100.00%
2001	219,537		219,537	100.00%
2002	238,802		238,802	100.00%
2003	344,873		344,873	100.00%
2004	435,479		435,479	100.00%
2005	558,285		558,285	100.00%

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION FUND

December 31, 2005

Fiscal Year	Employer Contributions	Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (Asset)
2000	\$ 1,038,371	\$ 942,748	110.14%	N/A
2001	1,608,000	1,610,102	99.87%	N/A
2002	1,707,756	1,665,807	102.52%	\$ 119,570
2003	1,736,728	1,665,807	104.26%	126,887
2004	1,768,163	1,749,061	101.09%	107,785
2005	1,859,590	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A - Information not available

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

December 31, 2005

Fiscal Year	Employer Contributions	Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (Asset)
2000	\$ 696,538	\$ 527,716	131.99%	\$ (269,663)
2001	632,231	564,085	112.08%	(337,809)
2002	844,205	784,543	107.60%	38,623
2003	1,015,764	1,033,464	98.29%	(53,441)
2004	1,729,719	1,675,564	103.30%	(109,136)
2005	1,859,590	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A - Information not available

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### December 31, 2005

#### 1. BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue (except the Community Development Block Grant Fund), Debt Service, Capital Projects, Enterprise, and Pension Trust Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. No budget amendments were made for the current fiscal year and are reflected in these financial statements.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The Mayor submits to the City Council Members a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted by the City to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Subsequently, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- d. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds except the Police Seizure, D.A.R.E. Education, Emergency 911 Telephone System, Foreign Fire Insurance, and Infrastructure Bond.
- e. Budgets, as described above, are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- f. Legal level of budgetary control is at the department level in the general fund or fund level for all other funds.
- g. Budgetary authority lapses at year end.
- h. State law requires that "expenditures be made in conformity with the budget."

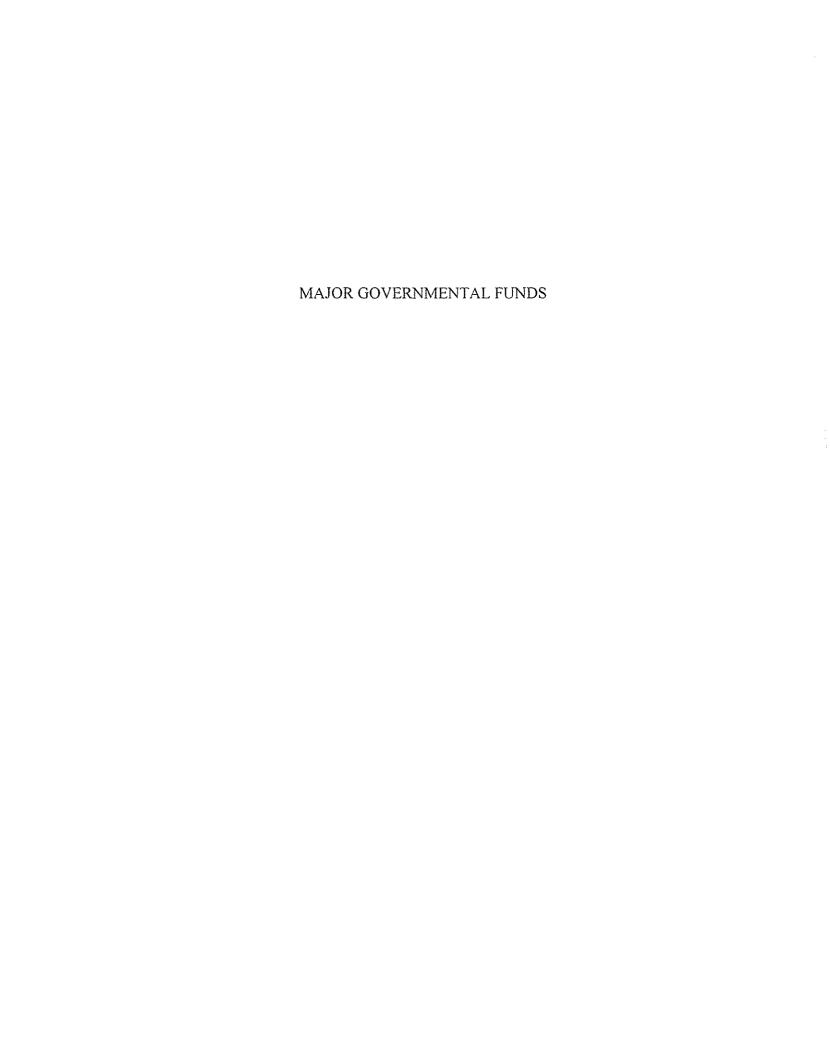
  Transfers between line items in cost centers may be made by administrative action.

  Any amount to be transferred between cost centers and/or funds would require Council approval.
- i. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, with the exceptions of Council approved budget amendments which are reflected in the financial statements.

# 2. EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The following department/funds had an excess of actual expenditures/expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) over budget at the department/fund level for the fiscal year:

Fund	 Excess
General Fund	
Treasurers Office	\$ 77
City Council	21,637
Legal Department	274,213
Finance Department	407,561
Elections Department	4,873
Fire and Police Commissioners	29,017
Fire Department	103,386
Police Department	244,485
Streets Department	84,281
Community Relations Department	244,485
Garbage Department	39,008
Library Department	185,190
Capital Improvements	63,361
Debt Service	1,111,445
Interdepartmental Charges (total)	285,201
South Berwyn Corridor TIF	2,157,821
CDBG Projects	244,786



# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BOND AND INTEREST DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Original and	
	Final	Actual
	Budget	Actual
REVENUES		
Property taxes	\$ 10,077,710 \$	10,658,696
Investment income	***	12,088
Total revenues	10,077,710	10,670,784
EXPENDITURES		
Debt service	<b>-</b>	
Principal	7,030,000	15,330,000
Interest and fiscal charges Bond issuance costs	3,138,762	3,135,505
Bond issuance costs	**	69,800
Total expenditures	10,168,762	18,535,305
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
OVER EXPENDITURES	(91,052)	(7,864,521)
OTHER CRIANORIO COLIROCO (LICEO)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(2.420.200)
Bonds issued, at par	<b>-</b>	(2,429,200) 8,800,000
bolius issueu, at pai		0,000,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	6,370,800
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (91,052)	(1,493,721)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1		235,033
Prior period adjustment		186,500
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, RESTATED	and a succession of the succes	421,533
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31	\$	(1,072,188)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	F2 I	
	Final	A
	Budget	Actual
PROPERTY TAXES		
Property taxes - general	\$ 7,902,526 \$	8,175,487
Total property taxes	7,902,526	8,175,487
Total property tarte		
OTHER TAXES		
Personal property replacement	100,000	203,122
State income	3,500,000	4,802,668
State sales	3,500,000	2,596,951
Home rule sales	2,000,000	1,894,374
Municipal utility	3,750,000	4,234,714
Real estate transfer	3,050,000	3,250,800
Infrastructure maintenance	30,000	-
Liquor	145,000	166,306
Gas	330,000	217,682
Video	100,000	74,007
Parking lot	120,000	94,238
Total other taxes	16,625,000	17,534,862
CHARGES FOR SERVICES		
Garbage fees	3,150,000	2,871,575
Commuter parking meters	65,000	60,327
Insurance contributions	309,654	1,574
Paramedic services	660,000	888,429
Recreation/athletic	440,878	327,015
	23,000	14,420
Youth commission	31,000	25,606
Police and fire reports	350,000	324,265
Franchise fees	2,000	1,940
Funeral director fees	35,000	37,940
Towing fees		
Zoning fees	6,000	1,125
Bus program	*	15,691
Range rental	35.000	10,875
Library rental	25,000	26,857
Copier fees	**	11,055
Other charges	398	9,769
Total charges for services	5,097,930	4,628,463
FINES AND FORFEITURES		
Court fines	250,000	241,683
Violation fines	1,250,000	1,322,247
Local ordinance fines	20,000	2,770
Adjudication court fines	145,000	151,365
Compliance tickets	250,000	120,365
False alarm fees	17,000	9,950
Other fines and fees	58,500	35,622
Total fines and forfeitures	1,990,500	1,884,002

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

	Final	
	Budget	Actual
LICENSES AND PERMITS		
Licenses	\$ 530,000	
Permits	705,000	650,779
Automobile	1,058,834	1,014,400
Compliance	472,000	159,302
Pet tags	7,000	2,680
Total licenses and permits	2,772,834	2,340,519
GRANTS		
Highway maintenance	150,000	37,159
Library	65,000	93,151
CDBG	-	897,000
Senior citizens programs	-	5,391
Youth in crisis	14,500	69,752
Fire department	100,000	•
Bullet proof vest	10,000	-
Police	781,430	15,943
Badge	51,560	35,652
Reforestation	56,000	(1,000)
Miscellaneous	14,870	*
Total grants	1,243,360	1,153,048
INVESTMENT INCOME		
Investment income	50,000	9,032
Total investment income	50,000	9,032
OTHER REVENUES		
Reimbursements	98,000	233,552
Other	311,300	216,560
Onici	211,500	210,000
Total other revenues	409,300	450,112
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 36.091,450	<u>\$ 36,175,525</u>

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		Final	
		Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
Mayor's Office			
Personal services	\$	172,285 \$	147,228
Contractual services		5,000	1,997
Miscellaneous		7,500	33,064
Total Mayor's Office	<del></del>	184,785	182,289
City Clerk's Office			
Personal services		83,214	77,543
Commodities and supplies		6,000	7,142
Miscellaneous	-	5,000	6,210
Total City Clerk's Office	<del>-</del>	94,214	90,895
Treasurer's Office			
Personal services		10,000	10,077
Total Treasurer's Office	***********	10,000	10,077
City Council			
Personal services		80,000	80,652
Commodities and supplies		-	20,056
Miscellaneous		36,000	36,929
Total City Council	<del></del>	116,000	137,637
Legal Department			
Personal services		86,491	48,754
Contractual services		180,000	493,950
Commodities and supplies		2,000	-
Miscellaneous	***************************************	45,000	45,000
Total Legal Department	<del></del>	313,491	587,704
Finance Department			
Personal services		642,811	679,558
Contractual services		131,250	409,875
Commodities and supplies		64,500	82,312
Maintenance and repairs		34,250	109,142
Utilities		36,000	34,339
Miscellaneous		27,000	28,146
Total Finance Department		935,811	1,343,372

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

Final Budget			
Computer Service Department   Personal services   \$96,767 \$ 97,019     Compating Service Department   Personal services   \$140,500   102,324     Commodities and supplies   \$20,000   18,356     Maintenance and repairs   \$80,000   35,137     Equipment   \$200,000   53,964     Total Computer Service Department   \$37,267   307,800     Total Computer Service Department   \$33,502   35,345     Commodities and supplies   \$30,502   35,345     Commodities and supplies   \$30,502   35,345     Commodities and supplies   \$30,502   35,375     Zoning Boards of Appeals   \$200,000   \$3,964     Personal services   \$30,502   35,375     Zoning Boards of Appeals   \$3,450   1,156     Miscellaneous   \$1,800   1,290     Total Zoning Boards of Appeals   \$1,800   1,290     Total Zoning Boards of Appeals   \$1,800   1,290     Total Zoning Boards of Appeals   \$1,800   1,290     Fire and Police Commissioners   \$12,000   17,353     Miscellaneous   \$14,000   37,664     Total Fire and Police Commissioners   \$26,000   55,017     Committees   \$26,000   55,017     Committees   \$133,500   103,009     Miscellaneous   \$14,000   24,564     Total committees   \$145,500   127,573     Interdepartmental charges   \$10,000   34,158     Property and liability claims   \$37,772   56,914     Workers' compensation   \$46,295   84,015     Health insurance   \$344,158   348,249     IMRF   \$77,377   399,287     FICA/Medicare - employer   \$83,362   101,304     Total interdepartmental charges   \$93,964   989,769		Final	
Computer Service Department         \$ 96,767         \$ 97,019           Personal services         140,500         102,324           Commodities and supplies         20,000         18,356           Maintenance and repairs         80,000         55,137           Equipment         200,000         53,964           Total Computer Service Department         537,267         307,800           Elections Department         30,502         35,345           Commodities and supplies         -         30           Total Elections Department         30,502         35,375           Zoning Boards of Appeals         11,360         11,848           Personal services         11,360         1,184           Commodities and supplies         3,450         1,156           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         17,353           Miscellaneous         12,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         145,500         127,573 <t< th=""><th></th><th>Budget</th><th>Actual</th></t<>		Budget	Actual
Computer Service Department         \$ 96,767         \$ 97,019           Personal services         140,500         102,324           Commodities and supplies         20,000         18,356           Maintenance and repairs         80,000         55,137           Equipment         200,000         53,964           Total Computer Service Department         537,267         307,800           Elections Department         30,502         35,345           Commodities and supplies         -         30           Total Elections Department         30,502         35,375           Zoning Boards of Appeals         11,360         11,848           Personal services         11,360         1,184           Commodities and supplies         3,450         1,156           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         17,353           Miscellaneous         12,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         145,500         127,573 <t< td=""><td>GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)		
Personal services         \$ 96,767         \$ 97,019           Contractual services         140,500         18,356           Maintenance and repairs         80,000         36,137           Equipment         200,000         53,964           Total Computer Service Department         537,267         307,800           Elections Department         30,502         35,345           Commodities and supplies         30,502         35,345           Commodities and supplies         1,360         11,848           Commodities and supplies         11,360         11,848           Personal services         11,360         1,184           Commodities and supplies         3,450         1,156           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         37,664           Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         12,000         17,353           Miscellaneous         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total Committees         133,500         103,009           Interdepartmen			
Contractual services         140,500         102,324           Commodities and supplies         20,000         18,356           Maintenance and repairs         80,000         36,137           Equipment         200,000         53,964           Total Computer Service Department         537,267         307,800           Elections Department         30,502         35,345           Commodities and supplies         -         30           Commodities and supplies         -         30           Total Elections Department         30,502         35,345           Commodities and supplies         -         30           Personal services         11,360         11,848           Personal services         11,360         1,156           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         12,000         17,353           Miscellaneous         12,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous		\$ 96.767	\$ 97.019
Commodities and supplies         20,000         18,356           Maintenance and repairs         80,000         36,137           Equipment         200,000         53,964           Total Computer Service Department         537,267         307,800           Elections Department         30,502         35,345           Personal services         30,502         35,345           Commodities and supplies         -         30           Total Elections Department         30,502         35,375           Zoning Boards of Appeals         11,360         11,848           Commodities and supplies         3,450         1,156           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         12,000         17,353           Personal services         12,000         17,353           Miscellaneous         14,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         133,500         12,7573           Interdepartmen			
Maintenance and repairs         80,000         36,137           Equipment         200,000         33,964           Total Computer Service Department         337,267         307,800           Elections Department         30,502         35,345           Commodities and supplies         30,502         35,375           Zoning Boards of Appeals         11,360         11,848           Personal services         11,360         11,848           Commodities and supplies         3,450         1,156           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         12,000         17,353           Miscellaneous         12,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Contractual services         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         12,000         24,564           Total committees         133,500         103,009           Interdepartmental charges         12,000         24,564           Health in			
Equipment         200,000         53,964           Total Computer Service Department         537,267         307,800           Elections Department         30,502         35,345           Personal services         30,502         35,375           Commodities and supplies         -         30           Total Elections Department         30,502         35,375           Zoning Boards of Appeals         11,360         11,848           Commodities and supplies         1,800         1,290           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         12,000         17,353           Personal services         12,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total Committees         12,000         24,564           Total committees         37,772         56,914           Workers' compensation         46,295         84,015           Health insurance         344,158         348,249           IMRF <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>			
Elections Department         Personal services         30,502         35,345           Commodities and supplies         -         30           Total Elections Department         30,502         35,375           Zoning Boards of Appeals         -         11,360         11,848           Personal services         11,360         11,848           Commodities and supplies         3,450         1,156           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         2         12,000         17,353           Miscellaneous         12,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         37,772         56,914           Workers' compensation         46,295         84,015           Health insurance         344,158         348,249           IMRF         77,377         399,287 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Personal services         30,502         35,345           Commodities and supplies         -         30           Total Elections Department         30,502         35,375           Zoning Boards of Appeals         -         11,360         11,848           Commodities and supplies         3,450         1,156         1,156           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         12,000         17,353           Personal services         12,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         145,500         127,573           Interdepartmental charges         37,772         56,914           Workers' compensation         46,295         84,015           Health insurance         344,158         348,249           IMRF         77,377         399,287           <	Total Computer Service Department	537,267	307,800
Personal services         30,502         35,345           Commodities and supplies         -         30           Total Elections Department         30,502         35,375           Zoning Boards of Appeals         -         11,360         11,848           Commodities and supplies         3,450         1,156         1,156           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         12,000         17,353           Personal services         12,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         145,500         127,573           Interdepartmental charges         37,772         56,914           Workers' compensation         46,295         84,015           Health insurance         344,158         348,249           IMRF         77,377         399,287           <	Elections Deportment		
Commodities and supplies         -         30           Total Elections Department         30,502         35,375           Zoning Boards of Appeals         11,360         11,848           Personal services         1,156         1,156           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         2,000         17,353           Personal services         12,000         17,353           Miscellaneous         14,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         12,000         24,564           Total committees         145,500         127,573           Interdepartmental charges         145,500         127,573           Interdepartmental charges         34,158         348,249           Health insurance         344,158         348,249           IMRF         77,377         399,287           FICA/Medicare - employer         88,362         101,304           Total interdepartmental charges <td></td> <td>20.502</td> <td>25 245</td>		20.502	25 245
Zoning Boards of Appeals         Personal services         11,360         11,848           Commodities and supplies         3,450         1,156           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         12,000         17,353           Miscellaneous         14,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         145,500         127,573           Interdepartmental charges         Property and liability claims         37,772         56,914           Workers' compensation         46,295         84,015           Health insurance         344,158         348,249           IMRF         77,377         399,287           FICA/Medicare - employer         88,362         101,304           Total interdepartmental charges         593,964         989,769		30,302	
Zoning Boards of Appeals         Personal services         11,360         11,848           Commodities and supplies         3,450         1,156           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         12,000         17,353           Miscellaneous         14,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         145,500         127,573           Interdepartmental charges         Property and liability claims         37,772         56,914           Workers' compensation         46,295         84,015           Health insurance         344,158         348,249           IMRF         77,377         399,287           FICA/Medicare - employer         88,362         101,304           Total interdepartmental charges         593,964         989,769	Total Elections Department	30,502	35,375
Personal services         11,360         11,848           Commodities and supplies         3,450         1,156           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         2         12,000         17,353           Miscellaneous         14,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         145,500         127,573           Interdepartmental charges         7         77,377           Property and liability claims         37,772         56,914           Workers' compensation         46,295         84,015           Health insurance         344,158         348,249           IMRF         77,377         399,287           FICA/Medicare - employer         88,362         101,304           Total interdepartmental charges         593,964         989,769	·		
Commodities and supplies         3,450         1,156           Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         12,000         17,353           Personal services         12,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Contractual services         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         145,500         127,573           Interdepartmental charges         77,377         56,914           Workers' compensation         46,295         84,015           Health insurance         344,158         348,249           IMRF         77,377         399,287           FICA/Medicare - employer         88,362         101,304           Total interdepartmental charges         593,964         989,769	Zoning Boards of Appeals		
Miscellaneous         1,800         1,290           Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         12,000         17,353           Personal services         12,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Contractual services         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         145,500         127,573           Interdepartmental charges         Property and liability claims         37,772         56,914           Workers' compensation         46,295         84,015           Health insurance         344,158         348,249           IMRF         77,377         399,287           FICA/Medicare - employer         88,362         101,304           Total interdepartmental charges         593,964         989,769		11,360	11,848
Total Zoning Boards of Appeals         16,610         14,294           Fire and Police Commissioners         12,000         17,353           Miscellaneous         14,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         145,500         127,573           Interdepartmental charges         Property and liability claims         37,772         56,914           Workers' compensation         46,295         84,015           Health insurance         344,158         348,249           IMRF         77,377         399,287           FICA/Medicare - employer         88,362         101,304           Total interdepartmental charges         593,964         989,769	Commodities and supplies	3,450	1,156
Fire and Police Commissioners       12,000       17,353         Miscellaneous       14,000       37,664         Total Fire and Police Commissioners       26,000       55,017         Committees       133,500       103,009         Miscellaneous       12,000       24,564         Total committees       145,500       127,573         Interdepartmental charges       37,772       56,914         Workers' compensation       46,295       84,015         Health insurance       344,158       348,249         IMRF       77,377       399,287         FICA/Medicare - employer       88,362       101,304         Total interdepartmental charges       593,964       989,769	Miscellaneous	1,800	1,290
Personal services         12,000         17,353           Miscellaneous         14,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         145,500         127,573           Interdepartmental charges         Property and liability claims         37,772         56,914           Workers' compensation         46,295         84,015           Health insurance         344,158         348,249           IMRF         77,377         399,287           FICA/Medicare - employer         88,362         101,304           Total interdepartmental charges         593,964         989,769	Total Zoning Boards of Appeals	16,610	14,294
Personal services         12,000         17,353           Miscellaneous         14,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         145,500         127,573           Interdepartmental charges         Property and liability claims         37,772         56,914           Workers' compensation         46,295         84,015           Health insurance         344,158         348,249           IMRF         77,377         399,287           FICA/Medicare - employer         88,362         101,304           Total interdepartmental charges         593,964         989,769	Fire and Police Commissioners		
Miscellaneous         14,000         37,664           Total Fire and Police Commissioners         26,000         55,017           Committees         133,500         103,009           Miscellaneous         12,000         24,564           Total committees         145,500         127,573           Interdepartmental charges         Property and liability claims         37,772         56,914           Workers' compensation         46,295         84,015           Health insurance         344,158         348,249           IMRF         77,377         399,287           FICA/Medicare - employer         88,362         101,304           Total interdepartmental charges         593,964         989,769	=	12,000	17,353
Committees       133,500       103,009         Miscellaneous       12,000       24,564         Total committees       145,500       127,573         Interdepartmental charges       Property and liability claims       37,772       56,914         Workers' compensation       46,295       84,015         Health insurance       344,158       348,249         IMRF       77,377       399,287         FICA/Medicare - employer       88,362       101,304         Total interdepartmental charges       593,964       989,769			·
Contractual services       133,500       103,009         Miscellaneous       12,000       24,564         Total committees       145,500       127,573         Interdepartmental charges       Property and liability claims       37,772       56,914         Workers' compensation       46,295       84,015         Health insurance       344,158       348,249         IMRF       77,377       399,287         FICA/Medicare - employer       88,362       101,304         Total interdepartmental charges       593,964       989,769	Total Fire and Police Commissioners	26,000	55,017
Contractual services       133,500       103,009         Miscellaneous       12,000       24,564         Total committees       145,500       127,573         Interdepartmental charges       Property and liability claims       37,772       56,914         Workers' compensation       46,295       84,015         Health insurance       344,158       348,249         IMRF       77,377       399,287         FICA/Medicare - employer       88,362       101,304         Total interdepartmental charges       593,964       989,769	Committees		
Miscellaneous       12,000       24,564         Total committees       145,500       127,573         Interdepartmental charges       37,772       56,914         Property and liability claims       37,772       56,914         Workers' compensation       46,295       84,015         Health insurance       344,158       348,249         IMRF       77,377       399,287         FICA/Medicare - employer       88,362       101,304         Total interdepartmental charges       593,964       989,769	+	133 500	103.009
Interdepartmental charges       37,772       56,914         Property and liability claims       37,772       56,914         Workers' compensation       46,295       84,015         Health insurance       344,158       348,249         IMRF       77,377       399,287         FICA/Medicare - employer       88,362       101,304         Total interdepartmental charges       593,964       989,769		·	•
Property and liability claims       37,772       56,914         Workers' compensation       46,295       84,015         Health insurance       344,158       348,249         IMRF       77,377       399,287         FICA/Medicare - employer       88,362       101,304         Total interdepartmental charges       593,964       989,769	Total committees	145,500	127,573
Property and liability claims       37,772       56,914         Workers' compensation       46,295       84,015         Health insurance       344,158       348,249         IMRF       77,377       399,287         FICA/Medicare - employer       88,362       101,304         Total interdepartmental charges       593,964       989,769			
Workers' compensation       46,295       84,015         Health insurance       344,158       348,249         IMRF       77,377       399,287         FICA/Medicare - employer       88,362       101,304         Total interdepartmental charges       593,964       989,769		77 770	56.014
Health insurance       344,158       348,249         IMRF       77,377       399,287         FICA/Medicare - employer       88,362       101,304         Total interdepartmental charges       593,964       989,769			
IMRF       77,377       399,287         FICA/Medicare - employer       88,362       101,304         Total interdepartmental charges       593,964       989,769	•		
FICA/Medicare - employer 88,362 101,304  Total interdepartmental charges 593,964 989,769			
Total interdepartmental charges			
	FICA/Medicare - employer	88,362	101,304
Total general government 3,004,144 3,881,802	Total interdepartmental charges	593,964	989,769
	Total general government	3,004,144	3,881,802

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

		Final		
		Budget		Actual
PUBLIC SAFETY				
Fire Department				
Personal services	\$	5,080,710	\$	5,133,858
Pension contributions	Ψ	1,798,790	Ψ	1,863,929
Contractual services		1,188,552		1,131,450
Commodities and supplies		178,925		199,729
Maintenance and repairs		102,000		130,281
Equipment		30,000		23,116
Total Fire Department		8,378,977		8,482,363
Police Department				
Personal services		8,875,117		9,118,971
Pension contributions		1,802,977		1,859,590
Contractual services		404,802		146,964
Commodities and supplies		389,856		373,692
Maintenance and repairs		200,000		165,508
Equipment		26,000		4,524
Miscellaneous		301,000		273,558
Total Police Department	<del></del>	11,999,752		11,942,807
Neighborhood affairs				
Personal services		457,841		484,144
Contractual services		379,552		234,176
Commodities and supplies		8,200		5,204
Maintenance and repairs		110,855		103,619
Utilities		120,000		73,156
Miscellaneous		5,250		-
Total neighborhood affairs		1,081,698		900,299
Interdepartmental charges				
Property and liability claims		251,011		263,233
Workers' compensation		394,390		706,681
Health insurance		3,279,320		3,318,298
IMRF		99,012		146,835
FICA/Medicare - employer		231,940		265,912
Total interdepartmental charges		4,255,673		4,700,959
Total public safety		25,716,100		26,026,428

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

	Final	
	Budget	Actual
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS		
Streets		
Personal services	\$ 1,069,692	\$ 1,192,279
Contractual services	153,688	137,212
Commodities and supplies	139,092	134,010
Maintenance and repairs	147,888	113,429
Utilities	135,200	152,911
Total streets	1,645,560	1,729,841
Forestry		
Personal services	282,256	171,122
Commodities and supplies	5,200	-
Maintenance and repairs	39,520	24,754
Total forestry	326,976	195,876
Interdepartmental charges		
Property and liability claims	23,928	25,093
Workers' compensation	37,596	68,229
Health insurance	325,346	329,213
IMRF	73,195	108,548
FICA/Medicare - employer	83,587	95,830
Total interdepartmental charges	543,652	626,913
Total highways and streets	2,516,188	2,552,630
SANITATION		
Garbage		
Contractual services	2,850,120	3,035,310
Total garbage	2,850,120	3,035,310
Total sanitation	2,850,120	3,035,310
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		
Community relations		
Personal services	25,666	69,758
Contractual services	5,000	
Commodities and supplies	2,000	-
Miscellaneous	***************************************	1,916
Total community relations	32,666	71,674
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# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

	Final			
		Budget		Actual
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT (Continued)				
Community development				
Personal services	\$	346,380	\$	304,243
Contractual services	•	12,000	-	409
Commodities and supplies		6,000		9,670
Equipment		2,500		684
Repairs and maintenance		1,000		-
Total community development		367,880		315,006
Interdepartmental charges				
Property and liability claims		4,661		4,888
Workers' compensation		7,323		13,290
Health insurance		89,533		90,597
IMRF		20,143		29,872
FICA/Medicare - employer		23,003		26,372
Economic incentive		<u> </u>		52,500
Total interdepartmental charges		144,663		217,519
Total economic development		545,209		604,199
CULTURE AND RECREATION				
Library Department				
Personal services		1,260,250		1,255,555
Contractual services		139,750		132,284
Commodities and supplies		283,250		345,177
Maintenance and repair		25,000		14,454
Miscellaneous		10,100		34,241
Total Library Department	<del></del>	1,718,350		1,781,711
Recreation				
Personal services		611,423		551,324
Contractual services		40,500		43,919
Commodities and supplies		94,500		58,994
Maintenance and repairs		100,000		80,355
Utilities		11,000		-
Miscellaneous		75,500		56,011
Total recreation		932,923		790,603

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

	Final	
	Budget	Actual
CULTURE AND RECREATION (Continued) Youth commission		
Personal services	\$ 82,315	\$ 73,917
Commodities and supplies	4,000	2,362
Maintenance and repairs	3,400	232
Miscellaneous	13,300	14,251
Total youth commission	103,015	90,762
Interdepartmental charges		
Property and liability claims	32,351	33,926
Workers' compensation	50,830	92,246
Health insurance	450,418	455,772
IMRF	101,334	150,277
FICA/Medicare - employer	115,720	132,669
Total interdepartmental charges	750,653	864,890
Total culture and recreation	3,504,941	3,527,966
CAPITAL OUTLAY		
Capital Improvement Department		
Equipment	145,000	430,201
Total Capital Improvement Department	145,000	430,201
Total capital outlay	145,000	430,201
DEBT SERVICE		
Principal	140,000	2,223,202
Interest and fiscal charges		74,619
Total debt service	140,000	2,297,821
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 38,421,702	\$ 42,356,357



# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## December 31, 2005

			Special	Rev	enue		
	Motor Fuel Tax		Police Seizure		D.A.R.E. Education		mergency Telephone System
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 2,313,097	\$	760,796	\$	801	\$	167,858
Receivables							
Notes	-		₩		•		-
Other	-		-		-		97,359
Prepaid items	-		-		*		35,461
Due from other governments  Advances to other funds	130,016		-		-		-
Advances to other rands	 		**		_		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,443,113	\$	760,796	\$	801	\$	300,678
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 235,660	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,489
Retainage payable	2,665		-		-		-
Deferred revenue - other	-		***		-		-
Advances from other funds	 137,000		-				*
Total liabilities	 375,325		<u></u>		-		18,489
FUND BALANCES							
Reserved							
Prepaid items	-		<del></del>		-		35,461
Public safety	-		760,796		801		246,728
Highways and streets	2,067,788		-		-		-
Economic development	•		-		•		-
Advances	•		-		-		-
Unreserved							
Special Revenue Funds	₩		-		*		-
Capital Projects Funds	 *		<del></del>			<del></del>	***
Total fund balances	 2,067,788	·	760,796		801		282,189
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND							
FUND BALANCES	 2,443,113	\$	760,796	\$	801	\$	300,678

			Special	Rev	enue				Capital	Proj	ects		
F	oreign		South		Roosevelt		Ogden	*******	<u></u>			•	
	Fire		Berwyn		Road		Avenue		CDBG	In	frastructure		
In	surance	Сс	orridor TIF		TIF		TIF		Projects		Bond		Totals
\$	18,312	\$	740,982	\$	711,731	\$	933,542	\$	111	\$	631,279	\$	6,278,509
	***		-		-		-		802,378		<b>.</b>		802,378
	-		•		•		-		-		-		97,359
	-		-		-		-		-		-		35,461
	•		-		•		-		692,924		-		822,940
	-	······································	71,379		572,516		1,950,062				-	•••••	2,593,957
\$	18,312	\$	812,361	\$	1,284,247	\$	2,883,604	\$	1,495,413	\$	631,279	\$	10,630,604
\$	••	\$	142,688	\$	13,296	\$	5,123	\$	88,937	\$		\$	504,193
	-		-		-		-		-		-		2,665
	-		~		-		-		802,378		-		802,378
			281,748		-	······,	318,215		604,098		**		1,341,061
	*		424,436		13,296		323,338		1,495,413				2,650,297
	-		-		-		•		-		-		35,461
	~		**		-		*		-		-		1,008,325
	-		-		-		*		-		-		2,067,788
	-		316,546		698,435		610,204		-		-		1,625,185
	-		71,379		572,516		1,950,062		-		*		2,593,957
	18,312		-		-		•		-		-		18,312
	_				*		-				631,279		631,279
	18,312		387,925		1,270,951		2,560,266		*		631,279		7,980,307
\$	18,312	\$	812,361	\$	1,284,247	\$	2,883,604	\$	1,495,413	\$	631,279	\$	10,630,604

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue					
	Motor Fuel Tax	Police Seizure	D.A.R.E. Education	Emergency 911 Telephone System		
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Other taxes	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	1,611,115	121,867	-	415,813		
Investment income	74,605	10,387	•	•		
Miscellaneous	*	**	*	-		
Total revenues	1,685,720	132,254	-	415,813		
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Public safety	-	738,030	-	237,595		
Highway and streets	1,519,439		-	-		
Economic development	••	**	-	-		
Debt service				110.00		
Principal retirement	-		-	112,867		
Interest		<del></del>	**	7,220		
Total expenditures	1,519,439	738,030	**	357,682		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURÉS	166,281	(605,776)	*	58,131		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	_	20,000	_	_		
Transfers out	(360,100)	20,000		*		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(360,100)	20,000	<b>15</b>	*		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(193,819)	(585,776)	-	58,131		
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	2,261,607	1,346,572	801	224,058		
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 2,067,788	\$ 760,796	\$ 801	\$ 282,189		

		Special	Rev	enue		Capital Projects						
 Foreign		South	]	Roosevelt		Ogden						
Fire		Berwyn		Road		Avenue		CDBG	In	frastructure		
 Insurance	C	orridor TIF		TIF		TIF		Projects		Bond		Totals
\$ -	\$	843,334	\$	449,148	\$	1,006,094	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,298,576
20,916		•		-		-				=		20,916
-		-				- 0.005		2,570,974				4,719,769
56		6,810		4,937		9,987		17.001		3,775		110,557
 +		*		***************************************		84		17,201		*		17,285
 20,972		850,144		454,085	··········	1,016,165		2,588,175	enement of the second	3,775		7,167,103
26,788		-				-		_				1,002,413
*				••		_		-				1,519,439
•		1,004,786		157,497		85,090		2,588,175		7		3,835,548
-		-		_		*		•		*		112,867
 -		-		•		*		***************************************				7,220
 26,788		1,004,786		157,497		85,090		2,588,175		**		6,477,487
 (5,816)		(154,642)		296,588		931,075		-		3,775		689,616
••		•		•		-		-		-		20,000
 <del>**</del>		*		***************************************		**************************************		***************************************	<u> </u>			(360,100)
 Ab		-		-		-		an		-		(340,100)
(5,816)		(154,642)		296,588		931,075		-		3,775		349,516
 24,128		542,567		974,363		1,629,191				627,504		7,630,791
\$ 18,312	\$	387,925	\$	1,270,951	\$	2,560,266	\$		\$	631,279	\$	7,980,307

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES Intergovernmental Motor fuel tax allotments		\$ 1,611,115
Investment income  Total revenues	1,456,500	74,605 1,685,720
EXPENDITURES Highways and streets	1,834,320	1,519,439
Total expenditures	1,834,320	1,519,439
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(377,820)	166,281
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in (out)		(360,100)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(360,100)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (377,820)	(193,819)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1	-	2,261,607
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31	20	\$ 2,067,788

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SOUTH BERWYN CORRIDOR TIF FUND

		Final Budget	·····-	Actual
REVENUES Taxes Investment income	\$	760,000 -	\$	843,334 6,810
Total revenues	****	760,000	***************************************	850,144
EXPENDITURES Economic development		760,000	<u> </u>	1,004,786
Total expenditures	,	760,000		1,004,786
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		_		(154,642)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				542,567
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	387,925

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROOSEVELT ROAD TIF FUND

		Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES Taxes	\$	300,000	\$	449,148	
Investment income  Total revenues	•	300,000	<del></del>	4,937 454,085	
EXPENDITURES Economic development		210,000		157,497	
Total expenditures	••••••	210,000		157,497	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	90,000	:	296,588	
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				974,363	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	1,270,951	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OGDEN AVENUE TIF FUND

		Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$	720,000	\$	1,006,094
Investment income Miscellaneous	<del></del>	_		9,987 <u>84</u>
Total revenues	MANAGEMENT	720,000	······································	1,016,165
EXPENDITURES				
Economic development	*******************************	568,000		85,090
Total expenditures	RADALINA	568,000		85,090
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		152,000		931,075
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				1,629,191
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	2,560,266

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RECREATION BOND FUND

	Final		
	 Budget		Actual
REVENUES Reimbursements	\$ 410,000	\$	<b></b>
Miscellaneous	225,000		-
Total revenues	635,000		_
EXPENDITURES None	 -		-
Total expenditures	 **		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	 635,000	:	**
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1			<del>-</del>
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31		\$	jua.

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CDBG PROJECTS FUND

	Final
	Budget Actual
REVENUES Intergovernmental Grants	\$ 3,188,509 \$ 2,570,974
Miscellaneous Project income	- 17,201
Total revenues	3,188,509 2,588,175
EXPENDITURES Economic development	
Total expenditures	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 3,188,509 -
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31	\$ -



# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS

# December 31, 2005

		Police	F	Firefighters'		
		Pension		Pension		Totals
A COPTE						
ASSETS  Cook and investments						
Cash and each againstants	\$	51,581	\$	7 120 261	\$	7,489,845
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	Φ	31,381	Ф	7,438,264	Þ	7,489,843
U.S. Government Securities		12,688,274		741,101		13,429,375
U.S. Government Agencies				1,608,128		1,608,128
Equities		3,676,148		**		3,676,148
Life insurance contracts		7,339		2,547,367		2,554,706
Mutual funds		10,446,579		3,932,122		14,378,701
	****************					
Total cash and investments		26,869,921		16,266,982		43,136,903
Receivables		164015		72 465		027 400
Accrued interest		164,015		73,465		237,480
Due from governmental funds		87,865		95,127		182,992
Total receivables		251,880		168,592		420,472
Prepaid items		5,283				5,283
Total assets		27,127,084		16,435,574		43,562,658
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		18,977		_		18,977
Payroll tax payable		10,777		141		141
i ayron tax payaote				I 1 I		1 1 1
Total liabilities		18,977		141		19,118
NITT AGGETG HELD BUTBLIGT TOD						
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$	27,108,107	¢	16,435,433	<b>P</b>	43,543,540
I DIJOTOTA DISTANTI I 19	Φ	27,100,107	ψ	10,700,700	Ψ	72,272,270

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS

		Police	I	Firefighters'		
	***************************************	Pension		Pension		Totals
ADDITIONS						
Contributions						
Employer	\$	1,863,930	\$	1,859,590	\$	3,723,520
Participants		596,307		435,688		1,031,995
Total contributions		2,460,237		2,295,278		4,755,515
Investment income						
Net appreciation in						
fair value of investments		331,616		357,739		689,355
Interest earned		817,027		361,233		1,178,260
Less investment expenses		(55,686)		(38,793)		(94,479)
Total investment income		1,092,957		680,179		1,773,136
Total additions		3,553,194		2,975,457	<u> </u>	6,528,651
DEDUCTIONS						
Administrative		37,364		25,166		62,530
Pension benefits and refunds	***************************************	1,971,882		1,944,121		3,916,003
Total deductions		2,009,246		1,969,287		3,978,533
NET INCREASE		1,543,948		1,006,170		2,550,118
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS						
January 1		25,564,159		15,429,263		40,993,422
December 31	\$	27,108,107	\$	16,435,433	\$	43,543,540



# PROPERTY TAX ASSESSED VALUATIONS, RATES, AND EXTENSIONS

## Last Nine Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	19	97		199	8		199	9		200	00		20(	)
Assessed Valuation	\$	416,800,256		\$	423,765,622	***************************************	\$	453,465,787	**************************************	\$	475,367,541	***************************************	\$	477,333,102
	Rate	Amount	Rate		Amount	Rate		Amount	Rate		Amount	Rate		Amount
Tax Extensions														
Corporate	0.3231 \$	1,346,714	0.3440	\$	1,457,954	0.3215	\$	1,457,954	0.2417	\$	1,148,954	0.2415	\$	1,198,992
Bond and Interest	0.8163	3,402,284	1.7921		7,594,203	2.0583		9,324,712	2.0077		9,543,821	2.0529		10,193,076
Police Pension	0.2615	1,089,740	0.3179		1,347,240	0.3312		1,501,740	0.3484		1,656,240	0.3565		1,770,321
Fire Pension	0.2580	1,075,320	0.3145		1,332,820	0.3280		1,487,320	0.3454		1,641,820	0.3557		1,766,200
IMRF	0.0581	242,050	0.0571		242,050	0.0534		242,050	0.0509		242,050	0.0642		318,888
Street and Bridge	0.0470	195,700	0.0462		195,700	0.0432		195,700	0.0412		195,700	0.0394		195,700
Playground and Recreation	0.0369	153,655	0.0363		153,655	0.0339		153,655	0.0323		153,655	0.0325		161,185
Liability Insurance	0.2388	995,361	0.2480		1,050,981	0.1545		700,781	0.1149		546,281	0.1378		684,460
Forestry	0.0144	60,147	0.0142		60,147	0.0130		60,147	0.0127		60,147	0.0121		60,500
Library	0.2290	953,780	0.2382		1,009,400	0.2317		1,050,600	0.2535		1,205,100	0.2500		1,241,150
TOTAL TAX EXTENSIONS	2.2831 \$	9,514,751	3.4085	\$	14,444,150	3.5687	\$	16,174,659	3.4487	\$	16,393,768	3.5426	<u>\$</u>	17,590,472
TAX COLLECTIONS		9,410,787		\$	14,080,314		<u>\$</u>	16,174,612		\$	16,629,699		\$	16,967,283
COLLECTION OF EXTENSION	Annual or market	98.91%		**********	97.48%			100.00%			101.44%			96.46%

## PROPERTY TAX ASSESSED VALUATIONS, RATES, AND EXTENSIONS (Continued)

## Last Nine Levy Years

Tax Levy Year		200	)2		200	3		200	)4	***************************************	200	5
Assessed Valuation		\$	639,069,777		\$	632,000,051		_\$_	647,367,739		\$	649,420,980
	Rate		Amount	Rate		Amount	Rate		Amount	Rate		Amount
Tax Extensions												
Corporate	0.2016	\$	1,288,382	0.2138	\$	1,351,513	0.2088	\$	1,351,513	0.1636	\$	1,312,149
Bond and Interest	1.6535		10,567,237	1.6657		10,527,526	1.6404		10,619,451	1.1374		9,125,088
Police Pension	0.2770		1,770,321	0.2938		1,857,066	0.2863		1,857,066	0.2398		1,923,606
Fire Pension	0.2764		1,766,200	0.2932		1,852,743	0.2862		1,852,743	0.2634		2,113,224
IMRF	0.0514		328,455	0.0545		344,549	0.0532		344,549	0.0417		334,514
Street and Bridge	0.0321		205,289	0.0341		215,348	0.0333		215,348	0.0261		209,076
Playground and Recreation	0.0255		162,797	0.0270		170,774	0.0264		170,774	0.0207		165,800
Hospitalization Insurance	0.1405		898,012	0.1491		942,014	0.1455		942,014	0.1520		1,219,260
Forestry	0.0096		61,552	0.0102		64,568	0.010.0		64,568	0.0078		62,687
Library	0.2000		1,278,385	0.2122		1,341,025	0.2072		1,341,025	0.1672		1,341,025
TOTAL TAX EXTENSIONS	2.8676	\$	18,326,630	2.9536	\$	18.667,126	2.8973	\$	18,759,051	2.2197	\$	17,806,429
TAX COLLECTIONS			18,033,487		\$	17,773,476		\$	18,834,722		\$	-
COLLECTION OF EXTENSION			98.40%			95.21%			100.40%			0.00%

# LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION CORPORATE PURPOSE BONDS, SERIES 1998

### December 31, 2005

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Denomination of Bonds

Interest Rates
Principal Maturity Date
Interest Dates

Payable at

November 1, 1998

November 15, 2010

\$ 19,880,000

\$ 5,000

5.00%

November 15

May 15 and November 15

The American National Bank Global Corporate Trust

Tax Levy	Fiscal		Tax Levy			Interes	t Due on	
Year	Year	Principal	Interest	Total	June 1	Amount	December 1	Amount
2005	2006	\$ 2,650,000	\$ 785,500	\$ 3,435,500	2006	\$ 392,750	2006	\$ 392,750
2006	2007	2,885,000	653,000	3,538,000	2007	326,500	2007	326,500
2007	2008	3,130,000	508,750	3,638,750	2008	254,375	2008	254,375
2008	2009	3,390,000	352,250	3,742,250	2009	176,125	2009	176,125
2009	2010	3,655,000	182,750	3,837,750	2010	91,375	2010	91,375
		\$ 15,710,000	\$ 2,482,250	\$ 18,192,250		\$ 1,241,125	=	\$ 1,241,125

# LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION CORPORATE PURPOSE BONDS, SERIES 1999

### December 31, 2005

Date of IssueFebruary 1, 1999Date of MaturityDecember 1, 2018Authorized Issue\$ 65,000,000Denomination of Bonds\$ 5,000Interest Rates3.0% - 5.25%Principal Maturity DateDecember 1

Interest Dates June 1 and December 1

Payable at The American National Bank Global Corporate Trust

Tax								
Levy	Maturity		Tax Levy			Interes	t Due on	
Year	Dates	Principal*	Interest	Total	June 1	Amount	December 1	Amount
2005	2006	\$ 3,710,000	\$ 981,976	\$ 4,691,976	2006	\$ 490,988	2006	\$ 490,988
2006	2007	3,865,000	833,576	4,698,576	2007	416,788	2007	416,788
2007	2008	4,040,000	675,110	4,715,110	2008	337,555	2008	337,555
2008	2009	4,210,000	507,450	4,717,450	2009	253,725	2009	253,725
2009	2010	-	328,526	328,526	2010	164,263	2010	164,263
2010	2011	-	328,526	328,526	2011	164,263	2011	164,263
2011	2012	-	328,526	328,526	2012	164,263	2012	164,263
2012	2013		328,526	328,526	2013	164,263	2013	164,263
2013	2014	-	328,526	328,526	2014	164,263	2014	164,263
2014	2015	1,795,000	328,526	2,123,526	2015	164,263	2015	164,263
2015	2016	1,880,000	252,238	2,132,238	2016	126,119	2016	126,119
2016	2017	1,980,000	172,338	2,152,338	2017	86,169	2017	86,169
2017	2018	2,075,000	88,188	2,163,188	2018	44,094	2018	 44,094
		\$ 23,555,000	\$ 5,482,032	\$ 29,037,032		\$ 2,741,016	<del></del>	\$ 2,741,016

<sup>\*</sup> Maturities in fiscal years 2010 to 2014 were refunded by issuance of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2004

# LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION CORPORATE PURPOSE BONDS, SERIES 2001

### December 31, 2005

Date of IssueJune 15, 2001Date of MaturityDecember 1, 2011Authorized Issue\$ 3,890,000Denomination of Bonds\$ 5,000Interest Rates3.2% - 4.6%Principal Maturity DateDecember 1

Interest Dates June 1 and December 1

Payable at The American National Bank Global Corporate Trust

Tax Levy	Fiscal			Т	ax Levy			Interes	t Due on	
Year	Year	F	Principal		Interest	 Total	June 1	 Amount	December	Amount
2005	2006	\$	85,000	\$	25,390	\$ 110,390	2006	\$ 12,695	2006	\$ 12,695
2006	2007		90,000		21,948	111,948	2007	10,974	2007	10,974
2007	2008		95,000		18,168	113,168	2008	9,084	2008	9,084
2008	2009		100,000		14,082	114,082	2009	7,041	2009	7,041
2009	2010		105,000		9,732	114,732	2010	4,866	2010	4,866
2010	2011		110,000	.,	5,060	 115,060	2011	 2,530	2011	 2,530
		\$	585,000	\$	94,380	\$ 679,380		\$ 47,190	_	\$ 47,190

# LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION CORPORATE PURPOSE BONDS, SERIES 2002A

#### December 31, 2005

Date of IssueApril 3, 2002Date of MaturityDecember 1, 2016Authorized Issue\$ 3,295,150Denomination of Bonds\$ 5,000Interest Rates3.0% - 5.25%Principal Maturity DateDecember 1

Interest Dates June 1 and December 1 through 2010, December 1 thereafter Payable at The American National Bank Global Corporate Trust

Levy	Fiscal			1	`ax Levy				Interes	t Due on	
Year	Year	F	rincipal		Interest		Total	June 1	Amount	December	Amount
2005	2006	\$	340,000	\$	72,730	\$	412,730	2006	\$ 36,365	2006	\$ 36,365
2006	2007		350,000		60,830		410,830	2007	30,415	2007	30,415
2007	2008		365,000		47,356		412,356	2008	23,678	2008	23,678
2008	2009		380,000		32,756		412,756	2009	16,378	2009	16,378
2009	2010		395,000	····	16,986		411,986	2010	 8,493	2010	 8,493
TOTAL TER	M BONDS	\$	1,830,000	\$	230,658	S	2,060,658		\$ 115,329		\$ 115,329

Fiscal Year		Principal	 Accreted Interest	Original Principal		 Interest Accretion
2002	\$	**	\$ -	\$ _	2002	\$ 45,062
2003		-	-	_	2003	70,880
2004		-	-	•	2004	74,473
2005		-	-	-	2005	78,247
2006		-	-	-	2006	82,214
2007		-	-		2007	86,381
2008		-	-	-	2008	90,760
2009				-	2009	95,362
2010		_	*	-	2010	100,197
2011		410,000	149,498	260,502	2011	105,256
2012		410,000	164,020	245,980	2012	90,889
2013		410,000	179,498	230,502	2013	75,421
2014		415,000	195,656	219,344	2014	58,577
2015		410,000	205,308	204,692	2015	40,203
2016		415,000	 220,880	194,120	2016	 20,938
TOTAL CAPITAL						 
APPRECIATION BONDS	_\$	2,470,000	\$ 1,114,860	\$ 1,355,140		\$ 1,114,860

# LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION CORPORATE PURPOSE BONDS, SERIES 2002B

### December 31, 2005

Date of IssueApril 3, 2002Date of MaturityDecember 1, 2020Authorized Issue\$ 940,000Denomination of Bonds\$ 5,000Interest Rates3.2% - 5.1%Principal Maturity DateDecember 1

Interest Dates June 1 and December 1

Payable at The American National Bank Global Corporate Trust

Tax										
Levy	Fiscal			1	ax Levy	 	 	 Interes	t Due on	
Year	Year	F	Principal		Interest	 Total	June 1	Amount	December 1	Amount
2005	2006	\$	40,000	\$	38,570	\$ 78,570	2006	\$ 19,285	2006	\$ 19,285
2006	2007		40,000		36,970	76,970	2007	18,485	2007	18,485
2007	2008		45,000		35,370	80,370	2008	17,685	2008	17,685
2008	2009		45,000		33,570	78,570	2009	16,785	2009	16,785
2009	2010		45,000		31,636	76,636	2010	15,818	2010	15,818
2010	2011		50,000		29,700	79,700	2011	14.850	2011	14,850
2011	2012		50,000		27,550	77,550	2012	13,775	2012	13,775
2012	2013		55,000		25,200	80,200	2013	12,600	2013	12,600
2013	2014		55,000		22,616	77,616	2014	11,308	2014	11,308
2014	2015		60,000		20,030	80,030	2015	10,015	2015	10,015
2015	2016		60,000		17,090	77,090	2016	8,545	2016	8,545
2016	2017		65,000		14,150	79,150	2017	7,075	2017	7,075
2017	2018		70,000		10,966	80,966	2018	5,483	2018	5,483
2018	2019		70,000		7,396	77,396	2019	3,698	2019	3,698
2019	2020		75,000		3,826	 78,826	2020	 1,913	2020	 1,913
		\$	825,000	\$	354,640	\$ 1,179,640		\$ 177,320		\$ 177,320

### LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2004

December 31, 2005

Date of Issue Date of Maturity Authorized Issue Actual Issue Interest Rates

Interest Dates

Principal Maturity Date Payable at

March 4, 2004 December 1, 2014 \$ 19,710,000 5,000 2.00% - 5.00%

June 1 and December 1

December I Cole Taylor Bank

Tax Levy	Fiscal				Tax Levy						Interes	t Due on		
Year	Year	P	rincipal		Interest		Totals	Jui	ne l		Amount	December l		Amount
2005	2006	\$	75,000	\$	872,938	\$	947,938	2(	006	\$	436,469	2006	\$	436,469
2006	2007	Ψ	75,000	Ψ	871,438	4	946,438		07	•	435,719	2007	•	435,719
2007	2008		75,000		869,938		944,938	20	800		434,969	2008		434,969
2008	2009		75,000		868,062		943,062	20	009		434,031	2009		434,031
2009	2010	4	4,480,000		866,000		5,346,000	20	10		433,000	2010		433,000
2010	2011	4	4,145,000		686,800		4,831,800	20	)11		343,400	2011		343,400
2011	2012	4	4,280,000		521,000		4,801,000	20	112		260,500	2012		260,500
2012	2013	4	4,480,000		307,000		4,787,000	20	113		153,500	2013		153,500
2013	2014		1,660,000		83,000		1,743,000	20	14		41,500	2014		41,500
		\$ 19	9,345,000	\$	5,946,176	\$	25,291,176			_\$_	2,973,088	_	\$	2,973,088

### LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION CORPORATE PURPOSE BONDS, SERIES 2005

### December 31, 2005

Date of Issue Date of Maturity Authorized Issue Interest Rates

Interest Dates

Principal Maturity Date Payable at

November 10, 2005

November 1, 2006 \$ 8,800,000

3.97%

May 1 and November 1 November 1, 2006

Northern Trust Company

Tax Levy	Fiscal	Tax Levy			Interest Due on			
Year	Year	Principal	Interest	Total	May 1	Amount	November 1	Amount
2005	2006	\$ 8,800,000	\$ 341,596	\$ 9,141,596	2006	\$ 166,916	2006	\$ 174,680