City of Berwyn, Illinois



A Century of Progress with Pride

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2020



Prepared by: Finance Department

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT December 31, 2020

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



The City of Berwyn



A Century of Progress with Pride

July 23, 2021

To the City Council and Citizens of the City of Berwyn, Illinois:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Berwyn has been submitted to provide a broad view of the City's financial activities for the 2020 fiscal year and its financial position as of December 31, 2020. Although this document is addressed to the elected officials and citizens of Berwyn, this report has a number of other users, including bondholders, financial institutions, and credit rating agencies. Illinois statutes require that Illinois municipalities publish financial statements on an annual basis that are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and are audited by independent accountants. The purpose of The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is to provide all of the City's stakeholder's relevant information of the community, the continued investment by our businesses, the financial and physical security for our residents, and maximum transparency to allow the City to move forward.

The City of Berwyn's basic financial statements have been audited by GW & Associates, P.C with the goal of providing reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. Based upon the audit, GW & Associates has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Berwyn's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The Management Discussion and Analysis immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The Management Discussion and Analysis complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the City

Incorporated as a city on June 6, 1908 with approximately 5,000 people, Berwyn is now home to about 55,000 residents. The City is bordered by Roosevelt Road on the North, Harlem Avenue on the West, Lombard Avenue on the East and Pershing Road on the South. These boundaries encompass only 3.9 square miles.

Berwyn is a home rule community which operates under a strong Mayor form of government according to Illinois Municipal Code 65 ILCS 5/. This form of government has an elected Mayor, Clerk, Treasurer, and eight Aldermen. The terms of elected officials are four years. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the City Council. With the advice and consent of the City Council, the Mayor appoints the following staff: administrative assistants, Finance Director, Department Heads, members of commissions, and boards, except those covered by civil service. Primary and secondary education is provided by separate school districts which are governed by elected school boards.

Letter of Transmittal

The City provides a broad range of services including police and fire protection, street maintenance, parking, building code compliance inspections, water and sewer service, garbage removal, recreational and cultural activities as well as economic development through the Berwyn Development Corporation (BDC), for which the City is financially responsible for. Additional information on this entity can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Budget Process

Berwyn's City Council is required to adopt a final fiscal year budget by March 31st of the budget year. This annual budget provides the spending authority for the operations of the City. The budget is categorized by fund and department. Transfers between line items within a department may be requested by department heads. However, transfers between departments or funds require approval from the City Council. The City's budget team begins the process in the late summer of the current year for the following budget fiscal year followed by meetings with all departments for their individual budgets. The City budget team includes the Budget and Finance Committee, Finance Director, and the City Administrator.

Local Economy

Berwyn is predominately a residential community, and therefore, does not have a particularly large industrial presence. The City's largest employer is Loyola University Medical Center (formerly MacNeal Hospital). The City's retail and grocery sector has grown increasing the City's tax and employment base over the past five years. Also, more restaurants and entertainment venues have been able to emerge as great options for places for residents and City visitors to dine.

2020 Accomplishments

COVID-19 Pandemic Management

The City was able to withstand the impact of global pandemic without sacrificing the high standard of essential City services for Berwyn residents. A Unified Command Center was established in March to effectively plan, communicate, and implement measures to respond to various emergency issues that occurred throughout all phases of the pandemic. The Command Center team consisted of key Public Safety personnel including the Police and Fire Chiefs along with the Mayor, City Administrator, and Public Works Director. Through the hard work of our Unified Command, Public Safety, Public Works, and supporting City staff, our City withstood the surge of the pandemic and provided appropriate messaging for residents to rely upon in getting through each day safely.

From a financial perspective, the City managed its operations to reduce expenses to offset the revenue downturn related to the pandemic. As a result, the City incurred a modest loss of about \$800,000 which is far better than initially projected last fall.

Letter of Transmittal

2020 U.S. Census

In 2020, the City launched a Complete Count Committee and dedicated personnel to collaborate with local groups and not-for-profits for the purpose of ensuring every resident is counted in the U.S. Census. An accurate count in the Census is imperative in our municipality because it determines our fair share of the more than \$675 billion per year in federal funds. These funds are spent on schools, hospitals, roads, public works, affordable housing and other vital programs such as the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG). Due to COVID-19, the Census team needed to be creative in reaching residents through Census themed caravans, municipal events, food distribution events, and social media. The effort was funded through two grants from the Illinois Department of Human Services (IDHS) and Cook County.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City has continued to adhere to the fund balance policy requiring that both the General and Library funds must maintain an unassigned fund balance of 16% of the following year's budgeted expenditures. Also, the Motor Fuel Tax (MFT) fund must maintain unassigned equity of 15% of the following year's capital project budget while the Utility fund must maintain an unassigned equity of 10% of the following year's budget.

As of December 31st 2020, the City's General Fund balance remained in a strong position at \$11.6 million or 21.6% of 2021 budgeted expenditures.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City of Berwyn is committed to long-term financial planning. The City closely monitors factors that contribute to long-term financial stability, including economic activity, bond ratings, debt ratios, and equalized assessed valuations. There is a continued focus on maintaining a balanced budget while moderating reliance on property taxes by pursuing strategies to expand the City's revenue base and diversify revenue sources.

Capital Project Planning

Currently, the City's steering committee is updating the extensive capital plan set forth eight years ago. The funding source of the plan includes grants, lease and bond debt, and recurring fund revenues. The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) has allocated \$32 million to the City to help pay for eligible infrastructure capital projects. In addition, about \$3 million has been assigned to the City from the state's Rebuild Illinois roads' program. As part of the budget process, the City continues to focus on identifying and prioritizing the timing of these needs over the next 10 years in order to position those expenses in line with the appropriate funding sources. Looking forward, the City will continue to explore opportunities to fund major capital projects (including proactively maintaining the City's infrastructure) with a minimal impact on Berwyn's residents.

Letter of Transmittal

Police and Fire Pension Funding

The City continues to further the pension funding initiative for the Police and Fire Pension funds. This represents a major challenge that the City faces. As of December 31, 2020, the Police pension fund was 78.5% funded while the Firefighters pension fund was 61.4%. The total unfunded liability portion of the Police and Fire pension funds is approximately \$45 million.

The City made dramatic improvements in pension funding since 2012 as illustrated in the required supplemental information section of this report where the funding percentages for both Police and Fire pensions were below 50%.

Economic Development

Along with its commitment to continuously improving the City's finances, the City's administration continues to make economic development a top priority. In partnership with the Berwyn Development Corporation (BDC), the City currently manages three mature tax increment finance (TIF) districts and one new TIF districts along with a local small business loan fund.

In 2019, the City extended the South Berwyn Corridor (Depot) TIF for an additional 12 years. In 2020, the City passed an ordinance for the physical boundary extension of the Harlem TIF to include all commercial properties on the north and south sides of Cermak Road from Harlem to Lombard. The City also passed ordinances for the creation of the Ridgeland Avenue TIF.

The extension of the Depot TIF, in combination with substantial infrastructure and streetscape projects over the next 3 years, will create new opportunity for development in the area. Additionally, the extension of the Roosevelt TIF and continued operation of the Finish Line Grant allowed for about \$200,000 in grant funding and helped generate about \$1 million in private commercial investment. These initiatives also created new opportunities for development and continued to further sales, home rule, and income tax funding opportunities.

Additionally, the City and BDC have been working together diligently in response to the Covid-19 pandemic. The Paycheck Protection Program, Small Business Administration's Economic Injury Disaster Loans, Illinois Business Interruption Grant program, and Cook County's Covid-19 Business Recovery Initiative assisted businesses in accessing more than \$7 million in pandemic response funds. Despite the pandemic pause, we welcomed five new businesses to the community, including the final redevelopment of the southeast corner of Harlem and Ogden that became a 7-Eleven and Starbucks.

Letter of Transmittal

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Berwyn for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. This is the 12th consecutive year that the City has received this certificate. In order to receive this prestigious award, the City had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual report that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated service of the entire Finance Department. We also want to express appreciation to the Mayor, City Council, and all Department Heads for their support and encouragement in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the financial operations of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

Benjamin J. Daish

Finance Director

Roll of Lovero

Robert J. Lovero Mayor



The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada

presents this

AWARD OF FINANCIAL REPORTING ACHIEVEMENT

to

Finance Department

City of Berwyn, Illinois

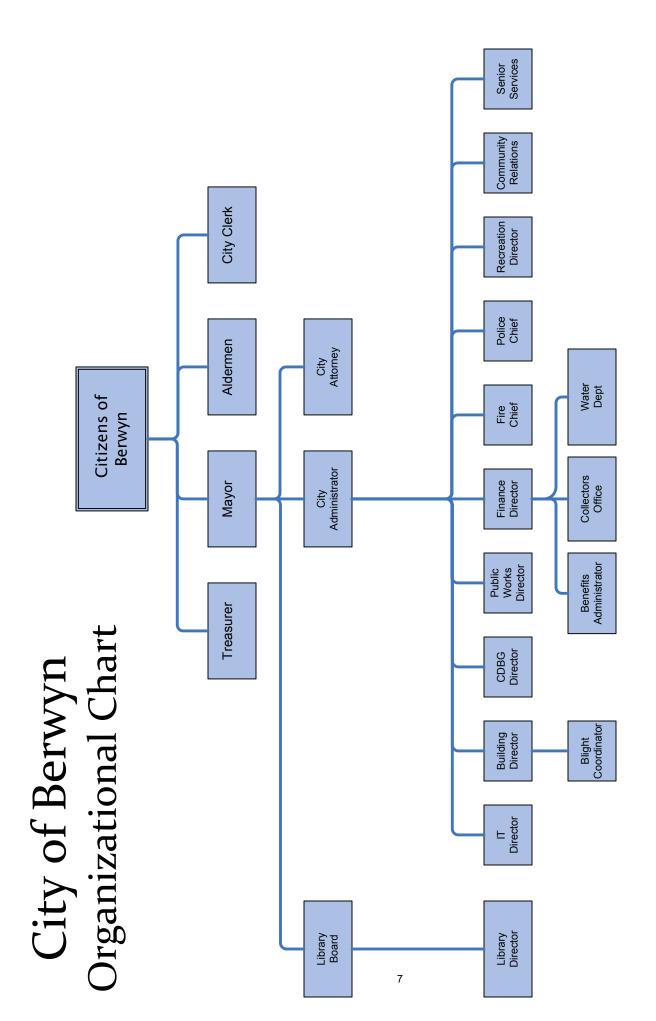


The Award of Financial Reporting Achievement is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association to the department or individual designated as instrumental in the government unit achieving a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. A Certificate of Achievement is presented to those government units whose annual financial reports are judged to adhere to program standards and represents the highest award in government financial reporting.

Executive Director

Thustopher P. Movie

Date: 4/8/2021



City of Berwyn List of Elected and Appointed Officials December 31, 2020

Elected Officials

Robert J. Lovero Mayor Cynthia Miranda Treasurer Clerk Margaret Paul Alderman, 1st Ward Scott Lennon Alderman, 2nd Ward Jose Ramirez Alderman, 3rd Ward Jeanine L. Reardon Alderman, 4th Ward Robert W. Fejt Alderman, 5th Ward Cesar A. Santoy Alderman, 6th Ward Alicia Ruiz Alderman, 7th Ward Rafael "Ralph" Avila Alderman, 8th Ward **Anthony Nowak**

Appointed Officials

Anthony Bertuca City Attorney Tammy Sheedy Director, Library Services Regina Mendicino Director, Community Development James Frank Director, Information Technology Director, Building Department Charles Lazzara **Anthony Martinucci** Director, Recreation Department Thomas Hayes Fire Chief Ruth Siaba Green City Administrator Michael Cimaglia Police Chief Robert Schiller Director, Public Works Benjamin Daish Director, Finance

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Berwyn, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berwyn, Illinois, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of the Berwyn Development Corporation, a discretely presented component unit, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berwyn, Illinois, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3N to the financial statements, the City of Berwyn, Illinois restated beginning net position of governmental activities to include non-general obligation bonds payable of \$1.4 million previously not reported. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios, schedules of city contributions and schedule of changes in total other postemployment benefits liability on pages 11-28 and 106-118 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Berwyn, Illinois' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 23, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Berwyn, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Berwyn, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

IW & Associates, P.C.

Hillside, Illinois July 23, 2021



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Berwyn, we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020.

Financial Highlights

The financial impact related to the COVID 19 global pandemic was not as severe as the City originally projected. The General Fund operating revenues and transfers were approximately \$2.2 million less than corresponding budget. After the shelter-in-place phase restrictions were lifted in the summer months of 2020, the City's major tax revenues recovered and posted strong results comparable to budget levels which cushioned the revenue reductions in other categories. This revenue shortfall was offset by \$800,000 in Federal CARES grants. Further, net General Fund expenditures came in \$800,000 below budget. The resulting overall reduction in fund balance was limited to \$762,521.

The City's Utilities Fund continues an upward trend where operating earnings and the change in net position (net income) are in surplus. The operating income before depreciation was \$1.8 million and the change net position increased by \$200,000 after depreciation.

Additionally, the City's Total Liabilities were \$12 million lower than year-end 2019. Specifically, the net pension liabilities were \$14.4 million lower than 2019.

At year-end, the City's deficit in the statement net position of \$190 million, similar to the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Berwyn's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements found on pages 30 and 31 are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Berwyn's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator regarding the financial position of the City.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, economic development, culture and recreation, and health and sanitation. The business-type activities of the City include utilities and a municipal parking garage.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Berwyn itself (known as the primary government), but also the legally separate Berwyn Development Corporation for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Berwyn maintains 19 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The General, Public Safety Pension Funding, Debt Service, and Berwyn Municipal Securitization Corporation Funds are considered to be the City's major funds. Data from the other 15 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements toward the end of this report.

The City adopts an annual budget ordinance for its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this ordinance. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-35 of this report.

Proprietary funds – The City of Berwyn maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses two enterprise funds - one to account for its water, sewer, and garbage operations and the other to account for the municipal parking garage. The Internal Service fund accumulates and allocates costs internally among the City's various functions for its workers compensation and general liability self-insurance. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the business type activities in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the Utilities Fund and the Parking Garage Fund, which are considered to be major funds of the City, and the Internal Service Fund. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36-38 of this report.

Fiduciary funds - are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to the accrual accounting used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 39-40 of this report.

Notes to financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 41-105 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning budget and actual information for the General Fund and the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 106-119 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 120-144 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The largest portion of the City of Berwyn's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Assets restricted for use in the City's four redevelopment areas make up the bulk of these assets, followed by assets restricted by the State of Illinois for the purpose of improving streets, and assets restricted for law enforcement purposes.

Net position of the City of Berwyn also includes its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, infrastructure and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investments in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The table below shows the comparison between 2020 Statement of Net Position versus Restated 2019 for both governmental and business-type activities:

City of Berwyn Net Position

		Governmenta	ctivities		Business-Ty	ype	activites	Total				
		2020	2019 (Restated)			<u>2020</u>		2019	2020			019 (Restated)
Capital Assets Other Assets	\$	49,606,871 81,458,756	\$	50,201,928 69,440,590	\$	25,115,331 7,258,667	\$	26,306,425 6,332,647	\$	74,722,202 88,717,423	\$	76,508,353 75,773,237
Total assets		131,065,627		119,642,518		32,373,998		32,639,072		163,439,625		152,281,590
Total deferred outflows												
of resources		14,062,608		17,900,561		413,854		804,549	_	14,476,462	_	18,705,110
Current liabilities		10,047,940		8,695,345		2,267,987		2,269,123		12,315,927		10,964,468
Long-term liabilities		285,743,871		298,353,953		8,710,272		9,733,210		294,454,143		308,087,163
Total liabilities		295,791,811		307,049,298		10,978,259		12,002,333		306,770,070		319,051,631
Total deferred inflows												
of resources	_	60,098,149	_	41,863,195	_	622,085		260,736	_	60,720,234	_	42,123,931
Net investment in capital												
assets		(24,963,362)		(27,867,456)		18,331,734		19,451,290		(6,631,628)		(8,416,166)
Restricted		95,573,963		9,744,443						95,573,963		9,744,443
Unrestricted	_	(281,372,326)	_	(193,246,401)	_	2,855,774	_	1,729,262	_	(278,516,552)	_	(191,517,139)
Total net position	\$	(210,761,725)	\$	(211,369,414)	\$	21,187,508	\$	21,180,552	\$	(189,574,217)	\$	(190,188,862)

Significant Changes in the City's Statement of Net Position

Governmental activities

Total Assets were about \$11.4 million higher than the 2019 total primarily as a result of a comparable increase in cash. The increase in cash came mainly as a result of the \$7.1 million South Berwyn TIF bond issue along with additional inflows from the Rebuild Illinois Program (\$1.2 million) and higher Harlem TIF property tax receipts (\$1.3 million).

Total liabilities were \$11 million lower than 2019 due to a reduction in unfunded pension liabilities. Favorable investment gains contributed to the reduction.

Deferred outflows in 2020 were \$4 million lower than 2019 and deferred inflows in 2020 were \$19 million higher than 2019. The net deferred inflow increase of \$23 million came as a result of changes in actuarial projections for the pension funds and other post employee benefits (OPEB).

Business-Type activities

The Utilities Fund receivables increased by \$500,000 due to higher customer balances which came as a result of the annual water rate increase. Capital assets decreased by \$1.2 million due to depreciation exceeding asset additions in 2020.

Long-term liabilities were \$900,000 lower than 2019 due primarily to a \$600,000 improvement in net pension obligation. Like with Governmental Activities, favorable investment gains helped reduce the pension liability.

Statement of Activities

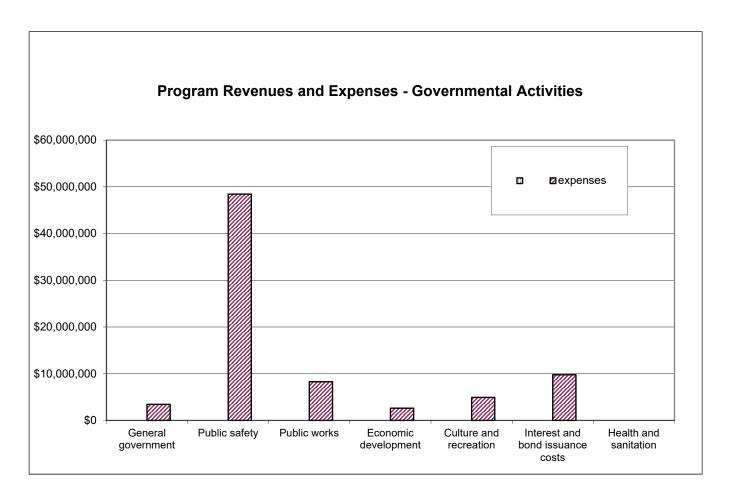
As noted earlier, the City's Statement of Activities provides a numerical analysis of the City's financial performance during the year. Revenues are broken down between program revenues and general revenues. The following table shows a comparison between the current and previous year operation results:

		Governmen	tal a	ctivities		Business-Ty	ype activites	activites			ıl		
		2020	20	19 (Restated)		2020	2019		2020	20	19 (Restated)		
Revenues:													
Program revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	10,042,402	\$	12,451,811	\$	18,236,117	\$ 17,136,170	\$	28,278,519	\$	29,587,981		
Operating grants & contributions		4,037,465		3,609,094		-	-		4,037,465		3,609,094		
Capital grants & contributions		1,499,806		726,582		-	-		1,499,806		726,582		
General revenues		-		-									
Property taxes		36,948,986		34,742,608		-	-		36,948,986		34,742,608		
Other taxes		24,816,389		23,722,634		-	-		24,816,389		23,722,634		
Other revenues	_	736,090	_	1,029,559	_	_	1,151	_	736,090	_	1,030,710		
Total revenues		78,081,138		76,282,288		18,236,117	17,137,321		96,317,255		93,419,609		
Expenses:													
General government		3,431,673		4,444,154		-	-		3,431,673		4,444,154		
Public safety		48,456,281		52,132,315		-	-		48,456,281		52,132,315		
Public works		8,279,018		7,558,885		-	-		8,279,018		7,558,885		
Economic development		2,607,616		5,112,151		-	-		2,607,616		5,112,151		
Culture and recreation		4,921,945		5,074,881		-	-		4,921,945		5,074,881		
Interest on long-term debt		9,776,916		9,960,909		-	-		9,776,916		9,960,909		
Loss on debt refunding		-		-		-	-		-		-		
Utilities		-		-		17,979,956	17,459,824		17,979,956		17,459,824		
Parking garage	_		_	<u> </u>		249,205	269,462	_	249,205	_	269,462		
Total expenses		77,473,449		84,283,295		18,229,161	17,729,286		95,702,610		102,012,581		
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	_	607,689		(8,001,007)	_	6,956	(591,965)		614,645	_	(8,592,972)		
Transfers	_		_	(449,886)			449,886	_		_			
Change in Net Position		607,689		(8,450,893)	_	6,956	(142,079)		614,645		(8,592,972)		
Net position Jan 1 (Restated)	_	(211,369,414)		(202,918,521)		21,180,552	21,322,631		(190,188,862)	((181,595,890)		
Net position Dec 31	\$	(210,761,725)	\$	(211,369,414)	\$	21,187,508	\$ 21,180,552	\$	(189,574,217)	\$ ((190,188,862)		

Significant Changes in Net Position

Government activities

The graph below shows the governmental activities revenues and expenses by function. Any deficit of revenues less expenses is then funded through general revenues, primarily taxes.



Revenues

The table below shows the change in revenues from 2020 to 2019:

		Governmen	ıtal acı	tivities		
	<u>2020</u>			2019	 Change	% Chg
Revenues:						
Program reveues:						
Charges for services	\$	10,042,402	\$	12,451,811	\$ (2,409,409)	-19%
Operating grants & contributions		4,037,465		3,609,094	428,371	12%
Capital grants & contributions		1,499,806		726,582	773,224	106%
General revenues		-		-		
Property taxes		36,948,986		34,742,608	2,206,378	6%
Other taxes		24,816,389		23,722,634	1,093,755	5%
Other revenues		736,091		1,029,559	 (293,468)	- <u>29</u> %
Total revenues	\$	78,081,139	\$	76,282,288	\$ 1,798,851	<u>2</u> %

Significant changes:

Charges for services were lower than 2019 by about \$2.4 million. The reduction in this category was driven by the City's program closures related to the pandemic. Fine and fee revenue from parking and red light camera tickets were lower than 2019 as a result of fewer people driving and a reduction in City parking enforcement. Ambulance billing revenue of \$1.6 million was almost \$400,000 higher than 2019 which helped offset the reductions in the other revenue categories.

Operating Grants were higher in 2020 due primarily from the \$800,000 CARES act funds received in 2020 to help offset the revenue losses.

Capital grants and contributions were higher by \$773,000 versus 2019 due to the City's Motor Fuel Tax (MFT) fund obtaining \$1.2 million from the State of Illinois Rebuild Illinois program.

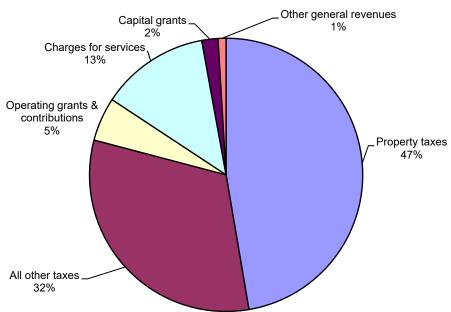
Property Tax Revenues were \$2.2 million higher than 2019 primarily as a result of the following funds.

- Harlem TIF, \$1.3 million higher than 2019 property taxes.
 - The TIF was able to recapture property taxes due for 2019 but not received until later in 2020.
- Debt Service, \$500,000 higher than 2019 property taxes
 - o Annual increase approved in accordance with bondholder covenants.
- General Fund, \$200,000 higher than 2019 property taxes
 - City Council approved a property tax levy increase of \$384,000 or 1.5% vs 2019. However, property tax collections were slightly impacted due to pandemic related conditions
- Roosevelt TIF, \$150,000 higher than 2019 property taxes

Composition of Revenues:

The graph below shows the full composition of governmental activities revenues.

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



The City's governmental activities are supported mainly by property taxes, followed by all other taxes. These percentages shifted slightly from 2019 when property taxes accounted for 46%, all other taxes were 31%, charges for services were 16%, operating grants were 5%, and capital grants were 1%, and other general revenues were 1%.

Expenses

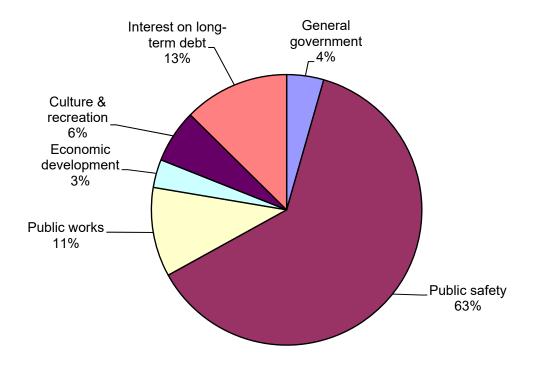
The table below shows the change in expenses from 2020 versus 2019:

Changes in Governmental Activities Expenses

	Governmen	ıtal ac	ctivities		
	<u>2020</u>		2019 (Restated)	 Change	% Chg
Expenses:					
General government	\$ 3,431,673	\$	4,444,154	\$ (1,012,481)	-23%
Public safety	48,456,281		52,132,315	(3,676,034)	-7%
Public works	8,279,018		7,558,885	720,133	10%
Economic development	2,607,616		5,112,151	(2,504,535)	-49%
Culture and recreation	4,921,945		5,074,881	(152,936)	-3%
Interest on long-term debt	 9,776,916		9,960,909	 (183,993)	- <u>2</u> %
Total expenses	\$ 77,473,449	\$	84,283,295	\$ (6,809,846)	- <u>8</u> %

Overall, expenses decreased by 8% or \$6.8 million. General Government and Public Safety were the major contributors to the expense reduction compared to 2019. Changes in the Pension and OPEB related expenditures for the Police, Fire, and IMRF pension liabilities helped drive the expenses lower by \$4.6 million in 2020. Economic Development expenses were \$2.5 million lower than 2019 due to pandemic related reduction in activities from the TIF districts.

Governmental Activities - Expense Composition



Composition of expenses:

The City's largest area of expense continues to be Public Safety, accounting for 63% of governmental expenses which was the same percentage in 2019. The remaining 37% of 2019 governmental activities expenses consisted of 9% for Public Works, 4% for Economic Development, 6% for Culture and Recreation, 12% for interest on long term debt, and 6% for general government.

Business-Type activities

	Business-T	ype a	ctivites		
	2020		2019	Change	% Chg
Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 18,236,117	\$	17,136,170	\$ 1,099,947	6%
Other Income	 _		451,037	 (451,037)	<u>-100%</u>
Total Revenues	\$ 18,236,117	\$	17,587,207	\$ 648,910	<u>4</u> %
Expenses:					
Utilities	\$ 17,979,956	\$	17,459,824	\$ 520,132	3%
Parking garage	 249,205		269,462	 (20,257)	<u>-8%</u>
Total Expenses	\$ 18,229,161	\$	17,729,286	\$ 499,875	<u>3</u> %

Business-Type activities represent the City's water, sewer, and garbage utilities and the parking garage. The Utilities fund's primary source of revenue is user fees for water and sewer usage and garbage fees. City Council approved a water rate ordinance adjusting the rates at 5% annually over five years (2018-2022) to absorb rising operating costs and to fund future capital infrastructure improvements.

Revenues

In 2020, the water rate increases led to higher revenues for charges for services (\$1.1 million higher than 2019). Other Income was reduced to zero for 2020, a \$451,000 reduction compared to 2019. Late payment penalties represented the Other Income in 2019. From April 2020 through June, 2021, the City put a hold on assessing penalties and shutting off residential water service due to the economic consequences of the pandemic. As such, other income was dramatically reduced compared to 2019.

The Parking Garage was dramatically affected by the pandemic where revenues fell by almost 70% (\$208,000 vs \$66,000). Customers who normally would park at the garage and ride the train downtown switched to working from home instead.

Expenses

Expenses within the Utilities fund were \$519,000 higher than 2019. The cost of water purchased from the City of Chicago increased by almost \$300,000 compared to 2019. Also, the internal service fund along with repair and maintenance costs were about \$200,000 higher than 2019.

As the table below illustrates, operating performance for the City's Utilities Fund continues to post very strong results since 2017.

Business-Type activites: Utilities Fund	Business-Type activites: Utilities Fund		
	2020 2019 2018		<u>2017</u>
Loss) \$ 500,441 \$ (224,023) \$ (792,7	perating Income (Loss) \$ 500,441 \$ (224,023) \$ (792,713) \$	(2,366,525)
1,265,729 1,242,300 1,203,2	epreciation 1,265,729 1,242,300 1,203,245	_	2,504,233
\$ 1.766.170 \$ 1.018.277 \$ 410.5	perating Income(Loss) \$ 1,766,170 \$ 1,018,277 \$ 410,532	\$	137,708
1,265,729 1,242,300 1,203,2 (Loss) \$ 1,766,170 \$ 1,018,277 \$ 410,5	epreciation 1,265,729 1,242,300 1,203,245	<u> </u>	2,504

See Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Berwyn uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Significant changes – Fund balances

						Fund						
	General			Public Safety Pension Funding Debt Service			В	Berwyn Municipal Securitization (BMSC)		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues	\$	37,477,343	\$	2,723,092	\$	7,639,442	\$	17,742,659	\$	12,491,028	\$	78,073,564
Expenditures		51,362,010		2,721,454		12,067,901		4,552,192		9,779,798	\$	80,483,355
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net		13,122,146		718,744		5,958,931	_	(14,976,741)	_	6,516,043		11,339,123
Net change in fund balance		(762,521)		720,382		1,530,472		(1,786,274)		9,227,273		8,929,332
Fund balance, beginning		12,369,977		(29,629,162)		(47,156,847)	_	83,928,401		6,126,272		25,638,641
Fund balance, ending	\$	11,607,456	\$	(28,908,780)	\$	(45,626,375)	\$	82,142,127	\$	15,353,545	\$	34,567,973

General Fund operating revenues were lower than 2019 by about \$2.4 million primarily due to pandemic related reductions of fines and fee revenue.

General Fund expenditures were \$3.5 million higher than experienced in 2019. The increase occurred primarily as a result of contractual increases in salary and related expenses for the City's Police and Fire union employees (\$2 million higher vs 2019). Also, the internal service fund general liability/workers compensation expenses were \$1.6 million higher than 2019.

Revenues in the Debt Service Fund increased from 2019 by over \$500,000 as the City dedicated more tax revenue toward the repayment of pension debt as a covenant with prior bond issues. Debt Service expenditures were \$12 million lower than 2019. 2019's expenditures were higher as a result of the \$15 million line of credit repayment. The City did incur a \$3.85 million principal payment 2020 for the required redemption of the 2010 bonds.

With regard to the Non-major Governmental Funds, revenues from 2020 were nearly \$2 million higher due to higher incremental property tax revenues from the Harlem TIF (\$1.3 million higher vs 2019) and MFT revenues posting \$1.4 million more than 2019 due the Rebuild Illinois funds. These stronger revenue areas offset a \$1.7 million reduction of Community Development (CDBG) revenues vs 2019. CDBG Projects were delayed due to the conditions related to the Covid-19 pandemic. The delayed projects are expected to be completed in fiscal year 2021 where anticipated funds will also be expended.

Non-major Governmental Fund expenditures were \$156,000 lower than 2019 primarily due to cost reductions related to the Library closure for several pandemic related months.

The Non-Major Governmental ending fund balance of \$15.4 million is \$9.2 million higher than 2019. The South Berwyn TIF bond proceeds of \$7.1 million and the MFT Rebuild Illinois revenues of \$1.2 million were the primary contributors to the higher Non-Major Governmental fund balance. The proceeds from the South Berwyn TIF bonds will be directed toward infrastructure improvements in the City's Depot District.

Financial Analysis of the Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds - The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Total net position of the Business-Type activities at the end of 2020 amounted to \$21.2 million which is similar to 2019's net position. The \$190,000 increase in the Utilities' fund net position was offset by the Garage Fund loss of \$183,000.

The breakdown of business activities net position at year-end was \$9.7 million for the parking garage and \$11.5 million for the Utilities fund. Revenues of the Parking Garage Fund, which include collections from meters located in the garage and an allocation of fees for parking permits, amounted to approximately \$66,000. Expenses (excluding depreciation) amounted to about \$23,000. After depreciation of about \$226,000, the fund posted an operating loss of \$183,000.

The City's Internal Service Fund (ISF) represents accruals pertaining to the City's worker's compensation and general liability insurances. Revenues within this fund result from charges to other funds of the City. Expenses for the ISF consist of claim payments, third party claim processing fees, insurance costs, and liability reserve funding. During 2020, the fund's expenses increased dramatically by \$1.7 million to a total of \$2.8 million. These expenses are then allocated to the City's departments. The increase was attributed primarily to higher claims incurred in 2020 compared to 2019. The net position in the ISF remained practically the same at \$108,000 compared to 2019's net position.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's ordinances require a periodic budget review and if necessary an amendment on an annual basis. As part of this review and during preparation for the subsequent year's budget, each department's budget-to-actual reports are analyzed and variances identified.

In 2020, there were General Fund budget amendments approved by City Council reassigning \$2.8 million in pension property tax revenues and payments for the Police and Fire pension funds. These revenues and expenditures are captured in the Public Safety Pension Funding Fund.

The following table summarizes the City's final budget compared to actual results for the current year.

	General Fund								
		Final Budget		Actual		Variance	% Var.		
Revenues									
Property taxes		19,579,680		19,421,749	\$	(157,931)	-1%		
Other taxes		6,774,950		6,248,485		(526,465)	-8%		
Licenses and permits		3,752,000		3,184,960		(567,040)	-15%		
Charges for services		2,251,500		2,331,321		79,821	4%		
Fines and forfeitures		5,120,000		3,917,308		(1,202,692)	-23%		
Intergovernmental		439,037		1,232,160		793,123	181%		
Investment income		175,400		65,591		(109,809)	-63%		
Miscellaneous		1,517,500		1,075,769		(441,731)	-29%		
Total Revenues	\$	39,610,067	\$	37,477,343	\$	(2,132,724)	- <u>5</u> %		
Expenditures									
Current									
General government		4,210,315	\$	3,667,042	\$	543,273	13%		
Public safety	\$	38,845,283		39,763,532		(918,249)	-2%		
Public works		6,561,526		5,887,231		674,295	10%		
Economic development		228,347		519,369		(291,022)	-127%		
Culture and recreation		2,332,395		1,524,836		807,559	<u>35</u> %		
Total expenditures	\$	52,177,866	\$	51,362,010	\$	815,856	<u>2</u> %		

Please refer to page 34 of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Government Funds.

Significant changes from budget

Revenues

The General Fund operating revenues were \$2.1 million lower than the 2021 budget primarily due to pandemic related reductions in Other Taxes (\$527,000), Fines (\$1.2 million), and Permits (\$567,000) categories.

Expenditures

The primary contributors for lower than budgeted expenditures include:

- Public Works: \$674,000 lower than the budget
 - o Building/Public Works cut budgeted seasonal staffing to help offset the revenue reduction.
- Culture and Recreation/ Economic Development: \$808,000 lower than the budget
 - o The closure of the Recreation Center and related programs due to the pandemic drove the cost reductions in the area. The Recreation department lowered its costs by \$693,000 versus the 2020 Budget.

• Public Safety Expenditures were \$918 million higher than the budget due in large part to higher Internal Service Fund expenditures related to related to higher than expected general liability and workers compensation claims.

Capital assets

The table below summarizes the City's capital asset balances at year end for 2020 with comparative figures for 2019.

City of Berwyn Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmental activities					Business-T	ype	activites		Total				
		2020		2019		2020		<u>2019</u>		2020		<u>2019</u>		
Land	\$	10,310,603	\$	10,310,603	\$	24,600	\$	24,600	\$	10,335,203	\$	10,335,203		
CIP		324,500		662,954		602,646		520,196		927,146		1,183,150		
Buildings		9,451,067		9,672,942		8,242,441		8,475,427		17,693,508		18,148,369		
Equipment		979,788		891,983		639,053		705,656		1,618,841		1,597,639		
Land improvements		7,213,062		7,369,033		-		-		7,213,062		7,369,033		
Vehicles		3,275,043		3,145,035		476,511		540,783		3,751,554		3,685,818		
Infrastructure		18,052,808		18,149,378		15,132,080		16,039,763		33,184,888		34,189,141		
Total	\$	49,606,871	\$	50,201,928	\$	25,117,331	\$	26,306,425	\$	74,724,202	\$	76,508,353		

At the end of 2020, capital assets in governmental activities were \$600,000 lower than 2019. The 2020 business activities capital assets were \$1.2 million lower compared to 2019. For both governmental and business activities, depreciation expense and asset retirements exceeded 2020 asset additions. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to financial statements of this report on pages 65-66.

Debt Administration

The changes to the City's long-term obligations are summarized below.

	Government	tivities	Business-Type activites				Total			
	<u>2020</u>	20	19 (Restated)		2020		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>	2019 (Restated)
General obligation bonds	\$ 87,800,000	\$	95,040,000	\$	7,290,000	\$	7,465,000	\$	95,090,000	\$ 102,505,000
Conveyed Tax Securitization bonds	79,970,000		79,970,000		-		-		79,970,000	79,970,000
TIF Revenue Bonds	7,140,000		-		-		-		7,140,000	-
Private Placement TIF Bonds	1,314,575		1,427,103		-		-		1,314,575	1,427,103
Mortgage notes payable	300,000		457,648		-		-		300,000	457,648
Line of Credit	3,850,000		-		-		-		3,850,000	-
Unamortized premiums	2,809,600		3,071,893		265,456		289,923		3,075,056	3,361,816
Unamortized discounts	(460,774)		(499,222)		(26,229)		(28,408)		(487,003)	(527,630)
Capital leases	438,897		362,711		-		-		438,897	362,711
Claims payable	3,572,869		2,918,016		-		-		3,572,869	2,918,016
Net pension liability	76,526,177		90,970,948		152,135		799,670		76,678,312	91,770,618
Net OPEB obligation	16,458,100		19,396,363		934,821		1,080,984		17,392,921	20,477,347
Compensated absences	 6,024,427	-	5,238,493		94,089		126,041		6,118,516	5,364,534
Total	\$ 285,743,871	\$	298,353,953	\$	8,710,272	\$	9,733,210	\$	294,454,143	\$ 308,087,163

In 2020, the City's S&P credit rating was BBB with a "negative" outlook for the General Obligation Bonds. The negative outlook was attributable to the uncertainty of the City's financial outlook due to the pandemic.

The total long-term liabilities decreased by \$12.6 million compared to 2019 as a result of a \$14.4 million reduction in Net Pension Liability versus 2019 due primarily to more favorable pension fund investment gains. Additionally, the Net OPEB obligation was almost \$3 million lower than 2019. In November, 2020 the City drew \$3.85 million on the line of credit renewed with BMO Harris. This amount was used to pay off a redemption principal due for the 2010 bonds. This City intends to repay this amount drawn with proceeds from a future bond refunding issue.

In 2013, the City embarked a plan to fully fund the City's Public Safety Pension Plans through the issuance of bonds by 2025. The underlying bonds were structured to be repaid by 2050. A major portion of the plan has been funded resulting in increased pension funding. Higher pension funding should ensure sound financial condition of the pension plans and reduced financial burdens on the City in the future.

In the course of implementing GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, the City determined that the Private Placement Bond issued in 2015 should be presented in the Government Wide Statement of Net Position. Previously, the City believed that, since the bonds are not general obligation bonds, only the principal and interest payments were required to be reported at the fund level. As a result, beginning net position has been restated to include the \$1.4 million balance as of December 31, 2019.

The City's financial statements and supplementary data provide the continuing disclosure information the City committed to provide bondholders for outstanding bonds.

Further details on the City's long-term debt can be found in the notes to financial statements on pages 69 to 75.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

As mentioned previously, the revenue loss experienced from the COVID-19 pandemic contributed to the General fund shortfall of about \$800,000 versus the 2020 budgeted net surplus.

In 2021, the City has a more positive outlook after reviewing the internal transactional data posted over the last few months. Also, the Illinois Department of Revenue continues to report strong tax revenue results in the state income and sales/local use tax categories. Nonetheless, the City conservatively projected revenues to be slightly lower than 2019 levels due in most part to the COVID related phase 3-4 restrictions remaining in place during the first 3-5 months of 2021. As a result, a slight budget shortfall of \$365,000 has been passed by City Council.

Recently, the City has enhanced the budget process to project an additional three years beyond the 2021 Budget. For 2022-2024, the City expects General Fund to break even where revenues are in line with expenditures.

American Recovery Act Program (ARPA)

In March, 2021, the Federal Government passed into law, a stimulus bill providing assistance to state and local governments for COVID pandemic related economic hardship along with infrastructure improvements. About \$32 million has been allocated to the City of Berwyn of which close to \$16 million has been received.

The City is currently researching the guidance for allowable expenditures provided by the US Treasury Department. In short, the ARPA funding is expected to assist the City with completing essential future infrastructure projects without borrowing and incurring interest costs. In addition, the ARPA funds would provide reimbursement for emergency COVID related expenditures along with funding for pandemic related revenue loss.

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS Management's Discussion and Analysis

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Berwyn's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Berwyn Finance Director, 6700 W. 26th Street, Berwyn, Illinois 60402.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2020

		Primary Government					Component Unit
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		Berwyn evelopment Corporation
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	36,287,500	\$ -	\$	36,287,500	\$	788,097
Restricted cash		1,048,894	743,630		1,792,524		864,854
Receivables, net of allowance							
where applicable							
Property tax		34,189,009	-		34,189,009		
Sales tax Home rule sales tax		1,152,314	=		1,152,314		
Income tax		1,230,168 1,400,768	-		1,230,168 1,400,768		
Personal property replacement tax		40,360	-		40,360		
Utility tax		344,221	_		344,221		
Accounts		2,180,531	6,328,932		8,509,463		17,839
Interest		-	-		-		17,000
Miscellaneous		35,067	=		35,067		26,410
Prepaid expenses		866,882	-		866,882		8,25
Internal balances		(184,105)	184,105		-		
Due from other governments		194,193	=		194,193		5,26
Notes receivable		2,216,704	-		2,216,704		1,515,279
Land held for resale		305,000	-		305,000		312,358
Net pension asset		151,250	=		151,250		
Capital assets, not being depreciated		10,635,103	627,246		11,262,349		
Capital assets, being depreciated (net of		00 074 700	04 400 005		00 404 050		50.05
accumulated depreciation)		38,971,768	24,490,085	_	63,461,853		53,95
Total Assets		131,065,627	32,373,998	_	163,439,625		3,592,312
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows related to pensions		8,595,981	95,858		8,691,839		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		890,383	125,920		1,016,303		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		3,381,613	192,076		3,573,689		
Deferred loss on refunding		1,194,631	132,070		1,194,631		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		14,062,608	413,854	_	14,476,462	_	
Total Bolotton Gallions of Nossalioss		11,002,000	110,001		11,170,102		
IABILITIES							
Accounts payable		989,952	1,747,999		2,737,951		75,88
Accrued payroll		2,288,484	59,881		2,348,365		
Accrued interest payable		2,630,111	27,253		2,657,364		
Due to fiduciary funds Unearned revenues		10,498	400 650		10,498 2,660,984		10 70
Security deposits		2,237,332	423,652 9,202		9,202		18,72
Other liabilities		1,891,563	9,202		1,891,563		864,85
Noncurrent liabilities		1,091,303	-		1,091,000		004,00
Due within one year		5,911,007	279,243		6,190,250		
Due in more than one year	:	279,832,864	8,431,029		288,263,893		1,221,804
Total Liabilities		295,791,811	10,978,259		306,770,070		2,181,26
							, - , -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows related to pensions		21,933,241	392,619		22,325,860		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		4,039,896	229,466		4,269,362		
Deferred revenue - property taxes		34,125,012			34,125,012		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		60,098,149	622,085	_	60,720,234		
ET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		(24,963,362)	18,331,734		(6,631,628)		53,95
Restricted for		,			, ,		
Public safety		1,745,461	-		1,745,461		
Public works		3,304,088	=		3,304,088		
Economic development		8,382,287	-		8,382,287		
Debt service		82,142,127	-		82,142,127		
		204 272 2261	2,855,774		(278,516,552)		1,357,098
Unrestricted (deficit)	(281,372,326)	2,033,114		(270,310,332)		1,007,000

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

					Net (Ex	pense) Revenue a	nd Change in Net F	Position
	_		Program Revenue	s	P	rimary Governme	nt	Component Unit
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Berwyn Development Corporation
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$ 3,431,673	\$ 2,552,355	-	\$ -	\$ (879,318)	\$ -	\$ (879,318)	\$ -
Public safety	48,456,281	5,866,208	966,274	228,506	(41,395,293)	-	(41,395,293)	-
Public works	8,279,018	1,508,503	2,290,097	1,271,300	(3,209,118)	-	(3,209,118)	-
Economic development	2,607,616	-	575,773	-	(2,031,843)	-	(2,031,843)	-
Culture and recreation	4,921,945	105,336	205,321	-	(4,611,288)	-	(4,611,288)	-
Health and sanitation	_	10,000	-	-	10,000	_	10,000	-
Interest & debt issuance costs	9,776,916	· -	-	-	(9,776,916)	_	(9,776,916)	-
Total Governmental Activities	77,473,449	10,042,402	4,037,465	1,499,806	(61,893,776)		(61,893,776)	
Business-Type Activities								
Utilities	17,979,956	18,170,033	_	_	_	190,077	190,077	_
Parking Garage	249,205	66,084	_	_	_	(183,121)	(183,121)	_
Total Business-Type Activities	18,229,161	18,236,117				6,956	6,956	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT			¢ 4.027.465	\$ 1,499,806	(61 902 776)			
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	<u>\$ 95,702,610</u>	\$ 28,278,519	\$ 4,037,465	\$ 1,499,806	(61,893,776)	6,956	(61,886,820)	
COMPONENT UNIT								
Berwyn Development Corporation	\$ 1,193,702	\$ 1,456,979	\$ -	\$ -				263,277
Berwyn Development Corporation	ψ 1,193,702	ψ 1,430,919	<u> </u>	<u>Ψ -</u>	<u>-</u>			203,211
	General Revenues							
	Taxes							
					36,948,986		36,948,986	
	Property Sales				4,392,484	-	4,392,484	-
	Home rule sales				4,570,878	-	4,570,878	-
					, ,	-	, ,	-
	Local use tax				2,529,919	-	2,529,919	
	Replacement				236,515	-	236,515	-
	Municipal utility	,			2,739,274	-	2,739,274	-
	Real estate trans	ster			2,138,624	-	2,138,624	-
	Other				1,930,459	-	1,930,459	-
	Income				6,278,236	-	6,278,236	-
	Investment income)			126,422	-	126,422	1,830
	Miscellaneous				609,668	-	609,668	=
	Transfers					. ———		
	Total General R	evenues and Tran	sfers		62,501,465	_	62,501,465	1,830
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			607,689	6,956	614,645	265,107
	NET POSITION (DE	FICIT), JANUARY	1 (Restated)		(211,369,414)	21,180,552	(190,188,862)	1,145,942
	NET POSITION (DE	FICIT), DECEMBE	ER 31		\$ (210,761,725)	\$ 21,187,508	<u>\$ (189,574,217)</u>	\$ 1,411,049

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2020

Sales taxes		_	General	Public Safety Pension Funding	ı <u> </u>	Debt Service	Berwyn Municipal Securitization	G	Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds	<u></u>	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted cash (152,80) (150,80) (1048,88		•	45 440 075	•	•	70.004	A 0.000.000	•	47.000.500	•	00 045 700
Receivables (net, where applicables) of allowances for uncollectibles)		\$	15,143,975	\$ -	\$,	\$ 3,692,296	\$		\$	
Forgart yas 19,633,886 3,020,635 8,124,211 1,152,314 1,152,314 1,152,315 3,418,000 Sales taxees 1,9633,886 3,020,635 8,124,211 1,152,314 1,152,314 1,152,315			-	-		152,800	=		896,094		1,048,894
Property taxes											
Sales taxes			19,633,888	3,020,635		8,124,211	-		3,410,275		34,189,009
Victo gaming taxes			, , , <u>-</u>	· · ·			1,152,314		-		1,152,314
Canabis taxes 6,283 6,285	Home rule sales tax		-	-		-	1,230,168		_		1,230,168
Income taxes	Video gaming taxes		28,804	-		_	-		-		28,804
Personal property replacement tax	Canabis taxes		6,263	-		-	=		-		6,263
Mility tax	Income taxes		-	-		-	1,400,768		=		1,400,768
Accounts 1,915,014 1	Personal property replacement tax		40,360	-		-	-		-		40,360
Prepaid lems	Utility tax		344,221	-		-	-		-		344,221
Prepaid items	Accounts		1,915,014	1		-	-		263,964		2,178,979
Due from other funds 6,487,817 5,903 1,486,017 206,288 8,186,02 104,019	Interest		-	-		-	-		-		-
Due from other governments	•		188,900	-		-	-		255,791		444,691
Notes receivable			6,487,817	5,903		1,486,017	-		,		8,186,025
Advance to other funds Land held for resaile TOTAL ASSETS \$ 43,804,399 \$ 3,026,539 \$ 9,835,959 \$ 83,590,365 \$ 25,039,658 \$ 165,298,92 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 719,244 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	· ·		-	-		-	=		,		194,193
Land held for resale \$ \$ 43.804.399 \$ 3.026.539 \$ 83.590.59 \$ 83.590.365 \$ 25.039.658 \$ 165.296.92 \$ \$ 1.081LTIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			15,157	-		-	-		2,201,547		2,216,704
TOTAL ASSETS \$ 43,804,399 \$ 3,026,539 \$ 9,835,959 \$ 83,590,365 \$ 25,039,668 \$ 165,296,92 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			-	-		-	76,114,819		-		76,114,819
LABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES LABILITIES CACCOURLS payable \$ 719,244 \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. 989,95 ACCOURLS payable \$ 719,244 \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$	Land held for resale		<u> </u>					_		_	305,000
AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 719,244 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 270,708 \$ 989,95 \$ Accrued payroll \$ 3,678,059 \$ - \$ - \$ 125,813 \$ 3,803,67 \$ Loneamed revenues \$ - \$ - \$ 125,813 \$ 3,803,67 \$ Loneamed revenues \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 125,813 \$ 3,803,67 \$ Loneamed revenues \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 125,813 \$ 3,803,67 \$ Loneamed revenues \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,448,238 \$ 3,578,045 \$ 11,555,89 \$ Lot other funds \$ - \$ 10,498 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 10,498 \$ 15,155,89 \$ Lot other funds \$ - \$ 10,498 \$ 15,144 \$ - \$ 1,407 \$ 1,891,56 \$ Advance from other funds \$ - \$ 28,911,060 \$ 47,203,759 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 76,114,81 \$ TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 12,581,661 \$ 28,921,558 \$ 47,359,173 \$ 1,448,238 \$ 6,293,305 \$ 96,603,39 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	43,804,399	\$ 3,026,539	\$	9,835,959	\$ 83,590,365	\$	25,039,658	\$	165,296,920
Accrued payroll 3,678,059 125,813 3,803,87 Unearmed revenues - 2,237,332 2,237,332 Due to other funds 6,529,616 - 1,448,238 3,578,045 11,555,89 Due to fiduciary funds - 10,498 - 1,448,238 3,578,045 11,555,89 Due to fiduciary funds - 10,498 - 155,414 - 81,407 1,891,566 Advance from other funds - 28,911,060 47,203,759 - 76,114,81 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,581,661 28,921,558 47,359,173 1,448,238 6,293,05 96,603,93 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes 19,615,282 3,013,761 8,103,161 - 3,392,808 34,125,01 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 19,615,282 3,013,761 8,103,161 - 3,392,808 34,125,01 FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Notes receivable 15,157 - 5 5,571 444,69 Public safety - 188,900 - 255,791 444,69 Public safety - 188,900 - 255,791 444,69 Public safety - 188,900 - 255,791 444,69 Public safety - 1,745,461 1,745,46 Public works - 1,678,476 1,678,476 Economic development - 2,725,731 4,745,461 1,745,46 Economic development - 2,725,731 4,745,461 1,745,46 Economic development - 2,725,735 1,735,735 1,	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES										
Due to other funds		\$,	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$,	\$	989,952
Due to other funds 6,529,616 - - 1,448,238 3,578,045 11,555,89 Due to fiduciary funds 1,654,742 10,498 - - 155,414 - 81,407 1,891,656 Advance from other funds 2,891,060 47,203,759 - - 76,114,81 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,581,661 28,921,558 47,359,173 1,448,238 6,293,305 96,603,93 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes 19,615,282 3,013,761 8,103,161 - 3,392,808 34,125,01 FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Notes receivable 15,157 - - 255,791 444,69 Restricted Public safety - - - 255,791 444,69 Restricted Public works - - - 1,745,46 1,745,46 Public safety - - - - 1,678,476 1,678,47 Eost service -	·		3,678,059	-		-	-		,		3,803,872
Due to fiduciary funds			.	-		-	-				2,237,332
Differ liabilities			6,529,616	-		-	1,448,238		3,578,045		
Advance from other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,581,661 28,921,558 47,359,173 1,448,238 6,293,305 96,603,93 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes 19,615,282 19,615,282 3,013,761 8,103,161 - 3,392,808 34,125,01 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 19,615,282 3,013,761 8,103,161 - 3,392,808 34,125,01 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 19,615,282 3,013,761 8,103,161 - 3,392,808 34,125,01 FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Notes receivable 15,157 Prepaid items 188,900 0 255,791 444,69 Public safety Public safety Public safety Public safety Public safety Public safety Public and recreation Culture and recreation Economic development Economic development Committed Capital projects funded by bonds Assigned Fuel surcharge for gas pump repairs 40,482 Future community events 1,054 Futur	•		-	10,498		-	=		-		
TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,581,661 28,921,558 47,359,173 1,448,238 6,293,305 96,603,93			1,654,742	-		,	=		81,407		
Deferred Inflows of Resources			-					_	-	_	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes 19,615,282 3,013,761 8,103,161 - 3,392,808 34,125,01	TOTAL LIABILITIES		12,581,661	28,921,558	_	47,359,173	1,448,238	_	6,293,305	_	96,603,935
FUND BALANCE 19,615,282 3,013,761 8,103,161 - 3,392,808 34,125,01 FUND BALANCE Nonspendable 15,157 - - - 15,15 Prepaid items 188,900 - - - 255,791 444,69 Restricted - - - - 1,745,461 <	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Notes receivable 15,157 255,791 444,69 Restricted Public safety 1,745,461 1,745,46 Public works 1,678,476 1,678,47 Economic development 1,678,476 1,678,47 Economic development 82,142,127 - 82,142,127 Committed Capital projects funded by bonds 82,142,127 Fuel surcharge for gas pump repairs 40,482 268,312 268,31 Assigned Fuel surcharge for gas pump repairs 40,482 40,48 Future community events 1,054 1,05 Unassigned (deficit) 11,361,863 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) 82,142,127 15,353,545 34,567,97 TOTAL FUND BALANCE	Unavailable revenue - property taxes		19,615,282	3,013,761		8,103,161	-		3,392,808		34,125,012
Nonspendable Notes receivable 15,157 - 15,15 Prepaid items 188,900 255,791 444,69 Restricted Public safety 1,745,461 1,745,46 Public works - 1,745,461 1,745,46 Public works 1,745,461 1,745,46 Public works - - 1,678,476 1,678,47 Economic development - 1,678,476 1,678,47 Economic development - 82,142,127 - 82,142,12 Debt service - 82,142,127 - 82,142,12 Capital projects funded by bonds - - 268,312 268,31 Assigned Full surcharge for gas pump repairs 40,482 - - - 268,312 Fulture community events 1,054 - - - - 40,48 Unassigned (deficit) 11,361,863 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) - (280,870) (63,454,16 TOTAL FUND BALANCE 11,607,456 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) 82,142,127 15,353,545 34,567,97 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	* * *		19,615,282	3,013,761	_	8,103,161			3,392,808	_	34,125,012
Notes receivable 15,157 - - - - 15,15 Prepaid items 188,900 - - - 255,791 444,69 Restricted Public safety - - - - 1,745,461 1,745,46 Public works - - - - 3,304,088 3,304,08 Culture and recreation - - - - 1,678,476 1,678,476 Economic development - - - - 8,382,287 8,382,287 Debt service - - - - 82,142,127 - 82,142,127 Committed - - - - 82,142,127 - 82,142,127 Assigned - - - - - 268,312 268,31 Full surcharge for gas pump repairs 40,482 - - - - - 40,48 Future community events 1,054 - -	FUND BALANCE Nagrandable										
Prepaid items 188,900 - - - 255,791 444,69 Restricted Public safety - - - 1,745,461 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,477 2,68,312 268,312 268,312 268,312 268,312 268,312 268,312 268,312 <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>15 157</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>15,157</td>	•		15 157	_		_	_		_		15,157
Public safety - - - - 1,745,461 1,745,466 Public works - - - - 3,304,088 3,304,08 Culture and recreation - - - - 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 Economic development - - - - 82,142,127 - 82,382,287 8,382,287 Debt service - - - - 82,142,127 - 82,142,127 - 82,142,127 - 82,142,127 - 82,142,127 - 82,142,127 - 82,312,287 8,382,287 8,382,287 8,382,287 8,382,287 8,382,287 8,382,287 8,382,287 8,382,287 8,2142,127 - 82,142,127 - 82,142,127 - 82,142,127 - 82,142,127 - <	Prepaid items			-		-	-		255,791		444,691
Public works 3,304,088 3,304,08 Culture and recreation 1,678,476 1,678,47 Economic development 1,678,476 1,678,47 Economic development 8,382,287 8,382,28 Debt service 82,142,127 - 82,142,12 Committed Capital projects funded by bonds 268,312 268,31 Assigned Fuel surcharge for gas pump repairs 40,482 40,48 Future community events 1,054 1,05 Unassigned (deficit) 11,361,863 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) - (280,870) (63,454,16) TOTAL FUND BALANCE 11,607,456 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) 82,142,127 15,353,545 34,567,97			_	_		<u>-</u>	_		1,745 461		1 745 461
Culture and recreation - - - - 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 1,678,476 8,382,288 8,382,288 8,382,288 8,382,287 8,382,288 8,382,288 8,382,288 8,382,288 8,382,288 8,2142,127 82,142,127 82,142,127 82,142,127 82,142,127 268,312 <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	•		_	_		-	-				
Economic development 8,382,287 8,382,28 Debt service 82,142,127 - 82,142,12 Committed Capital projects funded by bonds 268,312 268,312 Assigned Fuel surcharge for gas pump repairs 40,482 40,48 Future community events 1,054 105 Unassigned (deficit) 11,361,863 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) - (280,870) (63,454,16) TOTAL FUND BALANCE 11,607,456 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) 82,142,127 15,353,545 34,567,97			_	_		_	_				
Debt service 82,142,127 - 82,142,127 Committed Capital projects funded by bonds 268,312 268,312 Assigned Fuel surcharge for gas pump repairs 40,482 40,48 Future community events 1,054 105 Unassigned (deficit) 11,361,863 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) - (280,870) (63,454,16) TOTAL FUND BALANCE 11,607,456 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) 82,142,127 15,353,545 34,567,97			_	_		_	_				
Committed Capital projects funded by bonds Assigned Fuel surcharge for gas pump repairs Future community events Unassigned (deficit) TOTAL FUND BALANCE FUND SOF 100 1 1,607,456 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) 101 2 268,312 268,312 1026,312 268,312 103,40,482 40,482 103,40 10,52 103,40 10,52 103,40 10,52 103,40 10,52 103,40 10,52 103,40 10,52 103,40 10,40 103,40 10,40 103,40 10,40 103,40 10,40 103,40	•		_	_		-	82.142.127		-,- 3-,-31		82,142,127
Capital projects funded by bonds - - - - 268,312 268,312 Assigned Fuel surcharge for gas pump repairs 40,482 - - - - - 40,482 Future community events 1,054 - - - - - 1,05 Unassigned (deficit) 11,361,863 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) - (280,870) (63,454,16 TOTAL FUND BALANCE 11,607,456 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) 82,142,127 15,353,545 34,567,97							- ,··-,· - .				. , . <u>-</u> , . <u>-</u> .
Future community events 1,054 - - - - 1,055 Unassigned (deficit) 11,361,863 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) - (280,870) (63,454,16) TOTAL FUND BALANCE 11,607,456 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) 82,142,127 15,353,545 34,567,97 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	Capital projects funded by bonds		-	-		-	-		268,312		268,312
Unassigned (deficit)			-, -	-		-	-		-		40,482
TOTAL FUND BALANCE 11,607,456 (28,908,780) (45,626,375) 82,142,127 15,353,545 34,567,97 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	•		,	-		-	-		-		1,054
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	Unassigned (deficit)	_	11,361,863	(28,908,780)		(45,626,375)			(280,870)		(63,454,162
	TOTAL FUND BALANCE		11,607,456	(28,908,780)	_	(45,626,375)	82,142,127	_	15,353,545	_	34,567,973
	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
	RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$	43,804,399	\$ 3,026,539	\$	9,835,959	\$ 83,590,365	\$	25,039,658	\$	165,296,920

See accompanying not 22 to financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2020

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 34,567,973
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	49,606,871
Deferred inflows and outflows related to the net pension liability and total OPEB liability are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources	12,867,977 (25,973,137)
	(20,070,107)
Net pension asset is not receivable in the current year and therefore not reported in the governmental funds	151,250
Premiums or discounts on long-term liabilities and gains and losses on debt refundings are capitalized and amortized at the government-wide level	
Premium on bonds	(2,809,600)
Discount on bonds Loss on refunding	460,773 1,194,631
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	
Bonded debt	(176,224,575)
Notes payable	(4,150,000)
Capital leases Long-term compensated absences	(438,898) (4,509,055)
Net pension liability	(76,526,158)
Total other postemployment benefit liability	(16,458,100)
Accrued interest on bonds	(2,630,111)
The unrestricted net position of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the	
statement of net position	 108,434
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (210,761,725)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

DEVENUE	General	Public Safety Pension Funding	Debt Service	Berwyn Municipal Securitization	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	A. 40 404 740	Φ 0.704.4E4	A 7,000,040	•	Φ 7.470.407	# 00.040.000
Property taxes	\$ 19,421,749	\$ 2,721,454	\$ 7,632,646	\$ -	\$ 7,173,137	
Other taxes	6,248,485	-	-	17,732,372	835,532	24,816,389
Licenses and permits	3,184,960	-	-	-	-	3,184,960
Charges for services	2,331,321	-	-	-	- 00.405	2,331,321
Fines and forfeitures	3,917,308	-	-	-	22,185	3,939,493
Intergovernmental	1,232,160	-		-	4,305,111	5,537,271
Investment income	65,591	1,638	6,796	10,287	41,017	125,329
Miscellaneous	1,075,769				114,046	1,189,815
Total Revenues	37,477,343	2,723,092	7,639,442	17,742,659	12,491,028	78,073,564
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	3,667,042	-	-	89,850	-	3,756,892
Public safety	39,763,532	2,721,454	-	-	986,762	43,471,748
Public works	5,887,231	-	-	-	2,105,503	7,992,734
Economic development	519,369	-	-	-	1,869,368	2,388,737
Culture and recreation	1,524,836	-	-	-	3,354,869	4,879,705
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	1,030,314	1,030,314
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	7,397,634	-	112,528	7,510,162
Interest and fiscal charges	_	-	4,670,267	4,462,342	75.634	9,208,243
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	244,820	244,820
Total Expenditures	51,362,010	2,721,454	12,067,901	4,552,192	9,779,798	80,483,355
Fueres (Deficiency) of						
Excess (Deficiency) of	(12.004.667)	1.638	(4 400 450)	12 100 167	0.711.000	(2.400.704)
Revenues Over Expenditures	(13,884,667)	1,038	(4,428,459)	13,190,467	2,711,230	(2,409,791)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	12,972,058	718,744	2,173,230	-	199,035	16,063,067
Transfers (out)	(199,035)	, <u> </u>	(64,299)	(14,976,741)	(822,992)	(16,063,067)
Debt Proceeds	349,123	-	3,850,000	-	7,140,000	11,339,123
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	13,122,146	718,744	5,958,931	(14,976,741)	6,516,043	11,339,123
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(762,521)	720,382	1,530,472	(1,786,274)	9,227,273	8,929,332
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	12,369,977	(29,629,162)	(47,156,847)	83,928,401	6,126,272	25,638,641
FUND BALANCES,						
DECEMBER 31	\$ 11,607,456	\$ (28,908,780)	\$ (45,626,375)	\$ 82,142,127	\$ 15,353,545	\$ 34,567,973

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	8,929,332
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities		1,582,863
The repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure when due in governmental funds but as a reduction of principal outstanding in the statement of activities		
General obligation bonds		7,240,000
Mortgage notes		157,648
Capital leases TIF revenue bonds		272,936 112,528
Til Tevenue ponus		112,520
The issuance of long term debt is reported as an other financing source in governmental funds but is recorded as a liability in the statement of net position		(11,339,123)
Changes in net pension liabilities are reported only in the statement of activities		
Police pension		9,698,386
Firefighters' pension		490,610
IMRF IMRF SLEP		4,255,794
IMIRF SLEP		36,353
Changes in certain deferred outflows and inflows are not included in the governmental funds		
Deferred outflow of resources related to pensions		(3,898,257)
Deferred inflow of resources related to pensions		(14,222,511)
Deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB		598,095 (3,257,347)
Deferred fillion of resources related to of ED		(0,201,041)
Other postemployment benefits are recognized when paid within the governmental funds; however, they are recognized as earned in the government-wide financial statements		2,938,263
Changes in long-term accrued compensated absences are reported only		
in the statement of activities		(493,666)
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as		
expenditures in governmental funds		(2.477.020)
Depreciation Change in accrued interest payable		(2,177,920) (9,919)
Amortization of accounting loss on refunding		(537,791)
Amortization of bond premium and discount		223,844
The change in net position of certain activities of internal service funds		
is reported with governmental activities	_	7,571
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	<u>\$</u>	607,689

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2020

Parking Parking Carrage Total Service			Business-Type				
Name			,				
CASENTO CASE		Utilities	•	Total			
Restricted cash	ASSETS						
Restricted cash 743,630 743,830 -	CURRENT ASSETS						
Recorables			\$ -		\$ 71,792		
Accounts (net of allowance)		743,630	-	743,630	-		
Prepaid expenses		0.000.000		0.000.000	4 550		
Due from other funds		6,328,932	-	6,328,932	,		
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital assets C		•	1 645 640	1 6/5 6/0			
NONCURRENT ASSETS	Due nom other lands		1,043,040	1,043,040	3,103,700		
Capital assets, not being depreciated 627,246 8,095,109 24,490,085 - Net Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 16,394,976 8,095,109 24,490,085 - Net Capital assets 17,022,222 8,095,109 25,117,331 Total Noncurrent Assets 17,022,222 8,095,109 25,117,331 Total Assets 17,022,222 8,095,109 25,117,331 Total Assets 17,022,222 8,095,109 25,117,331 Total Assets 24,094,784 9,740,749 33,835,533 3,881,303 3,8	Total Current Assets	7,072,562	1,645,640	8,718,202	3,681,303		
Capital assets, not being depreciated 627,246 - 627,246 - 627,246 - Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation 16,334,975 8,095,109 25,117,331 Net Capital Assets 17,022,222 8,095,109 25,117,331 Total Noncurrent Assets 17,022,222 8,095,109 25,117,331 Total Assets 24,094,784 9,740,749 33,835,533 3,881,303 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	NONCURRENT ASSETS						
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 16,394.976 8.095.109 24,490.085 Net Capital Assets 17,022.222 8.095.109 25,117,331 Total Noncurrent Assets 17,022.222 8.095.109 25,117,331 Total Assets 24,094.784 9,740,749 33,835.533 3.681,303 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to OPEB 192,076 192,076 Deferred outflows related to opensions 98,858 95,858 Deferred outflows related to pensions 98,858 125,920 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 413,854 413,854 Total Current Liabilities Claims payable	Capital assets						
Net Capital Assets	Capital assets, not being depreciated	627,246	-	627,246	-		
Total Noncurrent Assets	Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	16,394,976	8,095,109	24,490,085			
Deferration	Net Capital Assets	17,022,222	8,095,109	25,117,331			
DeFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to OPEB 192,076 192,076 - 192,076	Total Noncurrent Assets	17,022,222	8,095,109	25,117,331			
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	Total Assets	24,094,784	9,740,749	33,835,533	3,681,303		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB							
Deferred outflows related to pensions							
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date 125,920 - 125,920 - - 125,920 - 125,9	Deferred outflows related to OPEB	192,076	-		-		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred outflows related to pensions	95,858	-	95,858	-		
CURRENT LIABILITIES	Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	125,920		125,920			
CURRENT LIABILITIES	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	413,854		413,854			
CURRENT LIABILITIES	LIABILITIES						
Claims payable							
Accrued payroll 59,881 - 59,881 - 59,881 Security deposits - 9,202 9,202 - 9,202 - 9,202 - 9,202 - 9,202 - 9,202 - 9,202 - 9,202 - 9,202 - 9,202 - 9,202 - 9,203 - 1,253 - 1,253 - 2,253	Accounts payable	1,746,091	1,908	1,747,999	-		
Security deposits		-	-	-	838,890		
Uneamed revenue 423,652 - 423,652 - 423,652 - 423,652 - Accrued interest payable 27,253 - 27,253 - 27,253 - 250,000 - 250,000 - 250,000 - 250,000 - 250,000 - 250,000 - 250,000 - 250,000 - 250,000 - 29,243 - 29,243 - 29,243 - 29,243 - 29,243 - 20,273,355 - 20,273,355 - 20,273,355 - 20,273,355 - 20,273,355 - 20,273,37		59,881	-	,	-		
Accrued interest payable 27,253 27,253 2 Bonds payable 250,000 - 250,000 - Compensated absences 29,243 - 29,243 - Due to other funds 1,461,535 - 1,461,535 - Total Current Liabilities 3,997,655 11,110 4,008,765 838,890 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES Claims payable 7,279,227 - 7,279,227 <t< td=""><td></td><td>400.050</td><td>9,202</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>		400.050	9,202		-		
Bonds payable			-		-		
Compensated absences 29,243 20,243 20,243 20,243 20,243 20,243 20,243 20,243 20,243 20,243 20,243 20,243 20,243 20,243 20,243,247 20,273,979 20,273,979 20,273,277 20,273,277 20,273,279 2			-		-		
Due to other funds 1,461,535 - 1,461,535 - Total Current Liabilities 3,997,655 11,110 4,008,765 838,890 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES Claims payable - - - 2,733,979 Bonds payable 7,279,227 - 7,279,227 - 152,135 - Net pension obligation 152,135 - 152,135 - 152,135 - Total OPEB liability 934,821 - 934,821 - 934,821 - Compensated absences payable 64,846 - 64,846 - 64,846 - Total Long-Term Liabilities 8,431,029 - 8,431,029 2,733,979 Total Liabilities 12,428,684 11,110 12,439,794 3,572,869 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 229,466 - 229,466 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 392,619 - 392,619 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 622,085 - 622,085			-		-		
Total Current Liabilities 3,997,655 11,110 4,008,765 838,890	·	,	-		-		
Claims payable			11 110		929 900		
Claims payable - - 2,733,979 Bonds payable 7,279,227 - 7,279,227 - Net pension obligation 152,135 - 152,135 - Total OPEB liability 934,821 - 934,821 - Compensated absences payable 64,846 - 64,846 - Total Long-Term Liabilities 8,431,029 - 8,431,029 2,733,979 Total Liabilities 12,428,684 11,110 12,439,794 3,572,869 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to OPEB 229,466 - 229,466 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 392,619 - 392,619 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 622,085 - 622,085 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 10,236,625 8,095,109 18,331,734 - Unrestricted 1,221,244 1,634,530 2,855,774 108,434	l otal Current Liabilities	3,997,055		4,000,700	030,090		
Sonds payable 7,279,227 7,279,277 7,279,277 7,279,277 7,279,277 7,279,277 7,279,277 7,279,277 7,279,277 7,279,277 7,279,277 7,279,277 7,279,277							
Net pension obligation 152,135 - 152,135 - Total OPEB liability 934,821 - 934,821 - Compensated absences payable 64,846 - 64,846 - 64,846 - Total Long-Term Liabilities 8,431,029 - 8,431,029 2,733,979 Total Liabilities 12,428,684 11,110 12,439,794 3,572,869 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to OPEB 229,466 - 229,466 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 392,619 - 392,619 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 622,085 - 622,085 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 10,236,625 8,095,109 18,331,734 - Unrestricted 1,221,244 1,634,530 2,855,774 108,434			-		2,733,979		
Total OPEB liability 934,821 - 934,821 - 934,821 - - 64,846 - - 64,846 - - 64,846 - - 64,846 - - 64,846 - - 64,846 - - 64,846 - - 64,846 - - 64,846 - - 64,846 - - 64,846 - - 64,846 - - 64,846 - - - 64,846 - - - 8,431,029 2,733,979 -			-		-		
Compensated absences payable 64,846 - 64,846 - Total Long-Term Liabilities 8,431,029 - 8,431,029 2,733,979 Total Liabilities 12,428,684 11,110 12,439,794 3,572,869 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to OPEB 229,466 - 229,466 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 392,619 - 392,619 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 622,085 - 622,085 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 10,236,625 8,095,109 18,331,734 - Unrestricted 1,221,244 1,634,530 2,855,774 108,434	. •		-		-		
Total Long-Term Liabilities 8,431,029 - 8,431,029 2,733,979 Total Liabilities 12,428,684 11,110 12,439,794 3,572,869 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to OPEB 229,466 - 229,466 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 392,619 - 392,619 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 622,085 - 622,085 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 10,236,625 8,095,109 18,331,734 - Unrestricted 1,221,244 1,634,530 2,855,774 108,434			-		-		
Total Liabilities 12,428,684 11,110 12,439,794 3,572,869 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to OPEB 229,466 - 229,466 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 392,619 - 392,619 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 622,085 - 622,085 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 10,236,625 8,095,109 18,331,734 - Unrestricted 1,221,244 1,634,530 2,855,774 108,434					2 733 070		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to OPEB 229,466 - 229,466 - 392,619 - 392,619 - 502,085 - 622,0	-						
Deferred inflows related to OPEB 229,466 - 229,466 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 392,619 - 392,619 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 622,085 - 622,085 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 10,236,625 8,095,109 18,331,734 - Unrestricted 1,221,244 1,634,530 2,855,774 108,434	Total Liabilities	12,428,684	11,110	12,439,794	3,572,869		
Deferred inflows related to pensions 392,619 - 392,619 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 622,085 - 622,085 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 10,236,625 8,095,109 18,331,734 - Unrestricted 1,221,244 1,634,530 2,855,774 108,434	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 622,085 - 622,085 - NET POSITION Value of the investment in capital assets 10,236,625 8,095,109 18,331,734 - Unrestricted 1,221,244 1,634,530 2,855,774 108,434			-		-		
NET POSITION 10,236,625 8,095,109 18,331,734 - Unrestricted 1,221,244 1,634,530 2,855,774 108,434	Deferred inflows related to pensions	392,619		392,619			
Net investment in capital assets 10,236,625 8,095,109 18,331,734 - Unrestricted 1,221,244 1,634,530 2,855,774 108,434	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	622,085		622,085	-		
Unrestricted 1,221,244 1,634,530 2,855,774 108,434	NET POSITION						
	Net investment in capital assets	10,236,625	8,095,109	18,331,734	-		
Total Net Position \$ 11.457.869 \$ 9.729.639 \$ 21.187.508 \$ 108.434	Unrestricted	1,221,244	1,634,530	2,855,774	108,434		
<u> </u>	Total Net Position	\$ 11,457,869	\$ 9,729,639	\$ 21,187,508	\$ 108,434		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Business-Type		Governmental
	Utilities	Parking Garage	Total	Activities Internal Service
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services				
Billings	\$ 17,645,248	\$ -	\$ 17,645,248	\$ -
Penalties	426,489	-	426,489	-
Meter sales	82,540	-	82,540	-
Internal service charges	-	-	-	2,777,626
Other revenue	15,756	66,084	81,840	6,480
Total Operating Revenues	18,170,033	66,084	18,236,117	2,784,106
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits	2,028,610	-	2,028,610	-
Internal service fund charge	242,189	2,795	244,984	_
Cost of water	7,258,214	-	7,258,214	_
Contractual services	4,991,702	_	4,991,702	664,776
Utilities and cost of fuel	90,715	13,878	104,593	-
Repairs and maintenance	139,270	6,167	145,437	-
Postage, printing and publications	53,181		53,181	_
Commodities and supplies	194,296	_	194,296	_
Interdepartmental charges	1,276,234	_	1,276,234	_
Supplies	135	_	135	
Other general	5,049	_	5,049	_
Equipment lease	35,253		35,253	_
Claims expense	30,233		55,255	2,112,852
Capital outlay	89,015	-	89,015	2,112,002
Depreciation	1,265,729	226,365	1,492,094	
Total Operating Expenses	17,669,592	249,205	17,918,797	2,777,628
Operating Income (Loss)	500,441	(183,121)	317,320	6,478
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)				
Investment income				1,093
	(310,364)	-	(310,364)	1,000
Interest expense				
Total Non-operating Income (Expense)	(310,364)		(310,364)	1,093
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	190,077	(183,121)	6,956	7,571
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1	11,267,792	9,912,760	21,180,552	100,863
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	\$ 11,457,869	\$ 9,729,639	\$ 21,187,508	\$ 108,434

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Business-Type				G	overnmental		
		Utilities		Parking Garage		Total		Activities Internal Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from customers and users	\$	17,695,256	\$	67,901	\$	17,763,157	\$	2,784,807
Payments to employees		(2,093,371)		(40.407)		(2,093,371)		- (0.004.070)
Payments to suppliers		(12,867,825)		(18,137)		(12,885,962)		(2,221,972)
Payments for interfund services used	_	(1,518,423)		(2,795)	_	(1,521,218)		
Net cash from operating activities	_	1,215,637	_	46,969	_	1,262,606	_	562,835
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
(Increase) in interfund receivable		-		(46,969)		(46,969)		(583,577)
(Decrease) in interfund payable		(532,224)				(532,224)		-
Net cash from noncapital financing activities		(532,224)	_	(46,969)	_	(579,193)	_	(583,577)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(0.40.077)				(0.40.077)		
Interest paid on capital debt		(310,875)		-		(310,875)		-
Principal paid on debt		(197,288)		-		(197,288)		-
Purchase of capital assets	_	(303,000)			_	(303,000)	_	
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	_	(811,163)			_	(811,163)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income received		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>		1,093
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(127,750)		-		(127,750)		(19,649)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1	_	871,380			_	871,380		91,441
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$	743,630	\$		\$	743,630	\$	71,792
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating income (loss)	\$	500,441	\$	(183,121)	\$	317,320	\$	6,478
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
net cash from operating activities								
Depreciation		1,265,729		226,365		1,492,094		=
Changes in assets and liabilities								
Accounts receivable		(474,394)		1,817		(472,577)		701
Prepaid expense		-		-		-		(99,197)
Accounts payable		(10,995)		1,908		(9,087)		-
Accrued payroll and compensated absences		(23,107)		-		(23,107)		153,756
Unearned revenue		(383)		-		(383)		-
Net pension obligation		(647,535)		-		(647,535)		-
Net OPEB liability		(146,163)		-		(146,163)		-
Deferred outflow and inflow of resources Claims payable		752,044 <u>-</u>		- -		752,044 <u>-</u>		- 501,097
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	1,215,637	\$	46,969	\$	1,262,606	\$	562,835
CASH AND INVESTMENTS							_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	71,792
Restricted cash	_	743,630	_		_	743,630	_	
TOTAL CASH AND INVESTMENTS	\$	743,630	\$		\$	743,630	\$	71,792
NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS								
Contribution of capital assets	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Communication or paper accord	Ψ	=	Ψ	=	Ψ	=	Ψ	=

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS **December 31, 2020**

ASSETS		
Cash and investments		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,790,635
Investments		
U.S. Government and agency securities		28,698,527
Corporate bonds		27,548,512
Equities		15,873,421
Equity mutual funds		105,632,847
State and local obligations		1,171,150
Insurance contracts		200,180
Total Cash and Investments		181,915,272
Receivables		
Accrued interest		271,352
Due from governmental funds		11,342
Total Receivables		282,694
Prepaids		1,850
·		<u> </u>
Total Assets		182,199,816
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		74,503
Due to governmental funds		844
•		
Total Liabilities		75,347
NET POSITION DESTRICTED FOR RENGIONS	•	100 101 100
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	\$	182,124,469

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION **PENSION TRUST FUNDS**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

ADDITIONS	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 2,721,454
Participants	1,786,040
Total Contributions	4,507,494
Investment income	
Net appreciation in	
fair value of investments	18,466,448
Interest earned	3,577,325
Less investment expenses	(357,538)
Total Investment Income	21,686,235
Total Additions	26,193,729
DEDUCTIONS	
Administrative	195,299
Pension benefits and refunds	11,480,291
Total Deductions	11,675,590
NET INCREASE	14,518,139
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS - January 1	167,606,330
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS - December 31	<u>\$ 182,124,469</u>

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Berwyn, Illinois (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)), as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's and Berwyn Development Corporation's (the BDC) accounting policies are described below.

<u>Reporting Entity</u>: As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component unit.

The City's financial statements include two pension trust funds.

Police Pension Fund — The City's police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected pension beneficiary, and two elected police employees constitute the pension board. The City and PPERS participants are obligated to fund all PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it possesses many of the characteristics of a legally separate government, the PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the City's police employees, and because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. The PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund.

Firefighters' Pension Fund – The City's firefighters participate in the Firefighters' Pension Employees Retirement System (FPERS). FPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two are appointed by the City's Mayor, two are elected from active participants, and one is elected from retired participants of the Fund. The City and FPERS participants are obligated to fund all FPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it possesses many of the characteristics of a legally separate government, the FPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the City's firefighters and because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. The FPERS is reported as a pension trust fund.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The City's financial statements also include two component units.

Discretely Presented Component Unit – Berwyn Development Corporation (the BDC) – The BDC provides low-interest lending assistance to local businesses. The City guarantees the lines of credits used to fund these loans and approves all loans to local businesses. Therefore, the BDC is fiscally dependent on the City. In addition, the BDC manages loans provided directly by the City to local businesses and also manages the City's tax increment financing projects. Separately issued audited financial statements can be obtained by mailing a request to the Berwyn Development Corporation, 3322 S. Oak Park Ave, Second Floor, Berwyn, IL 60402.

Blended Component Unit - Berwyn Municipal Securitization Corporation (the BMSC) - The BMSC was established on February 12, 2019 for the purpose of issuing bonds on behalf of the City in order to provide funding for any lawful purpose of the City including but not limited to the funding of capital and infrastructure projects, the refunding of certain outstanding tax-exempt and taxable general obligation bonds, the repayment of the bank line of credit, and the funding of the City's Police and Firefighter Pension Funds. To repay the debt service associated with the bonds issued by the BMSC, the City has sold and assigned its home rule sales tax, local share sales tax, state use tax and state income tax revenues to the BMSC in order to make such payments. Pursuant to State of Illinois Public Act 100-0023, the sale resulted in a "statutory lien" that would insulate the sales and assignment from unfavorable actions in the event of a bankruptcy or other reorganization of the City. The Board of the BMSC consists of three voting members: the City Treasurer and two Independent Directors who are independent of the City. Each Independent Director is appointed to a term of four years by the Mayor, with the approval of a majority vote of the City Council. In the event that the position of City Treasurer is vacant, a replacement director shall be appointed by the City's Mayor with the approval of the Council to serve until a new Treasurer is elected. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained on the City's website (www.berwyn-il.gov).

<u>Fund Accounting</u>: The City uses funds to report on its financial position, changes in financial position, and cash flows. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into the following categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of restricted or committed monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of governmental long-term debt (debt service funds).

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the City (internal service funds).

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the City.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Interfund services provided and used between funds have not been eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and shared revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items are not included among program revenues but are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, not accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the accumulation of resources restricted, committed, or assigned to the payment of governmental long-term debt, other than debt service payments made by the proprietary funds.

<u>Berwyn Municipal Securitization Fund</u> is used to account for the activities of the Berwyn Municipal Securitization Corporation including the issuance of debt for the benefit of the City as well as the receipt of sales and income tax revenues pledged by the City in order to pay debt service related to the bonds issued.

<u>Public Safety Pension Funding Fund</u> was created in 2019 to account for revenues restricted for making the City's contributions to the police and fire pension funds and the related expenditures. This includes a restricted property tax levy and proceeds from bonds issued for pension funding.

The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

The City reports Pension Trust Funds as fiduciary funds to account for the Firefighters' Pension Fund and the Police Pension Fund.

The City reports the following proprietary funds:

<u>The Utilities Fund</u>, an enterprise fund, is used to account for water, sewer, and garbage services provided to the residents of the City. The Utilities Fund is a major fund.

<u>The Parking Garage Fund</u>, an enterprise fund, is used to account for the operation of the municipal parking garage in the South Berwyn TIF District. The Parking Garage Fund is a major fund.

<u>The Self Insurance Retention Fund</u>, an internal service fund, is used to account for the liability and workers' compensation claims of the City.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Operating revenues and expenses are directly attributable to the operation of the proprietary funds. Non-operating revenue/expenses are incidental to the operations of these funds.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, usually 90 days. The City recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in the year intended to finance. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as expenditures when due.

Sales taxes owed from the state at year end, franchise taxes, licenses, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Income and motor fuel taxes and fines collected and held by the state or county at year end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue. Fines and permits revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

In applying the susceptible-to-accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidelines. Monies that are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure, which are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements, are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible-to-accrual criteria are met.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The City reports unavailable/unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unavailable/unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" or "earned" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unavailable/unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unavailable/unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

All proprietary funds and pension trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City's proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u>: Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased and non-negotiable certificates of deposit are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value measurements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy established GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u>: During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the financial statements. Short-term interfund loans, if any, are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." Long term receivables and payables are classified as "advance from other funds" or "advance to other funds".

Advances between funds are offset by a nonspendable or restricted fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Internal service transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except internal services transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

<u>Prepaid Items/Expenses</u>: Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses under the consumption method.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, storm sewers, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs, including street overlays, that do not add to the value or service capacity of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Vehicles5 - 20 yearsEquipment5 - 15 yearsLand improvements18 - 25 yearsBuildings15 - 50 yearsInfrastructure17 - 75 years

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

end of the fiscal year.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Deferred outflows/inflows of resources</u>: In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources represent a consumption or acquisition of net assets, respectively, that apply to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) or an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

The items that qualify for reporting in this category for the City relate to the City's pension plans, the OPEB plan, deferred loss on debt refunding and unearned property taxes. The amounts related to the pension and OPEB plans and the method by which they are recognized as revenue or expense are as follows:

	<u>Description of Amount</u>	<u>Recognition</u>
1.	The effect of differences between	Over the average of the expected
	expected and actual experience	remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pension/OPEB benefits
2.	Changes of assumptions	Same as above
3.	The net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	Over a five year period
4.	Contributions to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund by the City subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability (December 31, 2019) and before the	Expensed in the subsequent fiscal year

The deferred loss on the refunding of debt is being recognized in interest expense over the shorter of the remaining life of the old or the new debt.

Finally, deferred revenue related to property taxes is reported in both the governmental funds and the government wide statements because they represent property taxes that are a current receivable but are intended to finance future periods.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Under terms of employment and various union contracts, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

Vacation time does not accumulate. For certain bargaining units, current employees may receive compensation for up to 10 days of unused vacation time. For all other employees, any vacation time not taken by current employees is forfeited. Upon termination or resignation during the year, employees are compensated for that year's earned vacation time. As such, no liability is reported for unused vacation time.

Employee's bank. Employees' banks are capped at 30 - 40 days, depending on the applicable contract. After year end, any days in excess of the cap are purchased back by the City. Upon retirement, certain employees are eligible to have their sick leave paid out. Upon termination or resignation, no compensation for unused sick leave is made. However, unused sick leave may be converted to years of service for IMRF purposes. The City has accrued all accumulated sick leave as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. Only the portion of sick leave purchased back in the following year is accrued within the fund statements. At December 31, 2020, the City reported \$1,515,366 within its General Fund and \$29,243 within its Utilities Fund related to sick leave purchased back for 2020. The balances are recorded as a portion of the noncurrent liabilities – due within one year balances on the Statement of Net Position for both governmental and business-type activities.

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u>: In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as losses on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds on the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Losses on refunding are reported as deferred outflows.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Fund Balances/Net Position</u>: In compliance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board's (GASB) Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the fund balance section of the balance sheet of the governmental funds includes the following line items:

- a) Nonspendable fund balance is inherently nonspendable, such as portions of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form and portions of net resources that cannot be spent because they must be maintained intact.
- b) Restricted fund balance is externally enforceable limitations on use, such as limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments as well as limitations imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. In the TIF funds, land for resale will be classified as restricted instead of nonspendable as proceeds from the sale of those assets will be restricted for future economic development. Amounts restricted for public safety are for fire (\$57,328), the 911 dispatch center (\$1,087,121) and police (\$601,012). Amounts restricted for public works are for street and highway maintenance. Amounts restricted for culture and recreation are for the library. Amounts restricted for economic development are for TIF eligible costs.
- c) Committed fund balance has self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the period. The limitations are imposed at the highest level of decision making that requires formal action at the same level to remove. For the City, the City Council is the highest level of decision-making, and has the ability to vote to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment by passage of a City ordinance. As of December 31, 2020, the City has committed fund balance for capital projects funded with bond proceeds.
- d) Assigned fund balance has limitations resulting from intended use consisting of amounts where the intended use is established by the official designated by the City Council for that purpose. Through the adopted Fund Balance Policy, the Finance Director has been designated by the City Council to determine the intent of funds and assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The City Administrator has been entrusted with reviewing and approving the assignment made by the Finance Director. As of December 31, 2020, the City has assigned fund balance for the purpose of replacing gas pumps under control of the City's Public Works Department and for future community events.
- e) Unassigned fund balance is the total fund balance in the general fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance. Negative fund balances in governmental funds other than the general fund are also unassigned.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

If there is an expenditure incurred for purposes for which restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance classifications could be used, then the City will consider restricted fund balance to be spent first, then committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and finally unassigned fund balance.

The City's policy requires fund balance in the General and Library Funds to be 16% of the next year's budget to fund January and February's expenditures of the following year as property tax revenues funding the following year are not received until March. The Motor Fuel Tax Fund shall be maintained at a minimum of 15% of the following year's expected capital projects. The Utilities Fund shall be maintained at a minimum of 10% of the subsequent year's budget in preparation for unforeseen expenditures. The City will strive to ensure that all remaining funds have a positive fund balance.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Net investment in capital assets represents the book value of capital assets less any long-term debt principal outstanding issued to construct capital assets. In cases where either restricted or unrestricted funds can be used to pay expenditures, restricted funds will be used first until exhausted.

Restricted Cash: Property taxes levied for the purpose of making debt service payments on the 2008-2014 bond issues are required by bond covenants to be directly deposited in an escrow account. The balance of that escrow account at December 31, 2020 is classified as restricted cash on the balance sheet because its use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The restricted cash balance is \$152,800 and is to be used to make future interest payments on June 1, 2021.

In addition, \$894,208 of the 2020 TIF bond issue is being held in an escrow account for future interest payments (\$180,208) and as a debt service reserve fund (\$714,000).

Finally, unspent bond proceeds in the amount of \$743,630 to be used for a capital project in the Utilities Fund are classified as restricted cash on the Statement of Net Position.

Accounting Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Deficit Fund Balances</u>: The City had deficit fund balances as follows at December 31, 2020:

	Deficit	
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Balance</u>	Explanation/Resolution
CDBG	\$ 241,643	Expenditures for which grant revenue was not received
		The City will evaluate the need for a General Fund subsidy
Ogden Ave TIF	15,200	Property tax refunds from expired TIF
		The City will evaluate the need for a General Fund subsidy
Ridgeland Ave TIF	2,025	Expected to be repaid from future tax increment
Debt Service	45,626,375	Advances stemming from the bond issuance of the Berwyn Municipal
		Securitization Corporation to be amortized over the life of the related bonds
Public Safety Pension Funding	28,908,780	Advances stemming from the bond issuance of the Berwyn Municipal
		Securitization Corporation to be amortized over the life of the related bonds
State Asset Forfeiture	22,002	Expected to be repaid from future recognition of unearned revenues

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

<u>City Deposits and Investments</u>: The City's cash and investments (including pension funds) at year end were comprised of the following:

ота то от тритов от то	Carrying Value	Bank Balance	Associated Risk
Demand Deposits Illinois Funds	\$ 28,253,529 11,983,420	\$ 29,191,214 11,969,923	Custodial credit deposits Credit rate risk
Certificates of deposit U.S. Treasury	633,710 11,539,911	633,710 11,539,911	Custodial credit deposits Custodial credit investments and interest rate risks
U.S. agencies	17,158,616	17,158,616	Custodial credit investments, credit, concentration of credit and interest rate risk
Insurance Company Contracts	200,180	200,180	Credit and interest rate
Corporate bonds	27,548,512	27,548,512	Custodial credit, credit, and interest rate risk
Equities	15,873,421	15,873,421	Custodial credit risk
Equity mutual funds	105,632,847	105,632,847	Custodial credit risk Custodial credit, credit,
State and local obligations	<u>1,171,150</u>	<u>1,171,150</u>	and interest rate risk
	\$ 219,995,296	\$ 220,919,484	
Reconciliation to financial statements Per Statement of Net Position			
Cash and investments	\$ 36,287,500		
Restricted cash Per Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -	1,792,524		
Total Cash and Investments	181,915,272		
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 219,995,296		

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The City's investment policy authorizes the City to invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and Illinois Funds. Pension funds may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations, Illinois municipal corporations tax anticipation warrants, veteran's loans, obligations of the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, and Illinois insurance company general and separate accounts, corporate bonds, mutual funds and equity securities.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at Illinois Funds' share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

It is the policy of the City to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety of principal, liquidity, and rate of return.

Custodial Credit Risk: Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it.

The City's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance with the collateral held at an independent third-party institution in the name of the City. As of December 31, 2020, all of the City's bank balances were either insured or collateralized.

Investments: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

To limit its exposure, the City's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by a third party custodian designated by the City, in the City's name.

Credit Risk: Credit Risk – is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation.

The City limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by investing in external investment pools. Illinois Funds is rated AAA.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

In accordance with its investment policy, the City limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the City has a high percentage of their investments invested in one type of investment. At December 31, 2020, none of the City's deposits were subject to such risk. The City's investment policy requires diversification of investment to avoid unreasonable risk but has no set percentage limits.

Police Pension Deposits and Investments: The Police Pension Fund's investment policy authorizes the Police Pension Fund to invest in all investments allowed by the Illinois Pension Code contained in Chapter 40 of Illinois Compiled Statutes. These include deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, interest bearing obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, interest bearing bonds of the State of Illinois or any county, township or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois, direct obligations of the State of Israel, money market mutual funds whose investments consist of obligations of the U.S. Treasury or U.S. agencies, separate accounts managed by life insurance companies, mutual funds, corporate bonds, common and preferred stock and the Illinois Funds (created by the Illinois State Legislature under the control of the State Treasurer that maintains a \$1 per share value which is equal to the participants fair value).

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

It is the policy of the Police Pension Fund to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the cash flow demands of the Police Pension Fund and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety of principal, rate of return, public trust and liquidity.

Custodial Credit Risk: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Police Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. At December 31, 2020, the entire amount of the bank balance of the Pension Fund's deposits were covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance. The Pension Fund's investment policy does not require pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance, since flow-through Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance is available for the Pension Fund's deposits with financial institutions.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Police Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. Money market mutual funds and equity mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk. Although not specifically required by the investment policy, the Police Pension Fund limits its exposure by requiring the investment custodian to acquire an excess Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) policy to provide the same coverage for the portfolio as would be provided by the SIPC.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the Police Pension Fund's investment policy, the Police Pension Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity while at the same time matching investment maturities to projected fund liabilities.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

As of December 31, 2020, the Police Pension Fund's investments in debt securities were as follows:

	Maturity in Years								
	<u>Less than</u>								
	tment Type & local	Fair Value	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>1 - 5</u>	<u>6 - 10</u>	Over 10			
obliga	ations	\$ 442,950	\$ 75,000	\$ 155,623	\$ 101,832	\$ 110,495			
U.S.	Treasury	7,455,110	-	2,904,278	4,550,832	-			
U.S. A	Agencies	11,933,200	7,700,366	702,965	806,473	2,723,396			
Corpo	orate bonds	15,174,494	280,257	6,315,366	7,197,030	<u>1,381,841</u>			
	Total	\$35,005,754	\$ 8,055,623	\$10,078,232	\$12,656,167	\$ 4,215,732			

Credit Risk: The Police Pension Fund limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in securities issued by the U.S. Government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The investments in State and Local Obligations were rated AA or higher and the securities of U.S. Government Agencies were all rated AAA by Standard & Poor's or by Moody's Investors Services or were small issues that were unrated. In August 2011, U.S Treasury and government agency security ratings were downgraded by Standard & Poor's rating agency to AA+. Unrated or underrated investments individually are under \$1,000,000 and total \$6,161,301. Corporate bonds were rated BBB or higher by Standard & Poor's or by Moody's Investors Services.

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy also prescribes to the "prudent person" rule, which states, "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the primary objective of safety as well as the secondary objective of the attainment of market rates of return."

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Police Pension Fund has a high percentage of their investments invested in one issuer. The Police Pension Fund does not have a formal written policy with regards to concentration credit risk for investments. At December 31, 2020, the Police Pension Fund does not have any investments over 5 percent of net position (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government, investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments). Agency investments represent a large portion of the portfolio; however, the investments are diversified by maturity date and are backed by the issuing organization. Although unlike the US Treasury, agency securities do not have the "full faith and credit" backing of the U.S. Government, they are considered to have a moral obligation of implicit backing and are supported by the US Treasury lines of credit and

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

increasingly stringent federal regulation.

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk. The Police Pension Fund's investment policy has a stated target that 38% of its portfolio be in fixed income securities, a 33% target in domestic equities, a 24% target in international equities, a 3% target in REITs with the remaining 2% to be in cash and equivalents. The Police Pension Fund has diversified its insurance contract and equity mutual fund holdings as follows:

Vanguard 500 Index Admiral Fund	\$ 23,768,506
Vanguard Total International Stock Index Fund	9,786,793
Vanguard Emerging Markets Stock Index Fund	7,344,961
Thornburg International Growth Fund	5,621,707
Artisan Mid Cap Fund	4,348,676
Tweedy Browne Global Value Fund	4,286,265
Vanguard Small Cap Index Funds	4,079,734
Voya Real Estate Fund	2,481,550
Vanguard Mid Cap Index Funds	735,466
Putnam Insurance	29,592

The Police Pension Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2020:

	Fair Value Measurements Using							
	De	Total ecember 31, 2020	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Unol I	nificant oservable nputs evel 3)
Debt Securities:								
U.S. Treasuries	\$	7,455,110	\$	7,455,110	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Agencies		11,933,200		-	11,933	,200		-
Corporate Bonds		15,174,494		-	15,174	,494		-
State and Local Obligations		442,950		-	442,	950		-
Equity Securities:								
Insurance Contracts		29,562		29,562		-		-
Equity Securities:		10,689,655		10,689,655		-		-
Mutual Funds		62,453,658		62,453,658		<u> </u>		
Total Investments	\$ 1	<u>108,178,629</u>	\$	80,627,985	\$ 27,550	<u>,644</u>	\$	

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Firefighters' Pension Deposits and Investments</u>: The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy authorizes the Firefighters' Pension Fund to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes. These include deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, corporate bonds, equities, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services and the Illinois Funds (created by the Illinois State Legislature under the control of the State Treasurer that maintains a \$1 per share value which is equal to the participants fair value). The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy does limit its deposits to financial institutions that are members of the FDIC system and are capable of posting collateral for amounts in excess of FDIC insurance.

It is the policy of the Firefighters' Pension Fund to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Firefighters' Pension Fund and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety of principal, liquidity and rate of return.

Custodial Credit Risk: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Firefighters' Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. At December 31, 2020, the entire bank balance of the Pension Fund's deposits was insured and collateralized. The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy does not require pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance, since flow-through FDIC insurance is available for the Firefighters' Pension Fund's deposits with financial institutions.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Firefighters' Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. Money market mutual funds and equity mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk. Although not specifically required by the investment policy, the Firefighters' Pension Fund limits its exposure by requiring the investment custodian to acquire an excess SIPC policy to provide the same coverage for the portfolio as would be provided by the SIPC.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: In accordance with its investment policy, the Firefighters' Pension Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

As of December 31, 2020, the Firefighters' Pension Fund's investments matured as follows:

	_	Maturity in Years						
		Less than						
Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>1 - 5</u>	<u>6 - 10</u>	<u>Over 10</u>			
U.S. Treasury	\$ 4,084,801	\$ -	\$ 1,147,302	\$ 2,937,499	\$ -			
U.S. Agencies	5,225,416	4,946,567	79,868	-	198,981			
Corporate bonds	12,374,018	758,314	6,751,625	4,255,936	608,143			
State and local								
obligations	728,200	<u>110,857</u>	185,532	256,396	<u>175,415</u>			
Total	\$ 22,412,435	\$ 5,815,738	\$ 8,164,327	\$ 7,449,831	\$ 982,539			

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Fund helps limit its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in securities issued by the United States Government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. The Pension Fund's investment policy establishes criteria for allowable investments; those criteria follow the requirements of the Illinois Pension Code. The Investments in State and Local Obligations were rated AA or higher and the securities of U.S. Government Agencies were all rated AAA by Standard & Poor's or by Moody's Investors Services or were small issues that were unrated. In August 2011, U.S Treasury and government agency security ratings were downgraded by Standard & Poor's rating agency to AA+. Unrated or underrated investments individually total \$1,445,976 as of December 31, 2020. Corporate bonds were rated BBB or higher by Standard & Poor's or by Moody's Investors Services.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy also prescribes to the "prudent person" rule, which states, "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the primary objective of safety as well as the secondary objective of the attainment of market rates of return."

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Firefighters' Pension Fund has a high percentage of their investments invested in one issuer. The Firefighter's Pension Fund does not have a formal written policy with regards to concentration credit risk for investments. At December 31, 2020, the Firefighter's Pension Fund does not have any investments over 5 percent of net position (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government,

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments). Agency investments represent a large portion of the portfolio; however, the investments are diversified by maturity date and are backed by the issuing organization. Although unlike the US Treasuries, agency securities do not have the "full faith and credit" backing of the U.S. Government, they are considered to have a moral obligation of implicit backing and are supported by the US Treasury lines of credit and increasingly stringent federal regulation.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk. The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy has a stated target that 38% of its portfolio be in fixed income securities, a 33% target in domestic equities, a 24% target in international equities, a 3% target in REITs with the remaining 2% to be in cash and equivalents. The Fire Pension Fund has diversified its insurance contract and equity mutual fund holdings as follows:

Vanguard 500 Index Admiral Fund	\$ 16,978,057
Harding Loevner Emerging Markets Advisor Fund	5,288,134
Thornburg International Growth Fund	5,111,998
Harding Loevner International Equity Portfolio	4,758,950
Vanguard Total International Stock Index Fund	4,239,399
Vanguard Small Cap Index Funds	2,706,929
Madison Mid Cap Growth Fund	2,175,060
Cohen & Steers Realty Shares Fund	1,920,662
Prudential Insurance	170,618

The Firefighters' Pension Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2020:

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

	Fair Value Measurements Using							
				in Active		Significant		
			1	Markets for		Other	Sig	nificant
				Identical		Observable	Uno	bservable
	D	ecember 31,		Assets		Inputs	I	nputs
Investment by Fair Value Level		<u>2020</u>		(Level 1)	(Level 2)		<u>(L</u>	evel 3)
Debt Securities								
U.S. Treasuries	\$	4,084,801	\$	4,084,801	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Agencies		5,225,416		-		5,225,416		-
Corporate Bonds		12,374,018		-		12,374,018		-
State and Local Obligations		728,200		-		728,200		-
Equity Securities								
Insurance Contracts		170,618		170,618		-		-
Equity Securities		5,183,766		5,183,766		-		-
Mutual Funds		43,179,189		43,179,189		-		-
							-	
Total Investments	\$	70,946,008	\$	52,618,374	\$	18,327,634	\$	

B. Receivables

<u>Property Taxes</u>: Property taxes for 2020 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2020 on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about March 1 and August 1 and are payable in two installments, on or about April 1 and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The 2020 tax levy is intended to finance operations for 2021 and is therefore recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

<u>CDBG Rehabilitation Notes Receivable</u>: The City makes loans to city residents for the rehabilitation of single-family housing. Initial funding for these loans was from Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds. These loans are title transfer loans which are due in full only when the housing unit is sold. Repayments of principal on these receivables, which are recorded in the CDBG Fund, are used to make additional rehabilitation loans. Loan activity for the current year is summarized as follows:

	Interest	Beginning	Loans			Loan	Ending
Original Loan	Rates	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Made</u>	Rep	<u>ayments</u>	Write-Offs	<u>Balance</u>
CDBG Rehab Loan	<u>0</u> %	\$2,254,514	\$ 35,223	\$	88,190	\$ -	\$2,201,547

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The entire balance of the CDBG Rehab loans are included in unearned revenue.

<u>Berwyn Development Corporation Notes Receivable</u>: The City provides low interest lending assistance to local businesses through its partnership with the BDC. The loans are administered by the BDC. Notes outstanding at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

<u>Ori</u>	ginal Loan	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Loans <u>Issued</u>		Principal <u>Paid/Reduced</u>		Ending <u>Balance</u>	
\$	35,000	\$ 20,222	\$	_	\$	5,066	\$ 15,157	

• \$35,000 note receivable in 60 consecutive principal and interest payments of \$231 commencing February 14, 2011 and one final payment of all outstanding liabilities on January 14, 2015. Interest accrues on unpaid balances at a rate of 5% per annum. The note was renegotiated in January of 2013. The renegotiated note provides for payments of \$231 commencing January 14, 2013 through January 30, 2030 at a rate of 5% per annum.

<u>Accounts Receivable</u>: The accounts receivable as disclosed on the government-wide financial statements were comprised of the following:

	Gove	ernmental	Business-Type		
<u>Description</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>ctivities</u>	<u>Activities</u>		
	•	4 447 050	•		
Ambulance	\$	1,417,356	\$ -		
Utility billings		-	6,879,993		
Allowance for uncollectible		(439,477)	(632,944)		
Franchise fees		94,322	-		
E-911		251,892	-		
Other	_	856,438	<u>81,883</u>		
Total	\$	2,180,531	\$ 6,328,932		

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Unavailable/Unearned Revenue</u>: Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are unavailable and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
<u>Unavailable:</u>	
Subsequent year's tax levy	\$ 34,125,012
<u>Unearned:</u>	
CDBG loan program	2,201,547
State asset forfeiture	33,785
TIF repayment agreement	2,000
Total Unearned Revenue	2,237,332
Total	\$ 36,362,344

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

Primary	Balance			Balance
<u>Government</u>	January 1	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	December 31
Government activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 10,310,603	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,310,603
CIP	662,954	44,396	382,850	324,500
Total Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated	10,973,557	44,396	<u>382,850</u>	10,635,103
Capital assets being depreciated				
Vehicles	9,594,133	706,106	73,477	10,226,762
Equipment	3,431,176	280,939	-	3,712,115
Land improvements	12,573,102	287,150	-	12,860,252
Buildings	16,447,055	147,736	-	16,594,791
Infrastructure	59,610,816	499,386	656,106	<u>59,454,096</u>
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated	101,656,282	1,921,317	729,583	102,848,016
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Vehicles	6,449,098	576,098	73,477	6,951,719
Equipment	2,539,193	193,134	-	2,732,327
Land improvements	5,204,069	443,121	-	5,647,190
Buildings	6,774,113	369,611	-	7,143,724
Infrastructure	41,461,438	<u>595,956</u>	656,106	41,401,288
Total Accumulated Depreciation	62,427,911	2,177,920	729,583	63,876,248
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated, Net	39,228,371	(256,603)	-	38,971,768
Total Government Activities	\$ 50,201,928	\$ (212,207)	\$ 382,850	\$ 49,606,871

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

<u>Function</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Government Activities	
General government	\$ 140,603
Public safety	756,349
Public works	1,051,989
Economic development	72,134
Culture and recreation	<u> 156,845</u>
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 2,177,920</u>

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Primary <u>Government</u>	Balance January 1	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	Balance December 31
Business-Type Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 24,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,600
CIP	520,196	82,450		602,646
Total Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated	544,796	82,450	<u>-</u>	627,246
Capital assets being depreciated				
Vehicles	979,203	-	-	979,203
Land improvements	251,291	-	-	251,291
Buildings	11,203,924	-	-	11,203,924
Equipment	1,033,373	-	-	1,033,373
Infrastructure	121,525,628	220,550	<u>-</u> _	121,746,178
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated	134,993,419	220,550		135,213,969
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Vehicles	438,420	64,272	-	502,692
Land improvements	251,291	-	-	251,291
Buildings	2,728,497	232,986	-	2,961,483
Equipment	327,717	66,603	-	394,320
Infrastructure	105,485,865	1,128,233		106,614,098
Total Accumulated Depreciation	109,231,790	1,492,094		110,723,884
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated, Net	25,761,629	(1,271,544)		24,490,085
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>\$26,306,425</u>	\$ (1,189,094)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$25,117,331</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows: <u>Function</u> <u>Amount</u>

Business-Type Activities

Utilities \$ 1,265,729

Parking garage \$ 226,365

Total Business-Type Activities \$ 1,492,094

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Interfund Disclosures

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	Principal Purpose
Major Governmental Fund			
General Fund	CDBG	\$ 232,887	Reimburse Op. Acct.
General Fund	NSP	10	Reimburse Op. Acct.
General Fund	MFT	2,539,018	Reimburse Op. Acct.
General Fund	South Berwyn TIF	550,683	Reimburse Op. Acct.
General Fund	Ridgeland TIF	2,025	Reimburse Op. Acct.
General Fund	Roosevelt Road TIF	14,769	Reimburse Op. Acct.
General Fund	State Asset Forfeiture	238,056	Reimburse Op. Acct.
General Fund	Emergency 911	566	Reimburse Op. Acct.
General Fund	Foreign Fire Insurance	1	Reimburse Op. Acct.
General Fund	Library	29	Reimburse Op. Acct.
General Fund	BMSC	1,448,238	Reimburse Op. Acct.
General Fund	Utilities Fund	1,461,535	Reimburse Op. Acct.
Total General Fund		6,487,817	
Public Safety Pension Funding	General Fund	5,903	Transfer of funds
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	1,486,017	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	:		
Capital Projects	General Fund	1,289	Miscellaneous
Library Fund	General Fund	14,474	Tax Collections
Ogden Ave TIF	General Fund	66,205	
Grants Police Seizure	General Fund General Fund	2,352 3,199	
Harlem Ave TIF	General Fund	118,769	
Total Nonmajor Funds	ocherar i una	206,288	
Total Notifinajor Funus			
Proprietary Funds:			
Parking Garage	General Fund	1,645,640	Permit revenues
Internal Service	General Fund	3,185,768	Reimbursement of claims
		4,831,408	
Total		6,529,616	

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

These interfunds are expected to be repaid during 2021.

In addition, long term interfund balances are displayed as advances to/from other funds as follows:

Advance from	<u>Advance to</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Berwyn Municipal Securities	Public Safety Pension Funding	\$28,911,060
Berwyn Municipal Securities	Debt Service	47,203,759
Total		<u>\$76,114,819</u>

These advances represent the proceeds from the 2019 bond issue which are being amortized over the life of the bonds as discussed in Note 3K.

<u>Transfers</u>: Transfers between funds during the year were as follows:

Major Governmental Funds:Debt Service FundBerwyn Municipal Securitization\$ 1,285,939Advance amortizationDebt Service FundGeneral Fund64,299Debt serviceDebt Service FundRoosevelt Road TIF286,825Debt serviceDebt Service FundSouth Berwyn TIF536,167Debt serviceTotal Debt Service Fund2,173,230Debt servicePublic Safety Pension FundingBerwyn Municipal Securitization718,744Advance amortizationGeneral FundBerwyn Municipal Securitization12,972,058Residual certificateNonmajor Governmental Funds:Ogden Ave TIFGeneral Fund64,299MiscellaneousNSPGeneral Fund134,736Fund closureTotal Nonmajor Funds199,035	Fund Transferred To Fund Transferred From		Amount	Principal Purpose
Debt Service Fund General Fund Fund Funding Funding General Fund Funding F				
Debt Service Fund General Fund 64,299 Debt service Debt Service Fund Roosevelt Road TIF 286,825 Debt service Debt Service Fund South Berwyn TIF 536,167 Debt service Total Debt Service Fund 2,173,230 Public Safety Pension Funding Berwyn Municipal Securitization 718,744 Advance amortization General Fund Berwyn Municipal Securitization 12,972,058 Residual certificate Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Ogden Ave TIF General Fund 64,299 Miscellaneous NSP General Fund 134,736 Fund closure	Major Governmental Funds:			
Debt Service Fund Roosevelt Road TIF 286,825 Debt service Debt Service Fund South Berwyn TIF 536,167 Total Debt Service Fund 2,173,230 Public Safety Pension Funding Berwyn Municipal Securitization 718,744 Advance amortization General Fund Berwyn Municipal Securitization 12,972,058 Residual certificate Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Ogden Ave TIF General Fund 64,299 Miscellaneous NSP General Fund 134,736 Fund closure	Debt Service Fund	Berwyn Municipal Securitization	\$ 1,285,939	Advance amortization
Debt Service Fund South Berwyn TIF 536,167 Total Debt Service Fund 2,173,230 Public Safety Pension Funding Berwyn Municipal Securitization 718,744 Advance amortization General Fund Berwyn Municipal Securitization 12,972,058 Residual certificate Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Ogden Ave TIF General Fund 64,299 Miscellaneous NSP General Fund 134,736 Fund closure	Debt Service Fund	General Fund	64,299	Debt service
Total Debt Service Fund Public Safety Pension Funding Berwyn Municipal Securitization 718,744 Advance amortization General Fund Berwyn Municipal Securitization 12,972,058 Residual certificate Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Ogden Ave TIF General Fund 64,299 Miscellaneous NSP General Fund 134,736 Fund closure	Debt Service Fund	Roosevelt Road TIF	286,825	Debt service
Public Safety Pension Funding Berwyn Municipal Securitization 718,744 Advance amortization General Fund Berwyn Municipal Securitization 12,972,058 Residual certificate Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Ogden Ave TIF General Fund 64,299 Miscellaneous NSP General Fund 134,736 Fund closure	Debt Service Fund	South Berwyn TIF	536,167	Debt service
General Fund Berwyn Municipal Securitization 12,972,058 Residual certificate Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Ogden Ave TIF General Fund 64,299 Miscellaneous NSP General Fund 134,736 Fund closure	Total Debt Service Fund		2,173,230	
General Fund Berwyn Municipal Securitization 12,972,058 Residual certificate Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Ogden Ave TIF General Fund 64,299 Miscellaneous NSP General Fund 134,736 Fund closure				
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Ogden Ave TIF General Fund 64,299 Miscellaneous NSP General Fund 134,736 Fund closure	Public Safety Pension Funding	Berwyn Municipal Securitization	718,744	Advance amortization
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Ogden Ave TIF General Fund 64,299 Miscellaneous NSP General Fund 134,736 Fund closure				
Ogden Ave TIF General Fund 64,299 Miscellaneous NSP General Fund 134,736 Fund closure	General Fund	Berwyn Municipal Securitization	12,972,058	Residual certificate
Ogden Ave TIF General Fund 64,299 Miscellaneous NSP General Fund 134,736 Fund closure	Nonmaior Governmental Funds	:		
NSP General Fund 134,736 Fund closure	-	_	64.299	Miscellaneous
	•	General Fund	•	Fund closure
10 tal 110 lillajo 1 alias				
·	. o ta. moningon i ando			
Total16,063,067_	Total		16,063,067	

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

E. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance (Restated)		Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance		Amounts Oue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:						_	
Bonds and Notes Payable:							
General Obligation Debt	\$ 95,040,000	\$	_	\$ 7,240,000	\$ 87,800,000	\$	3,255,000
Conveyed Tax Securitization Bonds	79,970,000	•	_	-	79,970,000	·	-
TIF Revenue Bonds	-		7,140,000	_	7,140,000		
Private Placement TIF Bonds	1,427,103		-	112,528	1,314,575		117,788
Mortgage Notes Payable	457,648		-	157,648	300,000		-
Line of Credit	-		3,850,000	-	3,850,000		-
Unamortized premiums	3,071,893		-	262,293	2,809,600		-
Unamortized (discounts)	(499,222)		-	(38,448)	(460,774)		-
Total bonds and notes payable	179,467,422		10,990,000	7,734,021	182,723,401		3,372,788
Other Liabilities:							
Capital Leases	362,711		349,123	272,937	438,897		183,963
Claims Payable	2,918,016		2,767,705	2,112,852	3,572,869		838,890
Net pension liability	90,970,948		-	14,444,771	76,526,177		-
Total OPEB Liability	19,396,363		-	2,938,263	16,458,100		-
Compensated absences	5,238,493		1,513,500	727,566	6,024,427	_	1,515,366
Total Other Liabilities	118,886,531		4,630,328	20,496,389	103,020,470		2,538,219
Total long-term obligations	\$ 298,353,953	\$	15,620,328	\$ 28,230,410	\$ 285,743,871	\$	5,911,007
Business-Type Activities							
General Obligation Debt	\$ 7,465,000	\$	-	\$ 175,000	\$ 7,290,000	\$	250,000
Unamortized premiums	289,923		-	24,467	265,456		-
Unamortized (discounts)	(28,408)		-	(2,179)	(26,229)		-
Total OPEB Liability	1,080,984		-	146,163	934,821		-
Net pension liability	799,670		-	647,535	152,135		-
Compensated absences	126,041			31,952	94,089		29,243
Total long-term obligations	\$ 9,733,210	\$		\$ 1,022,938	\$ 8,710,272	\$	279,243

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Bonded debt currently outstanding is as follows:

bonded debt edirently outs		Current			
	Date of	Interest	Final	Original	Balance
Governmental Activities	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>12/31/2020</u>
General obligation debt					
Corporate purpose	08/15/07	5.00%	12/01/27	\$ 28,165,000	\$ 900,000
	10/09/08	4.40%	12/01/28	7,830,000	2,100,000
	10/29/09	4.75%	12/01/29	5,165,000	345,000
	10/28/10	5.00%	12/01/30	9,150,000	3,080,000
	10/27/11	4.50%	12/01/31	5,230,000	5,230,000
	11/20/12	3.25-3.38%	12/01/32	8,500,000	8,500,000
	11/07/13	5.00%	12/01/27	5,705,000	5,705,000
	11/24/14	5.00%	12/01/34	4,270,000	4,270,000
	11/30/15	3.75-5.00%	12/01/35	4,845,000	4,845,000
	11/09/16	3.75-5.00%	12/01/30	19,005,000	18,020,000
Taxable bonds	08/15/07	5.71%	12/01/22	21,395,000	3,805,000
	06/16/15	4.25-6.00%	12/01/35	31,000,000	31,000,000
Total general obligation debt					87,800,000
Conveyed tax					
securitization bonds	3/13/19	5.00%	1/1/49	16,430,000	16,430,000
	3/13/19	5.73%	1/1/49	63,540,000	63,540,000
Total conveyed tax securiti	zation bonds				79,970,000
TIF revenue bonds	11/24/20	4.00%-4.50%	12/01/33	7,140,000	7,140,000
Private placement TIF Bonds	3/27/15	4.392%	11/27/27	1,900,000	1,314,575
Total Governmental Activitie	s Bonded Deb	ot			<u>\$ 176,224,575</u>
Business-type Activities					
General obligation debt					
Corporate purpose	10/28/2010	4.00-5.00%	12/01/29	\$ 850,000	\$ 850,000
	10/27/2011	4.00-4.50%	12/01/31	2,095,000	1,395,000
	11/24/2014	3.75-5.00%	12/01/34	2,015,000	2,015,000
	11/30/2015	3.75-5.00%	12/01/32	1,880,000	1,880,000
	11/9/2016	3.75-5.00%	12/01/30	1,150,000	1,150,000
Total Business-Type Activitie	s General Obl	igation Debt			\$ 7,290,000

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u>: The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund general obligation bonds. All general obligation debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Bonds in the proprietary funds will be retired by utility revenues.

The City reviews federal arbitrage requirements annually and has determined that no liability for rebatable arbitrage exists at December 31, 2020.

Direct Borrowing - Line of Credit: During 2017, the City entered into an agreement with BMO Harris Bank for a \$15 million revolving line of credit. This line of credit had an initial maturity date of August 31, 2020. The agreement was amended in 2020 reducing the credit limit to \$10 million and final maturity date of December 31, 2024. The line of credit bears interest equal to the LIBOR interest rate with a floor of 1% plus an applicable interest rate that varies depending on the City's credit rating. During 2020, the City drew down \$3,850,000 on the line of credit to redeem Series 2010 Bonds due in 2030 pursuant to covenants associated with the original bonds. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2020 remains \$3,850,000 leaving an unused credit line of \$6,150,000. The interest rate at December 31, 2020 was 2.80%. The City plans to issue bonds in the future with maturities similar to the Series 2010 Bonds redeemed.

Conveyed Tax Securitization Bonds: On March 11, 2019, the Berwyn Municipal Securitization Corporation ("the BMSC") issued Conveyed Tax Securitization Bonds, Series 2019A, for the par amount of \$16,430,000 plus premium of \$924,187, and Conveyed Tax Securitization Bonds, Series 2019B, for the par amount of \$63,540,000. Repayment of the bonds will be made with future home rule sales tax, local share sales tax, state use tax and state income tax revenue streams, which were sold by the City to the BMSC. The BMSC will receive such revenues directly and will make all necessary debt service payments. The 2019A bonds mature on January 1, 2035 and have an interest rate of 5%. The 2019B bonds mature on January 1, 2049 and the interest rate is 5.73%.

Series 2020 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds: On November 24, 2020, the City issued \$7,140,000 of Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, series 2020. The bonds were issued for the purpose of a) constructing certain underground infrastructure improvements to the South Berwyn Corridor TIF District, b) funding a reserve fund, c) funding capitalized interest, and paying for the costs of issuance associated with the bonds. Interest rates on the bonds are 4.00% - 4.50% and final maturity is December 1, 2033. The bonds are not general obligations of the City but are payable from the incremental property taxes of the TIF district and other amounts on deposit in the TIF fund.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Sale of Future Tax Revenues: As previously noted, the City entered into an agreement with the BMSC under which the City relinquishes to the BMSC 100% of its future home rule sales tax, local share sales tax, state use tax and state income tax revenues for the next 30 years. The City received from the BMSC a lump sum payment of \$79,146,111 of which \$49,146,111 was recorded in the Debt Service Fund and \$30,000,000 was recorded in the newly created Public Safety Pension Funding Fund as advances from other funds. The advances are amortized over the life of the bonds based on the tax revenues received net of residuals for the year by the BMSC divided by the total estimated tax revenues sold net of residuals. The City also received a residual certificate representing the City's ownership interest in excess tax revenues to be received by the BMSC during the term of the sale agreement. The total tax revenues sold is estimated to be \$458,131,230. Residuals are expected to be \$281,334,018. The estimated present value of the tax revenues sold, net of the expected residuals assuming a 5.75 percent interest rate at the time of the sale was \$222,190,752.

<u>TIF Mortgage Notes Payable:</u> The City entered into a \$4,000,000 loan on December 6, 2010 for the purchase of certain real property. The note matured on December 6, 2012 at which time the note was modified to extend the maturity date to December 6, 2020. Monthly principal and interest payments at a rate of 2% based on a 10 year amortization schedule are due on the 6th day of each month. The entire balance of the notes was paid off during 2020. Principal payments made in 2020 totaled \$157,648.

The City obtained a \$300,000 loan from the BDC in 2015 secured by land held for resale in the Roosevelt Road TIF. The loan bears interest at the rate of 5% and is due upon the sale of the property. As such, a schedule of future principal and interest payments could not be provided. Subsequent to year end, the City paid off the \$300,000 balance.

Harlem TIF Private Placement Bond:

In 2015, the City issued a private placement TIF bond in the principal amount of \$1,900,000 for the purpose of paying certain eligible redevelopment project costs incurred by the developer in the Harlem TIF. The bonds, which bear interest at the rate of 4.392%, are payable solely from the available incremental taxes generated by the Harlem TIF and are not an indebtedness against the general taxing powers or credit of the City. The outstanding principal balance at December 31, 2020 is \$1,314,575.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Requirements</u>: Debt service requirements (excluding direct borrowing note) to maturity for bonded debt are as follows:

	Govenment	al Activites			Business-Ty	pe Activites
	Bonde	d Debt	Private Placer	nent Bonds	General Obli	gation Debt
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 3,255,000	\$ 8,999,315	\$ 117,788	\$ 55,375	\$ 250,000	\$ 327,038
2022	2,995,000	8,810,851	123,067	50,096	275,000	317,038
2023	3,655,000	8,672,806	128,582	44,581	200,000	306,038
2024	4,355,000	8,494,056	134,344	38,818	200,000	298,038
2025	5,740,000	8,280,806	140,365	32,798	450,000	290,038
2026-2030	41,370,000	36,756,304	670,429	45,039	4,205,000	1,129,538
2031-2035	54,090,000	24,604,841	-	-	1,710,000	176,963
2036-2040	17,960,000	15,088,809	-	-	-	-
2041-2045	23,735,000	9,318,126	-	-	-	-
2046-2050	17,755,000	2,072,541				
Totals	174,910,000	131,098,454	\$ 1,314,575	\$ 266,707	7,290,000	2,844,688

Estimated payments of compensated absences are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The compensated absences liability attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

<u>Capital Leases - Lessee</u>: The City entered into a \$314,273 lease financing agreement in December 2015 for the purchase of a street sweeper which is included in the capital assets of the governmental activities. The balance of the financed amount is due in annual installments, including interest at 3.25%. The balance was paid off as of December 31, 2020. Principal payments made in 2020 totaled \$53,391. Debt service on the agreement is an expenditure of the General Fund.

The City entered into a \$478,528 lease financing agreement in July 2015 for the purchase of a 2017 Pierce Enforcer Pumper which is included in the capital assets of the governmental activities. The balance of the financed amount is due in annual installments, including interest at 3.11%. The total amount outstanding under the agreement at December 31, 2020 was \$147,342. Principal payments made in 2020 totaled \$70,355. Debt service on the agreement is an expenditure of the General Fund.

The City entered into a \$175,811 lease financing agreement in May 2018 for the purchase of an ambulance which is included in the capital assets of governmental activities. The balance of the financed amount is due in semi-annual installments, including interest at 5.72%. The total amount outstanding under the agreement at December 31, 2020 was \$31,406. Principal payments made in 2020 totaled \$60,216.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The City entered into a \$233,467 lease financing agreement in January 2020 for the purchase of a street sweeper which is included in the capital assets of governmental activities. The balance of the financed amount is due in annual installments, including interest at 5.00%. The total amount outstanding under the agreement at December 31, 2020 was \$182,118. Principal payments made in 2020 totaled \$51,349.

The City entered into a \$115,656 lease financing agreement in June 2020 for the purchase of Dell Server Equipment which is included in the capital assets of governmental activities. The balance of the financed amount is due in annual installments, including interest at 3.50%. The total amount outstanding under the agreement at December 31, 2020 was \$78,031. Principal payments made in 2020 totaled \$37,625.

The assets acquired through capital lease for use in governmental activities are as follows:

			<u> </u>	Net Book Value		
•	887,806	\$ 142,6	514 \$	745,192		
	115,656	3.8	855	111,801		

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value on these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2020, are as follows:

	Capital Leases Payable					
	Principal	Interest				
2021	184,753	16,477				
2022	158,654	10,272				
2023	46,583	4,766				
2024	48,908	2,441				
Totals	438.897	33.956				

Net Pension Liability and Total OPEB Liability:

The net pension liability and total Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability are based on actuarial valuations as detailed in Note 3G & H. The net pension liability has typically been liquidated by property taxes levied in the general fund and by the public safety pension funding fund. The total OPEB liability has typically been liquidated with general fund revenues.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Legal Debt Margin: The City is a home rule municipality.

Article VII, Section 6(k) of the 1970 Illinois Constitution governs computation of the legal debt margin.

"The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentages of the assessed value of its taxable property . . . (2) if its population is more than 25,000 and less than 500,000 an aggregate of one percent: . . . indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date (July 1, 1971) of this constitution or which is thereafter approved by referendum . . . shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts."

To date the General Assembly has set no limits for home rule municipalities.

Defeased Debt:

In prior years, the City advance refunded various debt issues by placing funds in escrow to make future debt service payments. Because these transactions met the requirements for in-substance defeasance, the refunded debt was no longer included as a liability of the City. The balance of all defeased refunded debt outstanding at December 31, 2020 is \$16,350,000.

<u>Unamortized Loss on Refunding</u>: Deferred amounts on refunding arise from advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payment of refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. Amortization for 2020 was \$537,791, which is reported in the governmental activities. The balance of the unamortized loss at December 31, 2020 was \$1,194,631.

Noncommitment Debt – Conduit Debt: The City has issued Industrial Development Revenue Bonds (IDRBs) to provide financial assistance to private organizations for the construction and acquisition of industrial and commercial improvements deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured solely by the property financed and are payable solely from the payments received on the underlying mortgage loans on the property. The City is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds outstanding are not reported as a liability in these financial statements. As of December 31, 2020, there was one series of IDRBs outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable for the IDRBs outstanding as of December 31, 2020 was \$274,909.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

F. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. The City has established a limited self-insurance program for workers' compensation and liability claims. The City is self-insured for the first \$350,000 for liability claims and \$900,000 for workers' compensation claims. Commercial insurance is carried for amounts in excess of the self-insured amounts. There has been no significant reduction in coverage in any program from coverage in the prior year. For all programs, settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current or three prior years. The City's self-insurance activities are reported in the Self-Insurance Retention Fund which is an internal service fund.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Reported liabilities are actuarially determined and include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. The total claims liability as of December 31, 2020 was \$3,572,869 and is recorded as a portion of the noncurrent liabilities balance for governmental activities.

The City has purchased insurance from private insurance companies for employee health insurance. Risks covered include medical, dental, and other. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current or the three prior years.

A reconciliation of claims liability for the current year and that of the preceding year follows:

	Beginning	Incurred Cla		aims Paid/		Ending	Current		
	Balance	Claims		Settled		Balance		Portion	
2019	\$ 3,904,567	\$ 430,635	\$	1,417,186	\$	2,918,016	\$	685,134	
2020	2,918,016	2,767,705		2,112,852		3,572,869		838,890	

G. Contingent Liabilities

<u>Litigation</u>: The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial statements of the City.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Grants</u>: Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of additional expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Home Equity Assurance Program: In prior years the City allowed its residents to participate in a Home Equity Assurance Program wherein residents' home market values were guaranteed by the City not to depreciate. Each participating resident, after submitting an appraisal along with the application and appropriate fee, received a Certificate of Participation. There is no expiration date on the Certificates. Given the current real estate market in the City, the City has determined that it has no exposure to liability related to this program as of the date of this report.

Loan Guarantees - Berwyn Development Corporation (BDC):

During 2020, BDC maintained agreements with seven local financial institutions establishing a \$4,200,000 line of credit to fund community renovation and business investment projects. The balance drawn under this credit line as of December 31, 2020 is \$1,221,804. Of this balance, \$300,000 is reported as mortgage notes payable within the City's long-term obligations as this loan was made to the City. The City is the guarantor of amounts drawn under this line of credit.

H. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u>: The City provides other post-employment benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and any employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City through its personnel manual and union contracts. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate report.

All employees who are eligible to receive a monthly pension benefit from one of the City's pension plans are eligible to purchase postretirement health care benefits. Qualified dependents of eligible retirees may also continue to be covered by the City's plan. The retiree pays 100% of the cost each month for retiree health insurance premiums. Additionally, public safety officers who qualify for duty disability have their health insurance paid by the City until they reach age 65. Finally, the City will pay 50% of the single HMO premium for police officers who retire from January 1, 2009, through December 31, 2011, until they reach age 65.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

All health benefits are provided through the City's health plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include medical, dental, vision, life, and prescription coverage. Eligibility in City sponsored health care plans is discontinued upon eligibility for federally sponsored health care benefits. All retirees contribute 100% of the plan premiums.

As of December 31, 2020 membership consisted of:

Active employees fully eligible	402
Retired participants	38
Inactive employees	0
Total	440

The City does not have a funding policy.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods:

Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Assumptions Discount Rate	2.12%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets	N/A
Total Payroll Increases	3.00%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	7.00% in fiscal year 2021, trending to 6.00% in fiscal year 2022, and an ultimate trend rate of 6.00%
Asset Valuation Method	N/A

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Active IMRF Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the RP-2014 study. These rates are improved generationally using MP-2016 Improvement Rates and weighted based on the IMRF November 8, 2017 Experience Study.

Active Firefighter and Police Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study Improved to 2017 and improved generally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. Retiree Firefighter and Police Mortality follows the L&A Assumption Study for Firefighters and Police 2020, respectively. These rates are experience weighted with the Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study Improved to 2017 and improved generally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Disabled Firefighter Mortality follows the Lauterbach & Amen Assumption Study for Disabled Firefighters 2020, and Police Mortality follows the Lauterbach & Amen Assumption Study for Police 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study Improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

<u>Discount rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2020 was 2.12 percent, which was a change from the discount rate of 2.74 percent that was used as of December 31, 2019. Because plan benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, the single discount rate is based on a tax-exempt municipal bond rate index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

	7	Total OPEB Liability
		(a)
Balances at January 1, 2020	\$	20,477,347
Service cost		402,284
Interest on total OPEB liability		544,838
Differences between expected and actual experience of		
the total OPEB liability		(3,831,338)
Change of assumptions		985,274
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		
contributions		(1,185,484)
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$	17,392,921

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate</u>: The following presents the City's total OPEB liability, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.12 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.12 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current			
Total OPEB liability	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	\$ 18,885,783	\$ 17,392,921	\$ 16,052,179		

<u>Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates:</u> The following presents the City's total OPEB liability, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

		Healthcare					
		Cost					
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Trend Rates					
Total OPEB liability	\$ 15,530,834	\$ 17,392,921	\$ 19,578,912				

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>: For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$909,217. At December 31, 2020, the City reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to OPEB.

	_	red Outflows sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(3,527,504)	
Changes of assumptions		3,573,689		(741,858)	
Total Deferred Amounts Related to OPEB	\$ 3,573,689		\$	(4,269,362)	

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in future OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	Amount	
2021	\$ (37,90)5)
2022	(37,90)5)
2023	(37,90)5)
2024	(37,90)5)
2025	(37,90)5)
Thereafter	(506,14	18)

I. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions: The City contributes to four defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) which is affiliated with IMRF, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system; the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan; and, the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is also a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions for the Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans issue separate reports on the pension plans and are available for inspection at City Hall. IMRF and SLEP benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF and SLEP issue a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. The report can be obtained online at www.imrf.org.

Below is aggregate information related to all of the pension plans in total reported by the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 309,193,327
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	232,666,265
City's net pension liabilty	76,678,312
City's net pension asset	151,250
Deferred Inflows of Resources	22,325,860
Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,708,142
Pension Expense	7,333,588

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) & Sherriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP)</u> General Information about the Pension Plan

All employees (other than those covered by the Police or Firefighters' Pension Plans) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service.

Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute. Participating members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual salary to IMRF. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the IMRF as specified by statute. The employer contribution for the year ended December 31, 2019 was 9.43% of covered payroll. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2019 was 9.43%.

Sherriff's law enforcement personnel having accumulated at least 20 years of SLEP service may elect to retire at or after age 50 and receive an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. The plan also provides death and disability benefits. Participating members are required to contribute 7.5% of their annual salary to SLEP. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2020 was 13.21%. For the year ended December 31, 2020, there was no covered payroll.

At December 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	IIVIRE	SLEP
Retirees and Beneficiaries	168	0
Inactive, Non-retired Members	124	2
Active Members	<u>204</u>	<u>0</u>
Total	496	2

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for the IMRF and SLEP plans was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Inflation: 3.50% Price Inflation: 2.50%

Salary Increases: 3.35% to 14.25% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.25%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type

of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014-2016.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table

was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific morality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Morality Table with adjustments to match

current IMRF experience.

There were no benefit changes during the year.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
Asset Class	Target Allegation	Expected Rate of Return
Asset Class	Target Allocation	OI RELUITI
Domestic Equity	37.0%	5.00%
International Equity	18.0%	6.00%
Fixed Income	28%	1.30%
Real Estate	9%	6.20%
Alternative Investments	7%	2.85-6.95%
Cash Equivalents	1%	0.70%
	100%	

Discount Rate: The Discount Rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Regular IMRF and SLEP Pension Plans was 7.25%, the same as in the prior year valuation. The projection of future plan cash flows that assumes member contributions made at the current employee contribution rate and City contributions made at annual amounts equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution and member contributions demonstrates that the Plan's future fiduciary net position will be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was used as the discount rate applied to all future projected benefit payments to current plan members to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

IMRF:

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension		
	Liability Net Position		Liability		
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)		
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$ 49,363,327	\$ 43,232,276	\$ 6,131,051		
Changes for the year:					
Service Cost	1,030,780	-	1,030,780		
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	3,528,600 -		3,528,600		
Differences Between Expected and Actual					
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(156,451)	-	(156,451)		
Contributions - Employer	-	845,622	(845,622)		
Contributions - Employees	-	471,148	(471,148)		
Net Investment Income	-	8,061,715	(8,061,715)		
Benefit Payments, including Refunds					
of Employee Contributions	(2,416,734)	(2,416,734)	-		
Other (Net Transfer)		(72,227)	72,227		
Net Changes	1,986,195	6,889,524	(4,903,329)		
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$ 51,349,522	\$ 50,121,800	\$ 1,227,722		

SLEP:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total	Pension	Plan I	iduciary	Net	Pension
	Liabil	ity	Net P	osition	Liab	ility/(Asset
	(A)		(B)		(A)	- (B)
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$	253,405	\$	368,302	\$	(114,897)
Changes for the year:						
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		18,372		-		18,372
Differences Between Expected and Actual						
Experience of the Total Pension Liability		(381)		-		(381)
Net Investment Income		-		55,084		(55,084)
Other (Net Transfer)		-		(740)		740
Net Changes		17,991		54,344		(36,353)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$	271,396	\$	422,646	\$	(151,250)

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the plans' net pension liabilities, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25% for both IMRF and SLEP, as well as what the plans' net pension liabilities would be if they were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	Current					
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase
IMRF Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	7,829,623	\$	1,227,722	\$	(4,191,185)
SLEP Net Pension (Asset)		(144,627)		(151,250)		(157,641)

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$809,304 related to IMRF and \$(72,227) related to SLEP. At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

IMRF:				
	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual		_		
experience	\$	26,337	\$	621,197
Changes of assumptions		747,090		504,909
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan investments				2,042,303
Total Deferred Amounts to be recognized in				
pension expense in future periods		773,427		3,168,409
Pension Contributions made subsequent to				
the Measurement Date		1,016,303		-
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	1,789,730	\$	3,168,409
SLEP:				
	Defer	red Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
	of Res	sources	of Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	-	\$	16,704
Changes of assumptions		11		-
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan investments				10,941
		_		
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	11	\$	27,645

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following fiscal year.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		
December 31	IMRF	SLEP
2020	\$ (901,571)	\$(19,608)
2021	(700,374)	(324)
2022	207,181	979
2023	(1,000,218)	(5,681)

Police Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40 - Article 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of final salary for each year of service up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 55 with at least 10 years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final average salary for each year of service, with a maximum salary cap of \$106,800 at January 1, 2011. The maximum salary cap increases every year thereafter.

Surviving spouses receive 100% of final salary for fatalities resulting from an act of duty, or otherwise the greater of 50% of final salary or the employee's retirement benefit. Employees disabled in the line of duty receive 65% of final salary.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The monthly pension of a police officer hired before January 1, 2011, who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension. Beginning with increases granted on or after July 1, 1993, the second and subsequent automatic annual increases shall by calculated as 3.00% of the amount of the pension payable at the time of the increase. The monthly pension of a police officer hired on or after January 1, 2011, shall be increased annually, following the later of the first anniversary date of retirement or the month following the attainment of age 60, by the lesser of 3.00% or ½ of the consumer price index. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011, by the year 2040, the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan is 90% funded. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City's contribution was 282.12% of covered payroll.

At December 31, 2020, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

<u>Membership</u>	<u>Participants</u>
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet	79
receiving them	4
Current employees	113
Total	<u> 196</u>

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for the Police Pension Plan was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The actuarial cost method was entry age normal with a level percent of pay.

Actuarial Assumptions: The following actuarial assumptions were used to determine the total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation and the prior valuation:

	Current <u>Valuation</u>	Prior <u>Valuation</u>
Interest Rate	6.75%	6.75%
Discount Rate	6.75%	6.75%
Salary Increases	3.50%-16.41%	3.25%-16.89%
Projected Increase in Payroll	3.25%	3.25%
Inflation	2.25%	2.25%

Active mortality rates follow the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis. Retired mortality follows the Lauterbach & Amen Assumption Study for Police 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. Disabled Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010 Study for disabled participants. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return: The long term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Asset		Long Term Expected Rate of
Class	Target Allocation	Return
US Large Cap Equity	27%	7.70%
US Mid Cap Equity	3%	8.10%
US Small Cap Equity	3%	7.30%
Non US Developed Equity	16%	6.70%
Emerging Markets	8%	8.30%
Fixed Income	38%	3.30%
REITs	3%	6.70%
Cash Equivalents	2%	2.70%
	100%	

Single Discount Rate: A Single Discount Rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the funding policy of the plan. A formal funding policy exists through the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between the City and the Police Pension Plan. The MOU states that the City will issue a levy on an annual basis to pay for the Normal Cost portion of contribution to the pension fund. In addition, the City will contribute \$15,000,000 in the following future years: 2023 and 2025.

The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The longer term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20 year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (for the future benefit payments that are not covered by the plan's projected net position).

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.75%, the municipal bond rate is 2.12% and the resulting single discount rate is 6.75%. The assumed rate on High Quality 20 Year Tax Exempt G.O. Bonds was changed from 2.74% to 2.12% for the current year. The rate has been updated to the current fiscal year based on changes in market conditions as reflected in the Index. The discount rate remained unchanged at 6.75%. The discount rate was not impacted by the change in the underlying High Quality 20 Year Tax Exempt G.O. Bond Rate as the fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to pay benefits. In addition, changes made that impact the projection of the Net Position of the fund such as changes in the formal or informal funding policy and actual changes in the net position from one year to the next can impact the discount rate.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$ 140,114,163	\$ 100,261,070	\$ 39,853,093
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	2,847,552	-	2,847,552
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	8,903,252	-	8,903,252
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(2,816,951)	-	(2,816,951)
Changes of Assumptions	(2,972,238)	-	(2,972,238)
Contributions - Employer	-	1,485,309	(1,485,309)
Contributions - Employees	-	1,058,128	(1,058,128)
Contributions - Other	-	6,712	(6,712)
Net Investment Income	-	13,206,907	(13,206,907)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(5,962,596)	(5,962,596)	-
Administrative Expenses	-	(97,055)	97,055
Net Changes	(981)	9,697,405	(9,698,386)
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$ 140,113,182	\$ 109,958,475	\$ 30,154,707

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the net pension liability related to the police pension plan of the City calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease (5.75%)	Discount Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase (7.75%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 51,534,832	\$ 30,154,707	\$ 12,867,971	

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Police Pension Fund report.

<u>Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,122,157 related to the police pension plan. At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	1,338,890 353,714	\$	2,560,487 3,354,056
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				6,581,926
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	1,692,604	\$	12,496,469

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to police pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31	
2021	\$(2,112,310)
2022	(1,325,785)
2023	(3,649,641)
2024	(1,941,372)
2025	(620,679)
Thereafter	(1,154,078)

Firefighters' Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits as well as the employee and employer contributions levels are mandated by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40 - Article 5/4) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service. The pension shall be increased by 1/12 of 2.5% of such monthly salary for each additional month over 20 years of service through 30 years of service to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 55 with at least 10 years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final average salary for each year of service, with a maximum salary cap of \$106,800 at January 1, 2011. The maximum cap increases each year thereafter.

Surviving spouses receive 100% of the final salary for fatalities resulting from an act of duty, or otherwise the greater of 54% of final salary or the monthly retirement pension that the deceased firefighter was receiving at the time of death. Surviving children received 12% of final salary. The maximum family survivor benefit is 75% of final salary. Employees disabled in the line of duty receive 65% of final salary.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The monthly pension of a firefighter hired before January 1, 2011, who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter. The monthly pension of a firefighter hired on or after January 1, 2011, who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and paid upon reaching at least the age 55, by 3% of the original pension and 3% annually thereafter. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their salary to the Firefighters' Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest.

The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011, the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Firefighters' Pension Plan is 90% funded by the year 2040. For the year ended December 31, 2020 the City's contribution was 16.31% of covered payroll.

At December 31, 2020, the Firefighters' Pension Plan membership consisted of:

<u>Membership</u>	<u>Participants</u>
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated employees entitled to benefits but	79
not yet receiving them	2
Current employees	80
Total	<u> 161</u>

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for the Firefighters' Pension Plan was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The actuarial cost method was entry age normal with a level percent of pay.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: The following actuarial assumptions were used to determine the total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation and the prior valuation:

	Current <u>Valuation</u>	Prior <u>Valuation</u>
Interest Rate	6.50%	6.50%
Discount Rate	6.50%	6.50%
Salary Increases	2.25%-10.19%	2.25%-10.19%
Projected Increase in Payroll	3.25%	3.25%
Inflation	2.25%	2.25%

Active mortality rates follow the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis. Retiree mortality follows the Lauterbach & Amen Assumption Study for Firefighters 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. Disabled Mortality follows the Lauterbach & Amen Assumption Study for Firefighters 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010 Study for Disabled Participants improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return: The long term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

	,	Long Term Expected Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
US Large Cap Equity	27%	7.70%
US Mid Cap Equity	3%	8.10%
US Small Cap Equity	3%	7.30%
Non US Developed Equity	16%	6.70%
Emerging Markets	8%	8.30%
Fixed Income	38%	3.30%
REITs	3%	6.70%
Cash Equivalents	2%	2.70%
	100%	

Single Discount Rate: A Single Discount Rate of 6.50% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the funding policy of the plan. A formal funding policy exists through the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between the City and the Firefighter's Pension Plan. The MOU states that the City will issue a levy on an annual basis to pay for the Normal Cost portion of contribution to the pension fund. In addition, the City will contribute \$15,000,000 on odd numbered years from 2013 to 2025. The final issuance may not be \$15,000,000, if not needed.

The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The longer term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20 year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (for the future benefit payments that are not covered by the plan's projected net position).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.50%, the municipal bond rate is 2.12% and the resulting single discount rate is 6.50%. Since the fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to pay benefits, the municipal bond rate did not impact the discount rate and the expected rate of return on plan investments was used.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$ 113,131,753	\$ 67,345,260	\$ 45,786,493
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	2,206,429	-	2,206,429
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	7,202,391	-	7,202,391
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	1,097,271	-	1,097,271
Changes of Assumptions	(660,922)	-	(660,922)
Contributions - Employer	-	1,233,496	(1,233,496)
Contributions - Employees	-	719,900	(719,900)
Contributions - Other		1,300	(1,300)
Net Investment Income	-	8,479,327	(8,479,327)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(5,517,695)	(5,517,695)	-
Administrative Expenses	-	(98,244)	98,244
Net Changes	4,327,474	4,818,084	(490,610)
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$ 117,459,227	\$ 72,163,344	\$ 45,295,883

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the net pension liability related to the firefighters' pension plan of the City calculated using the discount rate of 6.50% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

		Current		
	1% Decrease (5.50%)	Discount Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 62,507,227	\$ 45,295,883	\$ 31,318,056	

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Firefighters' Pension Fund report.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,474,354 related to the firefighters' pension plan. At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	3,181,051	\$	1,276,599
Changes of assumptions		3,044,746		659,554
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan investments				4,697,184
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	6,225,797	\$	6,633,337

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to firefighters' pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31	
2021	\$ (12,192)
2022	696,992
2023	(1,257,454)
2024	(431,065)
2025	377,407
Thereafter	218,772

J. Short-Term Debt

The City has one short-term line of credit: a \$2 million revolving line of credit with an interest rate of 1% less than the prime rate of the Wall Street Journal. The line of credit was established to meet the City's working cash needs in the event of unforeseen emergencies or delays in the receipt of tax payments. As of December 31, 2020, there was no outstanding amount related to this line of credit.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

K. Component Unit – Berwyn Development Corporation (BDC)

<u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>: The purpose of the BDC is to serve the residents of the City as a charitable and educational organization by facilitating community development via forums to engage both residents and businesses for long-term economic planning.

The BDC's primary functions are:

- (1) to encourage communication between the local business community, various business organizations, government officials, educational and recreational bodies, civic and ethnic groups, local service providers, and the community residents as a resource planning group for the purpose of identifying community problems and facilitating constructive solutions.
- (2) to produce and publish material designed to educate residents about community resource and development issues and to promote community spirit and cooperation among the various ethnic and cultural parts of the City.
- (3) to encourage local businesses and area residents to renovate and improve private property within the community so as to counteract the natural deterioration of the homes and commercial properties due to age and use.
- (4) to develop plans and resources intended to improve the overall economic conditions of the City and to encourage local business and employment opportunities.

The BDC is exempt from Federal income taxes under the provisions of IRC code section 501(c)(3); however, it remains subject to the payment of income taxes on net earnings from unrelated business income.

<u>Method of Accounting</u>: The financial statements of the BDC have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting where revenues and expenses are recognized when earned or incurred.

<u>Cash Equivalents</u>: Cash equivalents consist of all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

<u>Capital Assets, Leasehold Improvements, Furniture and Equipment</u>: Leasehold improvements, furniture, equipment and computer software are stated at their historic costs. Depreciation is computed using a straight-line method over the estimated economic useful asset life of five years for leasehold improvements, three years for computer software and seven years for furniture and for equipment. Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2020 amounted to \$8,744.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

During the year, the BDC did not dispose of any property resulting in a gain or loss. The BDC expended \$47,699 for asset purchases in 2020.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of asset and liability accounts and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses for the reporting period. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

<u>Cash and Investments</u>: The BDC follows the recommendations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") in its Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 820-10, Fair Value Measurements. Under FASB ASC 820-10, the BDC is required to report investments at fair market value. FASB ASC 820-10 also establishes a fair value hierarchy, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Level 2 inputs generally are available indirect information, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.

Level 3- Level 3 inputs are valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant value drivers are unobservable. All Level 3 assets are carried at fair value based on estimates using appropriate valuation techniques such as the marker approach, the income approach and finally the cost approach.

The BDC does not have an investment policy.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. At times, cash balances may exceed the \$250,000 federally insured limit.

<u>Notes Receivable</u>: There are currently nine notes funded through the line of credit including one from the City payable from the Roosevelt TIF with a balance at December 31, 2020 of \$300,000. Notes receivable have a gross value of \$1,515,279 at December 31, 2020.

No provision for loan losses has been established because the fair value of the various collateral is deemed to be equivalent to the related mortgage note balances with the exception of the amounts due from the City. Payments are applied to interest due and late fees before principal.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Payments are past due ten days after the due date and will result in a late fee of 5% of total monthly payment. Note receivable detail is as follows:

	Origii	nal	Beginning		Loar	Loans		Principal		Defaulted		Ending		Current	
	Loa	an	Balance		Issued		Pa	Payments		ans	Balance		Portion		
Berwyn/Roosevelt TIF	\$ 30	0,000	\$	300,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	300,000	\$	-	
Windsor Partnership	46	2,864		83,674		-		-		-		83,674	2,9	41	
Autre Monde	22	5,000		200,798		-		5,680		-		195,118	43,0	800	
The Outta Space, Inc.	15	0,000		125,027		-		3,759		-		121,268	16,2	27	
Berwyn Bottega	15	0,000		144,332		-		1,298		-		143,034	26,3	806	
Heritage Funeral Home	4	7,000		43,034	375,	000		5,562		-		412,472	4,2	255	
Capri Due, Inc.	1	0,000		10,000		-		1,070		-		8,930		-	
Berwyn Eagles Aerie 2125	3	0,000		29,665		-		2,934		-		26,731	7,2	233	
La Parra	22	5,000		-	225,	000		948		-		224,052	3,3	70	
	\$ 1,59	9,864	\$	936,530	\$600,	000	\$	21,251	\$	-	\$	1,515,279	\$103,3	340	

Notes outstanding have payment schedules and variable interest rates based on the original note agreements. Note terms are as follows:

- \$300,000 note receivable from the City of Berwyn related to the Berwyn/Roosevelt TIF. Payment of principal is due upon the closing of the sale of a property. Interest accrues on unpaid balances at a rate of 5% per annum and is paid monthly.
- \$83,674 note receivable with monthly principal and interest payments of \$245 for the loan commencing in October, 2018 and final payment of all outstanding liabilities in September, 2023. Interest accrues on unpaid balances at a rate of 7% per annum.
- \$195,118 note receivable with monthly principal and interest payments of \$3,584, for the loan commencing in June, 2010 with final payment of all outstanding liabilities in March, 2021. Interest accrues on unpaid balances at a rate of 7% per annum. On April 29, 2020, this note receivable was amended. For the period of March 1, 2020 through August 31, 2020, the 7% rate was replaced with a 5% per annum rate. The monthly payments during this period were suspended and are due on the maturity date. Beginning on September 1, 2020, the interest rate returned to 7% per annum. On February 11, 2021, this note receivable was once again amended. The final payment of all outstanding liabilities is now March 2023.
- \$121.268 note receivable with monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,360 for the loan commencing in February, 2016 with an original final payment of all outstanding liabilities in January, 2021. Interest accrues on unpaid balances at a rate of 7% per annum.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- On April 28, 2020, this note receivable was amended. For the period of April 1, 2020 through September 30, 2020, the 7% rate was replaced with a 5% per annum rate. The monthly payments during this period were suspended and are due on the maturity date. Beginning on October 1, 2020, the interest rate returned to 7% per annum. The final payment of all outstanding liabilities is now January 2023.
- \$143,034 note receivable with monthly principal and interest payments of \$2,192 for the loan commencing in June, 2018 with final payment of all outstanding liabilities in April, 2023. Interest accrues on unpaid balances at a rate of 7% per annum. On April 29, 2020, this note receivable was amended. For the period of May 1, 2020 through October 31, 2020, the 7% rate was replaced with a 5% per annum rate. The monthly payments during this period were suspended and are due on the maturity date. Beginning on November 1, 2020, the interest rate returned to 7% per annum.
- \$412,472 note receivable with monthly principal and interest payments of \$2,930 for the loan commencing in November, 2020 with final payment of all outstanding liabilities on June 1, 2024. Interest accrues on unpaid balances at a rate of 7.5% per annum.
- \$8,930 note receivable commencing in November 2019 and accruing interest at a rate of 7% per annum. The principal and accrued interest are to be paid in one lump sum on December 1, 2024.
- \$26,731 note receivable with monthly principal and interest payments of \$603 for the loan commencing on January 1, 2020, with final payment of all outstanding liabilities on December 1, 2024. Interest accrues on unpaid balances at a rate of 7.5% per annum. On April 29, 2020, this note receivable was amended. For the period of May 1, 2020 through October 31, 2020, the 7.5% rate was replaced with a 5% per annum rate. The monthly payments during this period were suspended and are due on the maturity date. Beginning on November 1, 2020, the interest rate returned to 7.5% per annum.
- \$224,052 note receivable with monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,642 for the loan commencing on August 1, 2020, with final payment of all outstanding liabilities on July 1, 2025. Interest accrues on unpaid balances at a rate of 7.25% per annum.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Long-Term Debt - Notes Payable</u>: During 2020, the BDC maintained agreements with seven local financial institutions establishing a \$4,200,000 line of credit to fund community renovation and business investment projects. The balance of this credit line at December 31, 2019 is \$1,221,804. The City is the guarantor of this line of credit and has final approval of all loans funded under this program.

Maturities of long-term debt are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	
2021	\$	-
2022	349,	677
2023	135,	284
2024	736,	843
2025 and		
Thereafter		
Totals	<u>\$ 1,221,</u>	<u>804</u>

<u>Lease Commitments</u>: The BDC rents office space under a lease, which had an original expiration date of December 31, 2019. During fiscal year 2019, this agreement was extended through December 31, 2024. Total rent paid during 2020 was \$12,765. Terms of the lease are effective

January 1, 2015. In addition, the BDC leases a copier under a non-cancelable operating lease, which will expire in 2021. The lease calls for monthly payments of \$615. Total lease expense in 2020 was \$7,380. Future minimum annual rental and lease payments are:

For the 12 Months Ended, December 31, 2021	17,421
2022	13,512
2023	13,908
2024	 14,328
Total	\$ 59,169

<u>Restricted Cash</u>: The BDC controls cash escrow accounts for various entities with the purpose of being a control factor for necessary payments to third parties. In these cases, the BDC collects money from a community organization or business, holds the funds until a payment is due, then remits the payment to the third party on behalf of the community member. Although the BDC has signor privileges on the cash accounts, they do not take ownership of the money and, therefore, carry a liability equal to the escrow accounts to offset the carrying value.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Retirement Plan: During the year ended December 31, 2020, the BDC implemented a Roth 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan with eligibility after 6 months of service. The plan provides that each participant may elect to defer up to the legal limits established by the Internal Revenue Service. The BDC matches 100% of each employee's contributions up to 4% of the employee's total compensation. Matching contributions were \$22,781 for the year ending December 31, 2020.

Activities with the City of Berwyn Funding Authorizations: BDC continues its cooperation with the City to bring low-interest lending assistance to local businesses. The BDC provides the required documentation and administers the loan program, as noted above. The BDC manages the City loan program and such loans are reported as part of the City's annual audit. The BDC also manages the tax increment financing projects (TIF) within the City's four TIF Redevelopment Districts on behalf and for the benefit of the City.

L. Tax Rebates

The City has from time to time entered into sales tax rebate agreements in order to attract new retailers. The agreements are pursuant to Section 8-11-20 of the Illinois Municipal Code (65 ILCS 5/8-11-20 and have been approved by the City Council. To be eligible for the program the retailers must open stores in the City and submit sales tax information to the City.

The City is currently entered into two sales tax rebate agreements. The first agreement is between the City and Harold Zeigler Auto Group, Inc., and calls for a rebate of 40% of the sales tax collected during the years 2018 through 2022. Total payments under this agreement in 2020 were \$82,733. The second agreement, between the City and Tony's Finer Foods Enterprises, Inc., requires the City to rebate 50% of the sales tax collected for 25 years up to a maximum amount of \$5,199,122. Total payments under this agreement in 2020 were \$357,714.

M. Prior Period Adjustment

The City adjusted beginning net position of governmental activities to reflect the 12/31/19 balance of the 2015 Harlem TIF Private Placement Bonds that were previously unrecorded. The City previously believed that note disclosure alone was sufficient since the bonds are not general obligation.

 12/31/19 Net Position as previously reported
 \$(209,942,311)

 2015 Harlem TIF Bonds at 12/31/19
 (1,427,103)

 12/31/19 Net Position as restated
 \$(211,369,414)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL **GENERAL FUND**

	Original Budget	ı	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES			_			
Property taxes	* ,- , -	\$	19,579,680	\$	19,421,749	\$ (157,931)
Other taxes	6,414,950		6,414,950		6,248,485	(166,465)
Licenses and permits	3,752,000		3,752,000		3,184,960	(567,040)
Charges for services	2,251,500		2,251,500		2,331,321	79,821
Fines and forfeitures	5,120,000		5,120,000		3,917,308	(1,202,692)
Intergovernmental	439,037		439,037		1,232,160	793,123
Investment income	175,400		175,400		65,591	(109,809)
Miscellaneous	1,517,500		1,517,500		1,075,769	 (441,731)
Total Revenues	42,015,113		39,250,067		37,477,343	 (1,772,724)
EXPENDITURES						
Current	4 0 4 0 0 4 5		4 0 4 0 0 4 5		0.007.040	5.40.070
General government	4,210,315		4,210,315		3,667,042	543,273
Public safety	41,610,329		38,845,283		39,763,532	(918,249)
Public works	6,561,526		6,561,526		5,887,231	674,295
Economic development	228,347		228,347		519,369	(291,022)
Culture and recreation	2,332,395		2,332,395		1,524,836	807,559
Debt Service						
Bond issuance costs			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Total Expenditures	54,942,912		52,177,866		51,362,010	 815,856
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(12,927,799)	(12,927,799)		(13,884,667)	 (956,868)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Debt proceeds	-		-		349,123	349,123
Transfers in	12,933,389		12,933,389		12,972,058	38,669
Transfers (out)			_		(199,035)	 (199,035)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,933,389		12,933,389		13,122,146	 188,757
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 5,590	\$	5,590		(762,521)	\$ (768,111)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1					12,369,977	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31				<u>\$</u>	11,607,456	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC SAFETY PENSION FUNDING FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Draparty tayon	\$ -	\$ 2,765,046	\$ 2,721,454	\$ (43,592)
Property taxes Investment income	φ - -	φ 2,705,040 -	φ 2,721,454 1,638	φ (43,592) 1,638
			<u> </u>	
Total Revenues		2,765,046	2,723,092	(41,954)
EXPENDITURES Administrative expenditures				
Administrative expenditures Police pension expenditure		1,509,826	1,486,832	22,994
Fire pension expenditure		1,255,220	1,234,622	20,598
Total Expenditures			2,721,454	43,592
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		2,765,046	1,638	(2,763,408)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in - Municipal Securitization		<u>-</u>	718,744	718,744
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			718,744	718,744
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,765,046	720,382	<u>\$ (2,044,664)</u>
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1			(29,629,162)	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$ (28,908,780)	

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CITY NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$ 1,030,780	\$ 1,000,488	\$ 1,045,930	\$ 1,053,865	\$ 954,026	\$ 1,033,322
Interest	3,528,600	3,439,779	3,454,319	3,241,622	3,071,951	2,866,257
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(156,451)	(492,847)	(738,854)	629,669	99,367	(899,200)
Changes of Assumptions	-	1,397,922	(1,546,791)	(113,651)	108,003	1,484,918
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(2,416,734)	(2,690,980)	(2,080,519)	(2,093,766)	(1,717,067)	(1,689,075)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,986,195	 2,654,362	 134,085	 2,717,739	2,516,280	2,796,222
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	49,363,327	46,708,965	46,574,880	43,857,141	41,340,861	38,544,639
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 51,349,522	\$ 49,363,327	\$ 46,708,965	\$ 46,574,880	\$ 43,857,141	\$ 41,340,861
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$ 845,622	\$ 1,078,343	\$ 1,039,496	\$ 1,299,087	\$ 1,234,949	\$ 1,125,047
Contributions - member	471,148	464,670	451,947	451,564	429,839	399,259
Net Investment Income	8,061,715	(2,431,919)	7,166,588	2,524,066	194,300	2,242,328
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(2,416,734)	(2,690,980)	(2,080,519)	(2,093,766)	(1,717,067)	(1,689,075)
Other	(72,227)	476,454	(1,196,968)	668,349	(922,213)	(33,365)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 6,889,524	\$ (3,103,432)	\$ 5,380,544	\$ 2,849,300	\$ (780,192)	\$ 2,044,194
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	43,232,276	46,335,708	40,955,164	38,105,864	38,886,056	36,841,862
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 50,121,800	\$ 43,232,276	\$ 46,335,708	\$ 40,955,164	\$ 38,105,864	\$ 38,886,056
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 1,227,722	\$ 6,131,051	\$ 373,257	\$ 5,619,716	\$ 5,751,277	\$ 2,454,805
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	97.61%	87.58%	99.20%	87.93%	86.89%	94.06%
Covered Payroll Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	\$ 10,440,467 11.76%	\$ 10,299,359 59.53%	\$ 10,034,441 3.72%	\$ 9,939,525 56.54%	\$ 9,259,217 62.11%	\$ 8,592,033 28.57%

Notes to Schedule:

Information is presented for those years for which it was available

See independent auditor's report.

IMRF - SHERIFF'S LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CITY NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 27,014	\$ 25,187	\$ 24,702	\$ 24,781
Interest		18,372	14,398	25,793	24,713	20,729	17,582
Changes of Benefit Terms		-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(381)	45,399	(191,367)	(36,896)	7,689	(7,879)
Changes of Assumptions		-	1,637	137	(1,296)	1,537	7,511
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		17,991	61,434	(138,423)	11,708	54,657	41,995
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		253,405	191,971	330,394	318,686	264,029	222,034
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	271,396	\$ 253,405	\$ 191,971	\$ 330,394	\$ 318,686	\$ 264,029
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - employer	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 7,300	\$ 21,313	\$ 19,127	\$ 17,146
Contributions - member		-	-	3,519	10,786	9,955	9,764
Net Investment Income		55,084	(5,315)	45,677	19,224	1,329	13,768
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		-	-	-	-	-	-
Other		(740)	1,049	(1,622)	(2,109)	(13,263)	(1,590)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	54,344	\$ (4,266)	\$ 54,874	\$ 49,214	\$ 17,148	\$ 39,088
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		368,302	372,568	317,694	268,480	251,332	212,244
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	422,646	\$ 368,302	\$ 372,568	\$317,694	\$ 268,480	\$ 251,332
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ ((151,250)	\$ (114,897)	\$ (180,597)	\$ 12,700	\$ 50,206	\$ 12,697
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		155.73%	145.34%	194.08%	96.16%	84.25%	95.19%
Covered Payroll Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	\$	- 0.00%	\$ - 0.00%	\$ 46,915 -384.95%	\$ 143,817 8.83%	\$ 132,733 37.82%	\$ 130,189 9.75%

Notes to Schedule:

Information is presented for those years for which it was available

See independent auditor's report.

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS POLICE PENSION FUND

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CITY NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability	_				_		_				_		_	
Service cost	\$	2,847,552	\$	2,642,769	\$	2,647,867	\$	2,553,287	\$	2,391,838	\$	2,066,074	\$	2,393,246
Interest		8,903,252		8,755,072		8,368,311		8,013,778		7,760,581		7,211,847		6,784,103
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		725,111		-		-		-		-		-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(2,816,951)		1,276,302		37,926		(222,006)		147,889		1,491,310		-
Changes of Assumptions		(2,972,238)		(277,538)		-		-		(1,702,436)		1,925,792		-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(5,962,596)		(5,424,634)		(5,223,991)		(4,961,472)		(4,732,113)		(4,399,148)		(4,304,379)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(981)		7,697,082		5,830,113	-	5,383,587		3,865,759		8,295,875		4,872,970
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		140,114,163		132,417,081		126,586,968		121,203,381	:	117,337,622	1	109,041,747	1	.04,168,777
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	140,113,182	\$	140,114,163	\$	132,417,081	\$	126,586,968	\$:	121,203,381	\$ 1	117,337,622	\$ 1	.09,041,747
Plan Fiduciary Net Position														
Contributions - employer	\$	1,485,309	\$	16,498,158	\$	1,424,327	\$	1,248,592	\$	1,552,361	\$	16,745,210	\$	1,936,262
Contributions - member		1,058,128		1,058,824		1,041,410		1,031,688		1,023,659		956,689		1,227,194
Contributions - Other		6,712		5,063		7,263		30,829		62,939		-		-
Net Investment Income		13,206,907		13,529,061		(5,965,146)		10,465,494		4,388,789		(1,761,769)		1,788,907
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(5,962,596)		(5,424,634)		(5,223,991)		(4,961,472)		(4,732,113)		(4,399,148)		(4,304,379)
Administrative Expense		(97,055)		(84,116)		(94,288)		(97,823)		(86,813)		(74,978)		(74,328)
Other														
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	9,697,405	\$	25,582,356	\$	(8,810,425)	\$	7,717,308	\$	2,208,822	\$	11,466,004	\$	573,656
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		100,261,070		74,678,714		83,489,139		75,771,831		73,563,009		62,097,005		61,523,349
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	ċ	100,261,070	Ċ	100,261,070	\$		ċ	83,489,139	ċ			73,563,009	ċ	62,097,005
Plan Fluucially Net Position - Enumg (b)	<u>ې</u>	109,936,473	ې	100,201,070	<u>ې</u>	74,076,714	<u>ې</u>	03,403,133	ې	75,771,831	<u>ې</u>	73,303,009	Ą	02,097,003
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	Ś	30,154,707	Ś	39,853,093	\$	57,738,367	\$	43,097,829	Ś	45,431,550	Ś	43,774,613	Ś	46,944,742
	<u> </u>	30,23 1,7 07		23,033,033	<u></u>	27,700,007		.0,007,025		10,102,000	<u> </u>	.0,77.1,020		.0,5,7 .2
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		78.48%		71.56%		56.40%		65.95%		62.52%		62.69%		56.95%
,,		. 2 3/0		3,0		221.370								
Covered Payroll	\$	10,689,170	\$	10,690,483	\$	10,525,569	\$	13,014,854	\$	12,574,738	\$	9,302,154	\$	9,358,883
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		282.11%	-	372.79%		548.55%		331.14%		361.29%	-	470.59%		501.61%
•														

Notes to Schedule:

In 2015, the changes of assumptions resulted from a study of police officers and police pension funds in Illinois that impacted mortality rates, mortality improvement rates, retirement rates, disability rates and termir Information is presented for those years for which it was available

See independent auditor's report.

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CITY NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2020	2019	2018	2017		2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability						_			
Service cost	\$	2,206,429	\$ 1,990,340	\$ 2,003,112	\$ 2,004,380	\$	1,882,047	\$ 1,752,238	\$ 2,103,135
Interest		7,202,391	6,858,925	6,492,282	6,267,854		6,029,592	5,413,467	5,212,528
Changes of Benefit Terms		-	1,227,084	-	-		-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		1,097,271	(1,693,789)	2,395,580	235,467		693,572	1,050,247	-
Changes of Assumptions		(660,922)	1,886,904	8,536	-		(229,445)	5,676,793	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(5,517,695)	(5,319,274)	 (5,198,406)	 (4,911,540)		(4,508,834)	(4,318,960)	(4,129,646)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	·	4,327,474	4,950,190	5,701,104	3,596,161		3,866,932	9,573,785	3,186,017
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		113,131,753	 108,181,563	102,480,459	98,884,298		95,017,366	85,443,581	82,257,564
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	117,459,227	\$ 113,131,753	\$ 108,181,563	\$ 102,480,459	\$	98,884,298	\$ 95,017,366	\$ 85,443,581
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions - employer	\$	1,233,496	\$ 16,241,734	\$ 	\$ 1,184,601	\$	1,573,440	\$ 16,498,436	\$ 2,036,569
Contributions - member		719,900	692,418	700,615	692,937		685,432	664,862	639,271
Contributions - other		1,300	1,472	1,912	38,848		7,051	-	-
Net Investment Income		8,479,327	9,301,114	(3,939,327)	6,705,504		3,322,184	(1,457,332)	1,798,667
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(5,517,695)	(5,319,274)	(5,198,406)	(4,911,540)		(4,508,834)	(4,318,960)	(4,129,645)
Administrative Expense		(98,244)	(75,694)	(64,321)	(62,921)		(60,407)	(61,180)	(64,139)
Other		-	 	 	 -		-		
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	4,818,084	\$ 20,841,770	\$ (7,281,548)	\$ 3,647,429	\$	1,018,866	\$ 11,325,826	\$ 280,723
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		67,345,260	46,503,490	53,785,038	50,137,609		49,118,743	37,792,917	37,512,194
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	72,163,344	\$ 67,345,260	\$ 46,503,490	\$ 53,785,038	\$	50,137,609	\$ 49,118,743	\$ 37,792,917
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$	45,295,883	\$ 45,786,493	\$ 61,678,073	\$ 48,695,421	\$	48,746,689	\$ 45,898,623	\$ 47,650,664
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liabili	ty	61.44%	59.53%	42.99%	52.48%		50.70%	51.69%	44.23%
Covered Payroll	\$	7,560,667	\$ 7,279,060	\$ 8,360,233	\$ 8,180,510	\$	7,903,875	\$ 7,104,897	\$ 6,934,001
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		599.10%	629.02%	737.76%	595.26%		616.74%	646.01%	687.20%

Notes to Schedule:

In 2015, the changes of assumptions resulted from a study of firefighters and fire pension funds in Illinois that impacted mortality rates, mortality improvement rates, retirement rates, disability rates and terminat Information is presented for those years for which it was available

See independent auditor's report.

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CITY TOTAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY DECEMBER 31, 2020

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Total OPEB Liability Service cost \$ 402,284 \$ 335,810 \$ 364,755 Interest 544,838 688,147 613,088 Changes of Benefit Terms - - - - Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience (3,831,338) - - Changes of Assumptions 985,274 3,210,744 (994,767) Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) Net Change in Total OPEB Liability - Beginning 20,477,347 17,319,415 18,308,274 Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a) \$ 17,392,921 \$ 20,477,347 \$ 17,319,415 Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer \$ 1,185,484 \$ 1,076,769 971,935 Contributions - employer \$ 1,185,484 \$ 1,076,769 971,935 Plan Fiduciary Net Position \$ 1,185,484 \$ 1,076,769 971,935 Administrative Expense \$ 1,185,484 \$ 1,076,769 971,935 Administrative Expense \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2							
Service cost \$ 402,284 \$ 335,810 \$ 364,755 Interest 544,838 688,147 613,088 Changes of Benefit Terms - - - Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience (3,831,338) - - Changes of Assumptions 985,274 3,210,744 (994,767) Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) Net Change in Total OPEB Liability (3,084,426) 3,157,932 (988,859) Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a) \$ 17,339,2921 \$ 20,477,347 \$ 17,319,415 Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer \$ 1,185,484 \$ 1,076,769 \$ 971,935 Contributions - employer \$ 1,185,484 \$ 1,076,769 \$ 971,935 Contributions - employer \$ 1,185,484 \$ 1,076,769 \$ 971,935 Administrative Expense - - - Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position \$. \$. - Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning - - -	Total OPER Liability		2020		2019		2018
Interest 544,838 688,147 613,088 Changes of Benefit Terms - - - Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience (3,831,338) - - Changes of Assumptions 985,274 3,210,744 (994,767) Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) Net Change in Total OPEB Liability (3,084,426) 3,157,932 (988,859) Total OPEB Liability - Beginning 20,477,347 17,319,415 18,308,274 Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a) \$17,392,921 \$20,477,347 \$17,319,415 Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$971,935 Contributions - member - - - - Net Investment Income (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) Administrative Expense - - - - Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning - - - - - Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) <	•	¢	102 281	¢	335 810	¢	364 755
Changes of Benefit Terms - - - Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience (3,831,338) - - Changes of Assumptions 985,274 3,210,744 (994,767) Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) Net Change in Total OPEB Liability (3,084,426) 3,157,932 (988,859) Total OPEB Liability - Beginning 20,477,347 17,319,415 18,308,274 Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a) \$17,392,921 \$20,477,347 \$17,319,415 Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$971,935 Contributions - employer \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$971,935 Contributions - member \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$971,935 Administrative Expense \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$971,935 Administrative Expense \$2 \$2 \$2 Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$971,935 Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (Ţ	,	Ų	,	Ţ	•
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience (3,831,338) - - Changes of Assumptions 985,274 3,210,744 (994,767) Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) Net Change in Total OPEB Liability (3,084,426) 3,157,932 (988,859) Total OPEB Liability - Beginning 20,477,347 17,319,415 18,308,274 Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a) \$17,392,921 \$20,477,347 \$17,319,415 Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$971,935 Contributions - emmber - - - - Net Investment Income - - - - Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) Administrative Expense - - - - Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning - - - - Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) \$17,392,921 \$20,477,347 \$17,3			-		-		-
Changes of Assumptions 985,274 3,210,744 (994,767) Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) Net Change in Total OPEB Liability (3,084,426) 3,157,932 (988,859) Total OPEB Liability - Beginning 20,477,347 17,319,415 18,308,274 Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a) \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$ 971,935 Plan Fiduciary Net Position \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$ 971,935 Contributions - employer \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$ 971,935 Contributions - member \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$ 971,935 Net Investment Income \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$ 971,935 Administrative Expense \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$ 971,935 Administrative Expense \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$ 971,935 Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		(3	8 831 338)		_		_
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) Net Change in Total OPEB Liability (3,084,426) 3,157,932 (988,859) Total OPEB Liability - Beginning 20,477,347 17,319,415 18,308,274 Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a) \$ 17,392,921 \$ 20,477,347 \$ 17,319,415 Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer \$ 1,185,484 \$ 1,076,769 \$ 971,935 Contributions - member \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 Net Investment Income \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions \$ (1,185,484) \$ (1,076,769) \$ (971,935) \$ 2 Administrative Expense \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) \$ 17,392,921 \$ 20,477,347 \$ 17,319,415 OPEB Plan Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%		(-			3 210 7//		(994 767)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability (3,084,426) 3,157,932 (988,859) Total OPEB Liability - Beginning 20,477,347 17,319,415 18,308,274 Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a) \$ 17,392,921 \$ 20,477,347 \$ 17,319,415 Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer \$ 1,185,484 \$ 1,076,769 \$ 971,935 Contributions - member - - - - Net Investment Income 1,185,484 (1,076,769) (971,935) Administrative Expense - - - - Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position \$ - \$ - - - Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning - - - - Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) \$ 17,392,921 \$ 20,477,347 \$ 17,319,415 OPEB Plan Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Covered Payroll \$ 29,028,355 \$ 28,382,011 \$ 28,176,343		(1	•		, ,		
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a) 20,477,347 17,319,415 18,308,274 Plan Fiduciary Net Position \$17,392,921 \$20,477,347 \$17,319,415 Contributions - employer \$1,185,484 \$1,076,769 \$971,935 Contributions - member - - - Net Investment Income 1,185,484 (1,076,769) (971,935) Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) Administrative Expense - - - - Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position \$ - \$ - Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning - - - - Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) \$ \$ \$ \$ 17,392,921 \$ 20,477,347 \$ 17,319,415 OPEB Plan Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Covered Payroll \$29,028,355 \$28,382,011 \$28,176,343	,					_	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position \$ 17,392,921 \$ 20,477,347 \$ 17,319,415 Contributions - employer \$ 1,185,484 \$ 1,076,769 \$ 971,935 Contributions - member - - - Net Investment Income - - - Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) Administrative Expense - - - - Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position \$ - \$ - \$ - Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning - - \$ - Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) \$ 17,392,921 \$ 20,477,347 \$ 17,319,415 Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b) \$ 17,392,921 \$ 20,477,347 \$ 17,319,415 OPEB Plan Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Covered Payroll \$ 29,028,355 \$ 28,382,011 \$ 28,176,343	,	•	, , ,	1			. , ,
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer \$ 1,185,484 \$ 1,076,769 \$ 971,935 Contributions - member - - - Net Investment Income - - - Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) Administrative Expense - - - - Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position \$ - \$ - \$ - Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning - - \$ - Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) \$ 17,392,921 \$ 20,477,347 \$ 17,319,415 OPEB Plan Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Covered Payroll \$ 29,028,355 \$ 28,382,011 \$ 28,176,343	, 5 5					Ś	
Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Administrative Expense Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b) Covered Payroll \$ 1,185,484	iotal of 25 Easthry Enamy (a)	- - 7 17	,552,521		.0, 177,017	_	17,013,113
Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Administrative Expense Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b) Covered Payroll \$ 1,185,484	Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - member Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Administrative Expense Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b) Covered Payroll	•	\$ 1	.185.484	Ś	1.076.769	Ś	971.935
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Administrative Expense Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b) Covered Payroll (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) (971,935) (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (1,185,484) (1,185,484) (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (1,185,484) (1,185,	· ·	•	-	,	-,	,	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Administrative Expense Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b) Covered Payroll (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) (971,935) (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (971,935) (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (1,076,769) (1,185,484) (1,076,769) (1,07	Net Investment Income		_		_		_
Administrative Expense Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b) OPEB Plan Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 28,176,343		(1	.185.484)		(1.076.769)		(971.935)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position \$ - \$ - \$ - Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) -	, , ,	,-	-,,		-		-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) \$\frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{5} \	•	Ś		Ś		Ś	_
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) \$ - \$ - \$ - Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b) \$ 17,392,921 \$ 20,477,347 \$ 17,319,415 OPEB Plan Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Covered Payroll \$ 29,028,355 \$ 28,382,011 \$ 28,176,343	,	*		,		•	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b) \$ 17,392,921 \$ 20,477,347 \$ 17,319,415 OPEB Plan Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Covered Payroll \$ 29,028,355 \$ 28,382,011 \$ 28,176,343	Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		-		-		-
OPEB Plan Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Covered Payroll \$ 29,028,355 \$ 28,382,011 \$ 28,176,343	Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
OPEB Plan Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Covered Payroll \$ 29,028,355 \$ 28,382,011 \$ 28,176,343							
Covered Payroll \$ 29,028,355 \$ 28,382,011 \$ 28,176,343	Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 17	7,392,921	\$ 2	0,477,347	\$	17,319,415
Covered Payroll \$ 29,028,355 \$ 28,382,011 \$ 28,176,343		· ·					
•	OPEB Plan Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
•							
Employer Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 59.92% 72.15% 61.47%	Covered Payroll	\$ 29	,028,355	\$ 2	8,382,011	\$	28,176,343
	Employer Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		59.92%		72.15%		61.47%

Information is presented for those years for which it is available

See independent auditor's report.

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS ILLINOIS MUNICPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,016,303	\$ 844,634	\$ 1,078,343	\$ 1,039,568	\$ 1,273,253	\$ 1,196,291	\$ 1,102,358
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined							
Contribution	1,016,304	845,622	1,078,343	1,035,361	1,299,087	1,234,949	1,125,047
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	(1)	(988)	-	4,207	(25,834)	(38,658)	(22,689)
Covered Payroll	10,777,339	10,440,467	10,299,359	10,034,441	9,939,525	9,259,217	8,592,033
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	9.43%	8.10%	10.47%	10.32%	13.07%	13.34%	13.09%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate entry age normal
Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period: 24-year closed period

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Inflation: 2.50%

Salary Increases: 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.5%

Retirement Age: Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014 to 2 Mortality: RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted to match current IMRF experience. For men, 120% of the table rates were used. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015).

Other Information: There were no benefit changes during the year Information is presented for those years for which it was available

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS IMRF - SHERIFF'S LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Last 10 Fiscal Years

-	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,300	\$ 21,314	\$ 19,127	\$ 17,146
Determined Contribution	-	-	-	7,300	21,313	19,127	17,146
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Covered Payroll	-	-	-	46,915	143,817	132,733	130,189
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	15.56%	14.82%	14.41%	13.17%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate entry age normal Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed Remaining Amortization Period: 28-year closed period

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Inflation: 2.50%

Salary Increases: 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.5%

Retirement Age: Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study

of the period 2014 to 2016

Mortality: RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted to match current IMRF experience. For men, 120% of the table rates were used. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015).

Other Information: There were no benefit changes during the year Information is presented for those years for which it was available

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 4,899,997	\$ 4,324,217	\$ 3,968,068	\$ 3,535,612	\$ 4,030,141	\$ 3,812,119	\$ 4,423,550
Determined Contribution	1,485,309	16,498,451	1,424,327	1,248,592	1,552,361	16,745,210	1,936,262
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	3,414,688	(12,174,234)	2,543,741	2,287,020	2,477,780	(12,933,091)	2,487,288
Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered	10,689,170	10,690,483	10,525,569	13,014,854	12,574,738	9,302,154	9,358,883
Payroll	13.90%	154.33%	13.53%	9.59%	12.35%	180.01%	20.69%

Notes to Schedule:

The actuarially determined contribution is from the December 31, 2019 actuary's report

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry age normal with a level percentage of pay

Remaining Amortization Period: 20 years to 100% funding, closed. This results in amortization in excess of the statutory requirement.

Asset Valuation Method: Market value

Inflation: 2.5%

Projected Increase in Total Payroll: 3.5%

Investment Rate of Return: 6.75%

Retirement Rates: Based on the Lauterbach & Amen, LLP 2016 Illinois Police Retirement Rates 85% Capped at age 62

Mortality: RP-2014 Adjusted for Plan Status, Collar, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as Appropriate

Other Significant Factors Impacting Contributions:

City implemented a formal funding plan in 2013 to eliminate the unfunded liability by 2023.

Pursuant to the formal plan, the City issues general obligation pension bonds to fund the component of the Actuarial Required Contribution related to amortization of the plan's unfunded liability. From 2015 to 2020 this has resulted in excess funding.

The City continues to fund the "normal cost" component of the ARC. When the plan is fully funded, ARC will consist primarily of the normal cost. Information is presented for those years for which it was available

See independent auditor's report.

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 4,791,222	\$ 4,485,479	\$ 4,038,813	\$ 3,662,334	\$ 3,868,344	\$ 3,521,960	\$ 4,065,776
Contributions in Relation to the							
Actuarially Determined Contribution	1,233,496	16,241,734	1,217,979	1,184,601	1,573,440	16,498,436	2,036,569
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	3,557,726	(11,756,255)	2,820,834	2,477,733	2,294,904	(12,976,476)	2,029,207
Covered Payroll	7,560,667	7,279,060	8,360,233	8,180,510	7,903,875	7,104,897	6,934,001
Contributions as a Percentage of							
Covered Payroll	16.31%	223.13%	14.57%	14.48%	19.91%	232.21%	29.37%

Notes to Schedule:

The actuarially determined contribution is from the December 31, 2019 actuary's report

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry age normal with a level percentage of pay

Remaining Amortization Period: 20 years to 100% funding, closed. This results in amortization in excess of the statutory requirement.

Asset Valuation Method: Market value

Inflation: 2.5%

Projected Increase in Total Payroll: 3.5%

Investment Rate of Return: 6.5%

Retirement Rates: Based on the Lauterbach & Amen, LLP 2016 Illinois Firefighters Retirement Rates Capped at age 65

Mortality: RP-2014 Adjusted for Plan Status, Collar, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as Appropriate

Other Significant Factors Impacting Contributions:

City implemented a formal funding plan in 2013 to eliminate the unfunded liability by 2023.

Pursuant to the formal plan, the City issues general obligation pension bonds to fund the component of the Actuarial Required Contribution related to amortization of the plan's unfunded liability. From 2015 to 2020 this has resulted in excess funding.

The City continues to fund the "normal cost" component of the ARC. When the plan is fully funded, ARC will consist primarily of the normal cost.

Information is presented for those years for which it was available

See independent auditor's report.

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	20	17	2	2016	2	2015	20	14	 2013	:	2012	:	2011
Actuarially Determined Contribution	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A
Contributions in Relation to the																
Actuarially Determined Contribution											-	-				-
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A
Covered Payroll	\$ 29,028,355	\$ 28,382,011	\$ 28,176,343	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered																
Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

There is no Actuarially Determined Contribution or employer contribution in relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution, as there is no Trust that exists for funding the OPEB liabilities. The City did make contributions from other City resources in the current year in the amount of \$1,185,484.

Information is presented for those years for which it is available.

Notes to required supplementary information December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - BUDGETS

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using generally accepted accounting principles and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue Funds (except the Public Safety Pension Funding, Grants, Police Seizure, State Asset Forfeiture, NSP, Ogden Avenue TIF, Ridgeland Avenue TIF and Emergency 911 Telephone System Funds), Debt Service Fund, Enterprise, Capital Projects and Pension Trust Funds. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The Mayor submits to the City Council Members a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted by the City to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Subsequently, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- d. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- e. Budgets, as described above, are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- f. Legal level of budgetary control is at the department level in the general fund or fund level for all other funds.
- g. Budgetary authority lapses at year end.
- h. State law requires that "expenditures be made in conformity with the budget." Transfers between line items in cost centers may be made by administrative action. Any amount to be transferred between cost centers and/or funds would require City Council approval.
- i. The budget was amended in December of 2020.

Notes to required supplementary information December 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The following departments had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the fiscal year:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>			
General Fund Department				
Information Technology	\$	54,916		
Fire Department		279,744		
Police Department		630,886		
Fire and Police Commission		7,619		
Committees & Planning		299,840		
Debt Service Fund		128,351		
Motor Fuel Tax	_	112,603		
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,513,959		

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES





SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BERWYN MUNICIPAL SECURITIES FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

REVENUES State income tax State/local use tax	Original and Final Budget \$ 5,727,572 2,012,390	Actual \$ 6,239,091 4,392,484	Variance with Final Budget \$ 511,519 2,380,094
1% State sales tax Home rule sales tax	4,788,166 5,018,729	4,570,878 2,529,919	(217,288) (2,488,810)
Investment income		10,287	10,287
Total Revenues	17,546,857	17,742,659	195,802
EXPENDITURES			
Professional services Debt Service	151,126	89,850	61,276
Principal	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	4,462,342	4,462,342	
Total Expenditures	4,613,468	4,552,192	61,276
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	12,933,389	13,190,467	257,078
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfer out- Debt Service Fund	-	(1,285,939)	(1,285,939)
Transfer out- Public Safety Pension Funding Fund	(42.022.200)	(718,744)	(718,744)
Transfer out- General Fund	(12,933,389)	(12,972,058)	(38,669)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(12,933,389)	(14,976,741)	(2,043,352)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	(1,786,274)	\$ (1,786,274)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1		83,928,401	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31		\$ 82,142,127	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Original and Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES					
Property taxes - debt service	\$ 7,603,161	\$ 7,632,646	\$ 29,485		
Investment income	 1,000	 6,796	 5,796		
Total Revenues	 7,604,161	 7,639,442	 35,281		
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service					
Principal	6,912,649	7,397,634	(484,985)		
Interest and fiscal charges	 5,026,901	 4,670,267	 356,634		
Total Expenditures	 11,939,550	 12,067,901	 (128,351)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (4,335,389)	 (4,428,459)	 (93,070)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer in - General Fund	(95)	64,299	64,394		
Transfers in - Roosevelt Road TIF	286,825	286,825	-		
Transfers in (out) - Ogden Avenue TIF	-	(64,299)	(64,299)		
Transfers in - South Berwyn TIF	536,167	536,167	-		
Transfer in - Berwyn Municipal Securitization Fund	-	1,285,939	1,285,939		
Debt Proceeds	 3,850,000	 3,850,000	 <u>-</u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 4,672,897	 5,958,931	 1,286,034		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 337,508	 1,530,472	\$ 1,192,964		
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1		 (47,156,847)			
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31		\$ (45,626,375)			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Budget	•		Variance with Final Budget
PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 22,344,726	\$ 19,579,680	\$ 19,421,749	\$ (157,931)
Property taxes - general	\$ 22,344,720	φ 19,579,000	φ 19,421,749	<u>φ (137,931)</u>
OTHER TAXES				
Personal property replacement	213,000	213,000	236,515	23,515
Canabis	_	-	39,145	39,145
State sales	(360,000)	(360,000)	-	360,000
Municipal utility	3,000,000	3,000,000	2,739,274	(260,726)
Liquor	200,000	200,000	215,219	15,219
Real estate transfer	2,250,000	2,250,000	2,138,624	(111,376)
Gas	366,000	366,000	264,914	(101,086)
Parking lot	1,200	1,200	1,200	-
Video	2,100	2,100	1,375	(725)
Video gaming	740,000	740,000	490,349	(249,651)
Miscellaneous	2,650	2,650	121,870	119,220
Total Other Taxes	6,414,950	6,414,950	6,248,485	(166,465)
LICENSES AND PERMITS				
Vehicle	4 500 000	4 500 000	4 0 4 0 0 0 5	(400 405)
Passenger vehicles	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,310,835	(189,165)
Recreation vehicle	4,500	4,500	284	(4,216)
Motorcycle	16,000	16,000	13,289	(2,711)
Trucks	225,000	225,000	215,302	(9,698)
Licenses	700.000	700 000	540.050	(007.044)
Business	720,000	720,000	512,656	(207,344)
Liquor	250,000	250,000	204,822	(45,178)
Pet	13,000	13,000	8,855	(4,145)
Permits	400 500	400 500	00.400	(00.007)
Commuter parking	126,500	126,500	63,133	(63,367)
Municipal parking	147,000	147,000	150,580	3,580
Building	140,000	140,000	124,169	(15,831)
Certificate of compliance	60,000	60,000	49,500	(10,500)
Local improvement	490,000	490,000	366,463	(123,537)
Service charge and escrow default	50,000	50,000	143,424	93,424
Electrical sign inspection	10,000	10,000	21,648	11,648
Total Licenses and Permits	3,752,000	3,752,000	3,184,960	(567,040)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
CHARGES FOR SERVICES					
Public safety					
Police reports	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 4,285	\$ (5,715)	
Paramedic service collections	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,645,196	645,196	
False alarms	_	-	150	150	
Miscellaneous charges for services	18,500	18,500	29,942	11,442	
CPR training revenue	500	500	-	(500)	
Public works					
Plumbing inspection	500,000	500,000	444,705	(55,295)	
Sanitation					
Recycling rebate	-	-	10,000	10,000	
Recreation					
Athletics	80,000	•	27,912	(52,088)	
Adult programs	20,000		5,220	(14,780)	
Children's programs	370,000		45,352	(324,648)	
Pool	37,000		(4.400)	(37,000)	
Concession stand	1,000		(1,420)	(2,420)	
Rental	500	500	300	(200)	
Other fees for service	-	-	(10,000)	(10,000)	
Senior services	1 000	1.000		(4.000)	
Senior breakfast Other fees for service	1,000 31,500	•	26,243	(1,000)	
Other lees for service Other	31,300	31,300	20,243	(5,257)	
Commuter parking meters	33,500	33,500	20,347	(13,153)	
Sale of gas	73,000	•	42,411	(30,589)	
Sidewalk construction	75,000 75,000		40,678	(34,322)	
Sidewalk constituction	10,000	10,000	40,070	(04,022)	
Total Charges For Services	2,251,500	2,251,500	2,331,321	79,821	
FINES AND FORFEITURES					
Towing fees	10,000	10,000	_	(10,000)	
Impound vehicles	100,000		102,750	2,750	
Booting	160,000		56,893	(103,107)	
Cannabis tickets	5,000		225	(4,775)	
Court fines	30,000		43,040	13,040	
Violation fines	1,900,000		936,677	(963,323)	
Compliance tickets	75,000		71,090	(3,910)	
Local ordinance fines	240,000		179,619	(60,381)	
Red Light photo enforcement	2,600,000		2,527,014	(72,986)	
Total Fines and Forfeitures	5,120,000	5,120,000	3,917,308	(1,202,692)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
INTERGOVERNMENTAL	400.000	* 400.000	ф 400 7 00	Φ 0.700
Highway maintenance Grants	120,000 319,037	\$ 120,000 319,037	\$ 129,726 1,102,434	\$ 9,726
Total Intergovernmental	439,037	439,037	1,232,160	793,123
INVESTMENT INCOME	175,400	175,400	65,591	(109,809)
OTHER REVENUES				
Franchises	425,000	425,000	379,101	(45,899)
Cell tower rental	340,000	340,000	283,538	(56,462)
Reimbursements	642,500	642,500	303,090	(339,410)
Contributions & sponsorships	4,000	4,000	14,275	10,275
Other	106,000	106,000	95,765	(10,235)
Total Other Revenues	1,517,500	1,517,500	1,075,769	(441,731)
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 42,015,113	\$ 39,250,067	\$ 37,477,343	\$ (1,772,724)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL **GENERAL FUND**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	-	-	·	
Mayor's Office				
Salaries and benefits	\$ 153,297	\$ 153,297	\$ 149,357	\$ 3,940
Internal service fund charges	1,688	1,688	1,668	20
Administrative expenditures	7,500	7,500	3,595	3,905
Supplies	1,000	1,000	985	15
Postage and printing	845	845	41	804
Training, dues and publications	-	-	1,646	(1,646)
Other general	1,000	1,000	3,242	(2,242)
Copier maintenance	700	700	160	540
Total Mayor's Office	166,030	166,030	160,694	5,336
City Administrator's Office				
Salaries and benefits	412,754	412,754	401,248	11,506
Internal service fund charges	5,031	5,031	5,068	(37)
Training, dues and publications	10,000	10,000	7,276	2,724
Supplies	1,600	1,600	4,102	(2,502)
Postage and printing	805	805	2,251	(1,446)
Repairs and maintenance	500	500	-	500
Professional services	60,000	60,000	55,000	5,000
Other general	9,500	9,500	5,726	3,774
Copier maintenance	700	700	160	540
Total City Administrator's Office	500,890	500,890	480,831	20,059
City Clerk's Office				
Salaries and benefits	175,393	175,393	116,349	59,044
Internal service fund charges	2,885	2,885	1,497	1,388
Administrative expenditures	4,500	4,500	90	4,410
Training, dues and publications	2,500	2,500	3,530	(1,030)
Supplies	1,500	1,500	839	661
Postage and printing	750	750	830	(80)
Codification	4,000	4,000	5,716	(1,716)
Record retention	2,500	2,500	245	2,255
Other general	47,000	47,000	32,573	14,427
Copier maintenance	3,500	3,500	4,728	(1,228)
Total City Clerk's Office	244,528	244,528	166,397	78,131
Treasurer's Office				
Salaries and benefits	48,224	48,224	45,357	2,867
Internal service fund charges	508	508	512	(4)
Supplies	250	250	- 0.000	250
Postage, printing and publications	5,000	5,000	3,080	1,920
Other general	250	250	-	250
Total Treasurer's Office	54,232	54,232	48,949	5,283
City Council				
Salaries and benefits	261,697	261,697	248,774	12,923
Internal service fund charges	2,562	2,562	2,867	(305)
Ward expenditures	36,000	36,000	24,794	11,206
Other general	250	250	77	173
Total City Council	300,509	300,509	276,512	23,997

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL **GENERAL FUND**

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (CONTINUED)				
Legal Department				
Salaries and benefits	\$ 314,183		\$ 300,886	\$ 13,297
Internal service fund charges	11,207	11,207	7,574	3,633
Supplies	1,000		800	200
Postage and printing	500		40.005	500
Adjudication program	35,000		16,625	18,375
Other general Professional services	500 650,000		146 517,745	354 132,255
			317,743	
Copier maintenance	500		040.776	500
Total Legal Department	1,012,890	1,012,890	843,776	169,114
Finance Department				
Salaries and benefits	1,179,054	1,179,054	1,082,188	96,866
Internal service fund charges	17,922	17,922	16,825	1,097
Other general	144,000		158,709	(14,709)
Postage, printing and publications	26,000	26,000	35,595	(9,595)
Telephone	-	-	-	-
Supplies	12,000		9,850	2,150
Training, dues and publications	14,000		3,038	10,962
Professional services	326,000	· ·	169,906	156,094
Copier maintenance	2,250		914	1,336
Total Finance Department	1,721,226	1,721,226	1,477,025	244,201
Information Technology Department				
Salaries and benefits	788,774	788,774	705,255	83,519
Internal service fund charges	13,742		13,620	122
Network infrastructure	265,000	265,000	239,366	25,634
Hardware purchases	80,000	80,000	81,012	(1,012)
Hardware maintenance	41,000		61,404	(20,404)
Software purchases	30,000		22,008	7,992
Software maintenance	25,000	25,000	54,442	(29,442)
Equipment lease	-	-	-	-
Vehicle, gas and oil	1,000		-	1,000
Training, dues and publications	1,000		- 22.024	1,000
Supplies	3,000 1,000		22,931	(19,931) 1,000
Repairs & maintenance Other general	72,000		71,150	850
Postage, printing and publications	72,000	72,000	1,130	(1)
Professional services	25,000	25,000	14,587	10,413
Capital outlay			115,656	(115,656)
Total Information Technology Department	1,346,516	1,346,516	1,401,432	(54,916)
Total Illiothation Technology Department	1,540,510	1,540,510	1,401,432	(34,910)
Statutory				
Auditing/accounting expenditures	52,144	•	45,031	7,113
Bad debt expenditure	3,500		-	3,500
Unallocated employee benefits	7,000		(24,043)	31,043
Interdepartmental charges-water	(1,250,000		(1,276,234)	26,234
Other	5,000		12,630	(7,630)
City wide software applications	45,850		54,042	(8,192)
Total Statutory	(1,136,506	(1,136,506)	(1,188,574)	52,068
Total General Government	4,210,315	4,210,315	3,667,042	543,273
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · ·	<u> </u>	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

PUBLIC SAFETY		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget
Fire Department								
Salaries and benefits	\$	11,527,598	\$	11,527,598	\$	11,359,593	\$	168,005
Pension expenditures	·	1,232,826	·	(22,394)		-	·	(22,394)
Internal service fund charges		485,099		485,099		563,016		(77,917)
Collection service fees		150,000		150,000		521,242		(371,242)
Other general		48,000		48,000		50,645		(2,645)
Supplies		16,500		16,500		38,695		(22,195)
Telephone		10,500		10,500		8,543		1,957 [°]
Utilities		12,000		12,000		11,966		34
Training, dues, and education		47,500		47,500		14,672		32,828
Repairs and maintenance		155,000		155,000		154,277		723
Vehicle gas & oil		55,000		55,000		43,814		11,186
Copier maintenance		2,500		2,500		303		2,197
Equipment purchases/capital outlay		76,500		76,500		79,377		(2,877)
Equipment lease		142,000		142,000		141,733		267
Turnout gear		50,000		50,000		47,671		2,329
Total Fire Department		14,011,023		12,755,803		13,035,547		(279,744)
тотатт не Верантети	_	14,011,020	_	12,700,000		10,000,047		(270,744)
Police Department								
Salaries and benefits		22,696,526		22,696,526		22,797,130		(100,604)
Pension expenditures		1,496,373		(13,453)		, ,		(13,453)
Internal service fund charges		1,362,132		1,362,132		1,690,089		(327,957)
Other general		163,500		163,500		190,465		(26,965)
Postage, printing, and publications		30,200		30,200		34,193		(3,993)
Telephone		55,920		55,920		63,632		(7,712)
Utilities		27,500		27,500		33,375		(5,875)
Training, dues, and education		95,000		95,000		134,079		(39,079)
Vehicle gas & oil		180,000		180,000		186,885		(6,885)
Supplies		63,100		63,100		248,002		(184,902)
Repairs and maintenance		371,500		371,500		349,056		22,444
Red light camera enforcement		925,000		925,000		869,277		55,723
Capital outlay		45,000		45,000		42,533		2,467
Software maintenance		40,000				3,500		(3,500)
Copier maintenance		17,000		17,000		7,595		9,405
•	_					_		
Total Police Department	_	27,528,751	_	26,018,925		26,649,811		(630,886)
Fire and Police Commission								
Salaries and benefits		21,530		21,530		32,689		(11,159)
Training, dues, and education		2,500		2,500		1,761		739
Other general		46,525		46,525	-	43,724	_	2,801
Total Fire and Police Commission	_	70,555	_	70,555		78,174		(7,619)
Total Public Safety		41,610,329		38,845,283		39,763,532		(918,249)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
PUBLIC WORKS				
Building Department				
Salaries and benefits	\$ 1,146,329	\$ 1,146,329	\$ 1,059,338	\$ 86,991
Internal service fund charges	20,654	20,654	18,597	2,057
Other general	41,500	41,500	22,518	18,982
Postage, printing, and publications	17,000	17,000	15,955	1,045
Utilities	12,000	12,000	11,259	741
Telephone	15,000	15,000		2,296
Training, dues, and publications	2,500	2,500	1,011	1,489
Supplies	14,500	14,500		(21,620)
Vehicle gas & oil	10,000	10,000	8,816	1,184
Professional services	430,000	430,000	358,943	71,057
Repairs and maintenance	150,000	150,000		(33,135)
Copier maintenance	2,000	2,000	716	1,284
Total Building Department	1,861,483	1,861,483	1,729,112	132,371
Street Department				
Salaries and benefits	2,784,018	2,784,018	2,395,772	388,246
Internal service fund charges	94,682	94,682	102,130	(7,448)
Other general	5,000	5,000	1,621	3,379
Telephone	3,500	3,500	7,218	(3,718)
Training, dues & publications	20,500	20,500	21,440	(940)
Utilities	18,500	18,500	15,603	2,897
Vehicle gas and oil	95,000	95,000	60,950	34,050
Supplies	144,450	144,450	97,303	47,147
Postage & printing	10,000	10,000	•	5,372
Equipment lease	135,000	135,000		28,525
Equipment	2,500	2,500		(37,800)
Repairs and maintenance	302,000	302,000		(147,479)
Copier maintenance	1,400	1,400		1,204
Capital outlay	99,000	99,000		(170,378)
Professional services	590,000	590,000	230,366	359,634
Total Street Department	4,305,550	4,305,550	3,802,859	502,691
Fleet Department				
Salaries and benefits	116,617	116,617		5,238
Internal service fund charges	3,376	3,376		21
Other general	2,500	2,500		2,188
Supplies	142,000	142,000		20,500
Professional services	45,000	45,000	•	(30,722)
Postage & printing	-	-	1,410	(1,410)
Equipment	2,500	2,500		2,500
Vehicle gas and oil	9,000	9,000		4,510
Repairs and maintenance	70,000	70,000		32,908
Repairs and maintenance parts	3,500	3,500		3,500
Total Fleet Department	394,493	394,493	355,260	39,233
Total Public Works	6,561,526	6,561,526	5,887,231	674,295

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL **GENERAL FUND**

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT				
Zoning Boards of Appeals				
Salaries and benefits	\$ 6,847	\$ 6,847	\$ 7,029	\$ (182)
Postage & printing	3,000	3,000	-	3,000
Other general	6,000	6,000		6,000
Total Zoning Boards of Appeals	15,847	15,847	7,029	8,818
Committees and Planning Department				
Berwyn Historical Society	5,000	5,000	-	5,000
West Central Municipal Conference	26,000	26,000	25,554	446
Historical Preservation Commission	2,500	2,500	-	2,500
Utility tax rebate	85,000	85,000	46,338	38,662
Sales tax rebate	-	-	440,448	(440,448)
Community programs	3,500	3,500	-	3,500
Berwyn Development Corporation Administrative Fee	86,000	86,000	-	86,000
Other general	4,500	4,500		4,500
Total Committees and Planning Department	212,500	212,500	512,340	(299,840)
Total Economic Development	228,347	228,347	519,369	(291,022)
CULTURE AND RECREATION Recreation Department				
Salaries and benefits	1,120,754	1,120,754	669,586	451,168
Internal service fund charges	35,844	35,844	38,333	(2,489)
Special events	80,000	80,000	16,249	63,751
Other general	90,000	90,000	55,927	34,073
Postage, printing, and publications	4,500	4,500	4,853	(353)
Telephone	10,000	10,000	8,851	1,149
Utilities	35,000	35,000	21,117	13,883
Vehicle gas & oil	13,000	13,000	11,097	1,903
Supplies	115,000	115,000	65,336	49,664
Repairs and maintenance	160,000	160,000	95,698	64,302
Equipment purchases/capital outlay	15,000	15,000	-	15,000
Copier maintenance	800	800	145	655
Total Recreation Department	1,679,898	1,679,898	987,192	692,706

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		Original Budget		Final Budget Actual		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
CULTURE AND RECREATION (CONTINUED)									
Community Relations Department Salaries and benefits	\$	5.383	\$	5.383	\$	5.383	\$		
	Φ	1,400	Ф	5,363 1,400	Ф	5,363	Φ	1 400	
Other general	_		_			<u>-</u>		1,400	
Total Community Relations Department		6,783		6,783		5,383		1,400	
Senior Services Department									
Salaries and benefits		352,237		352,237		340,885		11,352	
Special events - senior breakfast		7,400		7,400		100		7,300	
Vehicle, gas, and oil		20,000		20,000		16,065		3,935	
Telephone		3,500		3,500		4,405		(905)	
Supplies		500		500		918		(418)	
Postage and printing		7,000		7,000		2,835		4,165	
Professional services		2,000		2,000		2,202		(202)	
Repairs and maintenance		165,000		165,000		143,225		21,775	
Equipment lease		72,000		72,000		5,400		66,600	
Copier maintenance		1,000		1,000		269		731	
Internal service fund charges		12,577		12,577		15,523		(2,946)	
Other general		2,500		2,500		434		2,066	
Total Senior Services Department		645,714		645,714		532,261		113,453	
Total Culture and Recreation		2,332,395		2,332,395		1,524,836		807,559	
TOTAL GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES	\$	54,942,912	\$	52,177,866	\$	51,362,010	\$	815,856	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The NSP Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the Neighborhood Stabilization Grant program with funding provided by the Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development.

The Library Fund is used to account for the revenues of and the spending of funds for the operations of the Berwyn Public Library. The Library is a department of the city and is a special revenue fund.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used to account for the proceeds received from the State for the City's share of motor fuel taxes. Spending within this fund is restricted by state regulations to the maintenance and improvement of City streets.

The Ridgeland Avenue TIF is used to accumulate tax increment generated by the Ridgeland Avenue TIF district which was created on March 10, 2020. Funds can only be used for redevelopment costs within the geographical boundaries of the district.

South Berwyn Corridor TIF is used to accumulate tax increment generated by the South Berwyn TIF district which was created on January 28, 1997. Funds can only be used for redevelopment costs within the geographical boundaries of the district.

Roosevelt Road TIF is used to accumulate tax increment generated by the Roosevelt Road TIF district which was created on January 28, 1997. Funds can only be used for redevelopment costs within the geographical boundaries of the district.

Ogden Avenue TIF is used to accumulate tax increment generated by the Ogden Avenue TIF district which was created on May 25, 1993. Funds can only be used for redevelopment costs within the geographical boundaries of the district.

Harlem Avenue TIF is used to accumulate tax increment generated by the Harlem Avenue TIF district which was created on January 1, 2012. Funds can only be used for redevelopment costs within the geographical boundaries of the district.

The Grants Fund is used to account for various grant revenues and the related expenditure of those grant funds.

The Police Seizure Fund is used to account for revenues obtained from drug seizures and expenditures related to police activity in accordance with federal requirements.

The Emergency 911 Telephone System Fund is used to account for the operations and maintenance of an emergency telephone system with revenues provided by a specific tax surcharge.

State Asset Forfeiture Fund is used to account for revenues obtained from drug seizures and expenditures related to police activity in accordance with state requirements.

The Foreign Fire Insurance Fund is used to account for the proceeds and spending of the foreign fire insurance tax. The fund is administered by the City's Foreign Fire Insurance Board and must be used for the benefit of the fire department.

The Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the Community Development Block Grant program with funding provided by the Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the capital portions of bond proceeds to be used for capital project purposes.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2020

						Specia	Reve	enue					
_		NSP Library		Motor Ridgeland Fuel Tax Avenue TIF		South Berwyn Corridor TIF		Roosevelt Road TIF		Ogden Avenue TIF		Harlem Avenue TIF	
ASSETS													
Cash and investments	\$	10 9	1,768,804	\$ 5.8	322,114	\$ -	. \$	6,829,679	\$	43,842	\$ -	- \$	794,946
Restricted cash	•	-	-	-,-	-,		. *	894,208	•	1,886	•		
Receivables								,		,			
Property taxes		-	3,401,662		-	-		7,154		1,459	-		
Notes		-	-		-	-		· -		,	-		
Accounts		-	2,000		-	-		2,709		2,000			
Land held for resale		-	· -		-			· -		305,000			
Prepaid items		-	-		_			73,063		46,931			135,797
Due from other funds		-	14,474		_			-		-	66,205	5	118,769
Due from other governments		_			88,080			_		_	,		
TOTAL ASSETS		10	5,186,940		10,194	-		7,806,813		401,118	66,205	_	1,049,512
TOTAL ASSETS		10	3,100,940		710,194		_	7,000,013		401,110	00,200	<u> </u>	1,049,512
LIABILITIES													
Accounts payable		-	25,263	1	67,088	-		2,670		3,952	-	-	45,291
Accrued payroll		-	90,364		-	-		-		-	-	-	
Unearned revenues		-	-		-	-		-		2,000	-	-	
Due to other funds		10	29	2,5	39,018	2,025	,	550,683		14,769	-	-	
Other liabilities		-	-		-	-		-		-	81,405	5	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		10	115,656	2,7	06,106	2,025	_	553,353		20,721	81,405	5	45,291
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		_	3,392,808		_	_		_		_	_	_	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			3,392,808				_	-		-		_	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)													
Nonspendable													
Prepaid items		_	_		_	_		73,063		46,931	_	_	135,797
Restricted								75,005		40,951			100,797
Public safety		_	_		_	_		_		_	_	_	
Public works			_	3 3	04,088			_		_			
Culture and recreation			1,678,476		-								
Economic development			1,070,470			_		7,180,397		333,466			868,424
Committed								7,100,097		333,400			000,424
Capital projects funded by bonds		_	_			_		_		_	_		
Unassigned		_	-		-	(2,025	3)	-		-	(15,200))	
•		 -	4.070.470		-			7.050.400		202 227			4.004.00
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)		 -	1,678,476	3,3	804,088	(2,025	<i></i>	7,253,460		380,397	(15,200	"	1,004,221
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF													
,			5,186,940	\$ 6,0		\$ -		7,806,813					1,049,512

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2020

			Special	Revenue			Capital Projects	
	Grants	Police Seizure	Emergency 911 Telephone System	State Asset Forfeiture	Foreign Fire Insurance	CDBG	Capital Projects	Totals
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$ 105,626	\$ 507,836	\$ 835,795	250,742	\$ 57,330	\$ 100	\$ 289,682	\$ 17,306,506
Restricted cash	Ψ 100,020	ψ 001,000 -	φ σσσ, τσσ	200,7 12	ψ 07,000 -	ψ 100 -	200,002	896,094
Receivables							_	000,00
Property taxes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,410,27
Notes	_	-	_	_	_	2,201,547	_	2,201,54
Accounts	4,420	1	251,892	1	_	_,,	941	263,96
Land held for resale	-,	-		-	_	_	-	305,000
Prepaid items	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	255,79
Due from other funds	2,352	3,199	_	_	_	_	1,289	206,28
Due from other governments	-,002	-	_	_	_	6,113	-,200	194,193
TOTAL ASSETS	112,398	511,036	1,087,687	250,743	57,330	2,207,760	291,912	25,039,658
TOTAL ASSETS	112,390	311,030	1,007,007	230,743	37,330	2,201,100	291,912	23,039,036
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	_	832	_	904	_	1.108	23,600	270.70
Accrued payroll	_	21,590	_	-	_	13,859	20,000	125,813
Unearned revenues	_	,000	_	33,785	_	2,201,547	_	2,237,332
Due to other funds	_	_	566	238,056	2	232,887	_	3,578,045
Other liabilities	_	_	-	200,000	-	2	_	81,407
TOTAL LIABILITIES		22,422	566	272,745	2	2,449,403	23,600	6,293,305
. 6 7/12 2.7/12/12/12						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes								3,392,808
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								3,392,808
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)								
Nonspendable								
Prepaid items	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	255,79°
Restricted								200,70
Public safety	112,398	488,614	1,087,121	_	57,328	_	_	1,745,46
Public works	- 112,000	-	1,007,121	_	-	_	_	3,304,08
Culture and recreation	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,678,470
Economic development	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	8,382,28
Committed								0,002,20
Capital projects funded by bonds	_	_	_	_	_	_	268,312	268,31
Unassigned	_	_	_	(22,002)	_	(241,643)		(280,870
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	112,398	488,614	1,087,121	(22,002)	57,328	(241,643)	268,312	15,353,54
,								
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$ 112,398	\$ 511,036	\$ 1,087,687	\$ 250,743	\$ 57,330	\$ 2,207,760	\$ 291,912	\$ 25,039,658

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

								Special	Reve	enue						
	1	NSP		Motor Library Fuel Tax			Ridgeland Avenue TIF		South Berwyn Corridor TIF			Roosevelt Road TIF	Ogden Avenue TIF		Harlem Avenue TIF	
REVENUES																
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	3,357,075	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,091,754	\$	716,123	\$	-	\$	2,008,185
Other taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-				-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		11,729		-		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		95,821		5,011		-		-				-		
Investment income		-		4,580	2	4,904		-		1,812		777		-		1,598
Miscellaneous				8,813												-
Total Revenues				3,478,018	3,42	9,915				1,093,566		716,900		<u> </u>		2,009,783
EXPENDITURES																
Current																
Public safety		-		=		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		-	2,10	5,503		-		-		-		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-		2,025		321,961		230,370		15,200		615,198
Culture and recreation		-		3,354,869		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		148,645		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service																440 =00
Principal		-		-		-		-		-		-		=		112,528
Bond issuance costs		-		=		-		-		244,820		45.000		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges							_				_	15,000	_	-		60,634
Total Expenditures				3,503,514	2,10	5,503		2,025	_	566,781	-	245,370		15,200		788,360
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures				(25,496)	1,32	4,412		(2,025))	526,785		471,530		(15,200)		1,221,423
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Debt proceeds		-		=		-		-		7,140,000		-		-		-
Transfers in		134,736		-		-		-		-		-		64,299		-
Transfers (out)										(536,167)		(286,825))	<u> </u>		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		134,736						<u>-</u>		6,603,833		(286,825))	64,299		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		134,736		(25,496)	1,32	4,412		(2,025))	7,130,618		184,705		49,099		1,221,423
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), JANUARY 1		(134,736)	1,703,972	1,97	9,676	_			122,842		195,692	_	(64,299)		(217,202
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31	\$	-	\$	1,678,476	\$ 3,30	4,088	\$	(2,025)) \$	7,253,460	\$	380,397	\$	(15,200)	\$	1,004,221

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Special	Revenue			Capital Projects	
		Police	Emergency 911 Telephone	State Asset	Foreign Fire		Capital	
	Grants	Seizure	System	Forfeiture	Insurance	CDBG	Projects	Totals
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,173,137
Other taxes	-	-	787,004	-	48,528	-	-	835,532
Charges for services	-	-	-		-	-	_	-
Fines and forfeitures	10,456	-	-	-	_	-	=	22,185
Intergovernmental	, -	210,712	-	10,353	-	575,773	7,441	4,305,111
Investment income	266	272	5,195	101		2	1,510	41,017
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	_	105,233	-	114,046
Total Revenues	10,722	210,984	792,199	10,454	48,528	681,008	8,951	12,491,028
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Public safety	5,221	212,010	687,019	32,456	50,056	-	-	986,762
Public works	=	-	-	-	-	-	=	2,105,503
Economic development	=	-	-	-	-	684,614	=	1,869,368
Culture and recreation	-	=	=	-	-	-	=	3,354,869
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	881,669	1,030,314
Debt service				-				
Principal	=	-	-	-	-	-	=	112,528
Bond issuance costs	=	-	-	-	-	-	=	244,820
Interest and fiscal charges		-						75,634
Total Expenditures	5,221	212,010	687,019	32,456	50,056	684,614	881,669	9,779,798
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	5,501	(1,026)	105,180	(22,002)	(1,528)	(3,606	(872,718)	2,711,230
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Debt proceeds	=	-	-	-	-	-	=	7,140,000
Transfers in	-	=	=	-	-	-	=	199,035
Transfers (out)		· <u> </u>			<u> </u>		-	(822,992)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		. <u>-</u>			<u> </u>			6,516,043
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	5,501	(1,026)	105,180	(22,002	(1,528)	(3,606	(872,718)	9,227,273
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), JANUARY 1	106,897	489,640	981,941		58,856	(238,037	1,141,030	6,126,272
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31	\$ 112,398	\$ 488,614	\$ 1,087,121	\$ (22,002)) \$ 57,328	\$ (241,643) \$ 268,312	\$ 15,353,545

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LIBRARY FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Property taxes - Library	\$	3,392,808	\$	3,357,075	\$	(35,733)
Fines and forfeitures	Ψ	0,002,000	Ψ	0,007,070	Ψ	(00,100)
Book fines		16,000		6,570		(9,430)
Copier fees - maintenance fund		13,000		5,159		(7,841)
Intergovernmental revenue - Grants		95,821		95,821		-
Investment income		750		4,580		3,830
Miscellaneous revenues						ŕ
Donations - building fund		7,000		6,813		(187)
Other revenues		-		2,000		2,000
Total Revenues		3,525,379		3,478,018		(47,361)
EXPENDITURES Library						
Salaries and benefits		2,819,625		2,678,040		141,585
Internal service fund charges		21,551		39,192		(17,641)
Books		273,500		213,431		60,069
Periodicals		18,000		14,135		3,865
Audio visual		39,000		21,076		17,924
Computer system		60,000 24,000		46,278 11,459		13,722 12,541
Dues and subscriptions Computer support databases		67,000		29,245		37,755
Programs adult/children		30,000		31,118		(1,118)
Reciprocal borrowing		1,500		1,746		(246)
Promotions		18,800		11,344		7,456
Director expense		800		11,544		800
Board expense		10,000		709		9,291
Other general		25,000		6,462		18,538
Postage, printing, and publications		1,800		206		1,594
Vehicle gas & oil		500		180		320
Telephone		22,000		26,878		(4,878)
Utilities		14,000		11,837		2,163
Supplies		108,800		101,399		7,401
Repairs and maintenance		150,000		110,134		39,866
Capital improvement		230,000		148,645		81,355
Total Expenditures		3,935,876		3,503,514		432,362
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(410,497)		(25,496)		385,001
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(410,497)		(25,496)	\$	385,001
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				1,703,972		
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	1,678,476		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues - state allotment Investment income Grants Total Revenues	Original and Final Budget \$ 1,992,900 45,000	Actual \$ 2,160,371 24,904 1,244,640 3,429,915	Variance with Final Budget \$ 167,471 (20,096) 1,244,640 1,392,015
EXPENDITURES Public Works			
Rock salt	239,400	228,989	10,411
Utilities	366,000	408,625	(42,625)
Professional services	77,500	611,447	(533,947)
Repairs and maintenance	000 000	470 740	000 000
Streets & Sidewalks	800,000	476,740	323,260
Traffic control	510,000	379,702	130,298
Total Expenditures	1,992,900	2,105,503	(112,603)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	45,000	1,324,412	1,279,412
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 45,000	1,324,412	\$ 1,279,412
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1		1,979,676	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31		\$ 3,304,088	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SOUTH BERWYN CORRIDOR TIF FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Property taxes - increment	\$	1,184,742	œ	1,091,754	\$	(92,988)
Miscellaneous income	φ	1,104,742	φ	1,091,734	φ	(92,900)
Investment income		_		1,812		1,812
				<u> </u>		,
Total Revenues		1,184,742		1,093,566		(91,176)
EXPENDITURES						
Economic Development						
TIF expenditures		396,122		102,771		293,351
TIF management services - BDC		292,253		219,190		73,063
Debt Service						
Principal Interest - notes payable		<u>-</u>		-		-
Issuance cost		- -		244,820		(244,820)
issuance cost				211,020		(211,020)
Total Expenditures		688,375	_	566,781		121,594
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		496,367		526,785		30,418
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Debt proceeds		_		7,140,000		7,140,000
Transfers (out)		(536, 167)		(536,167)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(536,167)		6,603,833		7,140,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(39,800)		7,130,618	\$	7,170,418
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				122,842		
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	7,253,460		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROOSEVELT ROAD TIF FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	а	Original nd Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES	_		_			
Property taxes - increment Investment income	\$	761,006 <u>-</u>	\$	716,123 777	\$	(44,883) 777
Total Revenues		761,006		716,900	_	(44,106)
EXPENDITURES Economic Development						
TIF expenditures		143,861		102,679		41,182
TIF management services - BDC		187,726		127,691		60,035
Debt Service						
Principal		-		-		-
Interest - notes payable		15,000		15,000		
Total Expenditures		346,587		245,370		101,217
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		414,419		471,530		57,111
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		(286,825)		(286,825)		<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(286,825)		(286,825)		<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	127,594		184,705	\$	57,111
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				195,692		
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	380,397		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HARLEM AVENUE TIF FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

REVENUES	C	original and Final Budget	Actual			Variance with Final Budget
Property taxes - increment Investment income	\$	1,500,000	\$	2,008,185 1,598	\$	508,185 1,598
Total Revenues		1,500,000		2,009,783		509,783
EXPENDITURES Economic Development						
TIF expenditures TIF management services - BDC Debt Service		755,014 370,021		337,681 277,517		417,333 (92,504)
Principal		112,736		112,528		208
Interest - notes payable		60,427		60,634		(207)
Total Expenditures		1,298,198		788,360		324,830
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		201,802		1,221,423		1,019,621
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	201,802		1,221,423	\$	1,019,621
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				(217,202)		
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	1,004,221		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOREIGN FIRE INSURANCE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	а	Original nd Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES					
Other taxes	\$	52,000	\$ 48,528	\$	(3,472)
Investment income			 	_	<u> </u>
Total Revenues		52,000	 48,528		(3,472)
EXPENDITURES					
Public Safety					
Supplies		7,000	8,631		(1,631)
Tools and equipment		22,000	34,068		(12,068)
Repairs and maintenance		6,000	502		5,498
Other general		5,000	6,855		(1,855)
Training, dues, and publications		9,000	-		9,000
Capital Outlay		3,000	 	-	3,000
Total Expenditures		52,000	 50,056		1,944
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures			 (1,528)		(1,528)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		 (1,528)	\$	(1,528)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1			 58,856		
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$ 57,328		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CDBG FUND

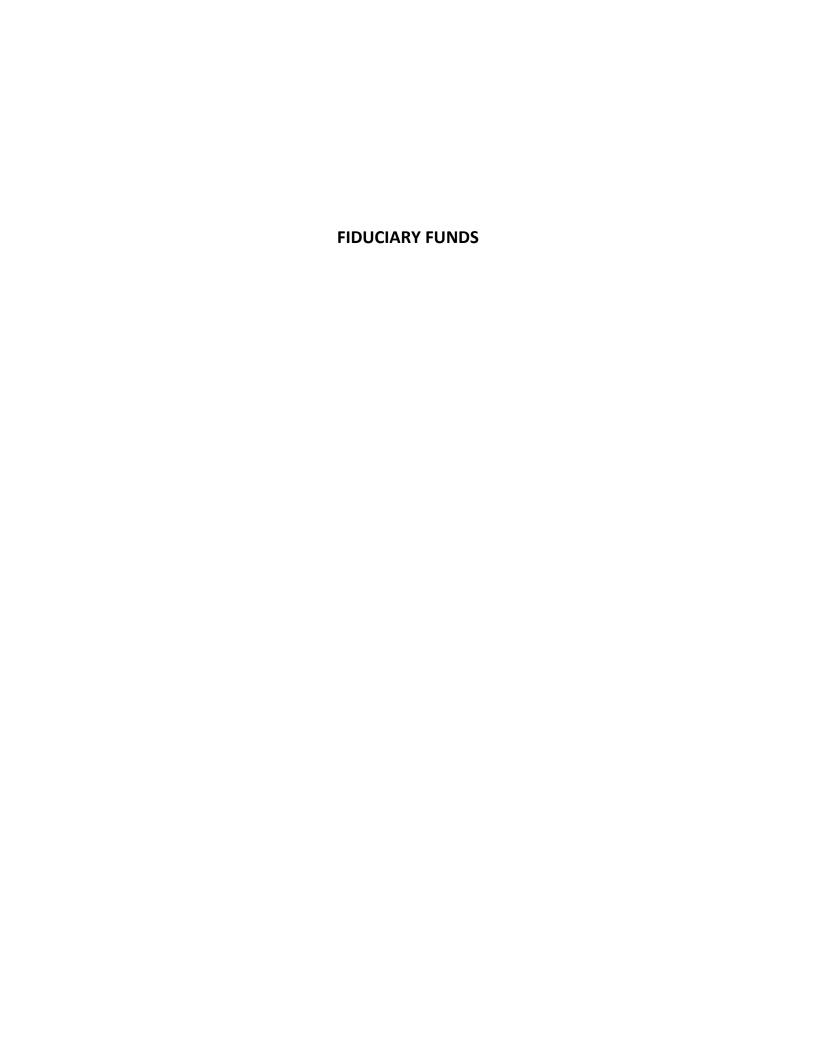
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Original and Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	1,176,799	\$ 575,773	\$	(601,026)
Investment income		-	2		2
Miscellaneous		64,782	 105,233		40,451
Total Revenues		1,241,581	 681,008		(560,573)
EXPENDITURES					
Economic Development					
Salaries and benefits		273,950	266,045		7,905
Internal service fund charges		10,190	12,776		(2,586)
Utilities		-	4,313		(4,313)
Copier maintenance		600	77		523
Telephone		1,200	1,054		146
Supplies		600	706		(106)
Postage and printing		1,300	5,304		(4,004)
Professional services		26,802	25,398		1,404
Training, dues and publications		3,650	-		3,650
Repairs and maintenance		842,601	241,170		601,431
Vehicle gas and oil		-	-		-
Other general		188	28		160
Bad debt		-	-		-
Program		80,500	127,743		(47,243)
Contingency		-	-		_
Public works					
Capital outlay		_	-		_
Professional services		_	_		_
Repairs and maintenance		-	-		_
Total Expenditures		1,241,581	684,614		556,967
			(0.000)		(0.000)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures			 (3,606)		(3,606)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in (out)		<u>-</u>	 -		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			 	_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$</u>		 (3,606)	\$	(3,606)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), JANUARY 1			 (238,037)		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31			\$ (241,643)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ -	,	\$ 7,441
Investment income		1,510	1,510
Total Revenues		8,951	8,951
EXPENDITURES			
Capital outlay	FFF 000	000 500	(70.750)
Public safety projects Culture and recreational projects	555,808 100,000	628,566	(72,758) 100,000
Public works projects	410,500	253,103	157,397
Fublic works projects	410,000	200,100	101,001
Total Expenditures	1,066,308	881,669	184,639
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,066,308)	(872,718)	193,590
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	-	-	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		
3 (- /			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ (1,066,308)</u>	(872,718)	\$ 193,590
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1		1,141,030	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31		\$ 268,312	



COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS December 31, 2020

		Police	F	Firefighters'		
		Pension		Pension		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	Φ	4 074 000	Φ	1 110 000	Φ	0.700.005
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,671,029	\$	1,119,606	\$	2,790,635
Investments U.S Government and agency securities		19,388,310		9,310,217		28,698,527
Corporate bonds		15,174,494		12,374,018		27,548,512
Equities		10,689,655		5,183,766		15,873,421
Equity mutual fund		62,453,658		43,179,189		105,632,847
State and local obligations		442,950		728,200		1,171,150
Insurance contracts		29,562		170,618		200,180
	_			,	_	200,.00
Total Cash and Investments		109,849,658		72,065,614		181,915,272
В						
Receivables		450,000		444 400		074.050
Accrued interest		156,860		114,492		271,352
Due from governmental funds		6,362		4,980		11,342
Total Receivables		163,222		119,472		282,694
Prepaids		795		1,055		1,850
Total Assets		110,013,675		72,186,141		182,199,816
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		52,832		21,671		74,503
Due to governmental funds		844		21,071		844
Due to governmental funds	_	044		<u>-</u>	_	044
Total Liabilities		53,676		21,671		75,347
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	\$	109,959,999	\$	72,164,470	\$	182,124,469

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Police	F	irefighters'	
	Pension		Pension	Total
ADDITIONS				
Contributions				
Employer	\$ 1,486,832	\$	1,234,622	\$ 2,721,454
Participants	 1,064,840		721,200	 1,786,040
Total Contributions	 2,551,672		1,955,822	 4,507,494
	 _	-	_	 _
Investment Income				
Net appreciation (depreciation) in				
fair value of investments	11,063,784		7,402,664	18,466,448
Interest earned	2,363,049		1,214,276	3,577,325
Less investment expenses	 (219,925)		(137,613)	 (357,538)
Total Investment Income	 13,206,908		8,479,327	 21,686,235
Total Additions	 15,758,580		10,435,149	 26,193,729
DEDUCTIONS				40=000
Administrative	97,055		98,244	195,299
Pension benefits and refunds	 5,962,596		5,517,695	 11,480,291
Total Deductions	 6,059,651		5,615,939	 11,675,590
NET INCREASE	9,698,929		4,819,210	14,518,139
NET INOREAGE	9,090,929		4,019,210	14,510,159
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR				
PENSION BENEFITS - JANUARY 1	100,261,070		67,345,260	167,606,330
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR				
PENSION BENEFITS - DECEMBER 31	\$ 109,959,999	\$	72,164,470	\$ 182,124,469

STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Berwyn's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u> <u>Page(s)</u>

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. 145 - 149

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax. 150 - 154

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

155 - 158

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

159 - 160

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS NET POSITION BY COMPONENTS Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Note 1			Note 2	Note 3	Note 3
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014 (Restated)	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017 (Restated)	2018	<u>2019</u>	2020
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ (25,148,350	0) \$ (29,717,373)	\$ (34,842,103)	\$ (35,980,196) \$	(39,825,361)	\$ (33,352,778)	\$ (27,940,941)	\$ (24,632,819) \$	(27,867,456)	\$ (24,963,362)
Restricted	14,690,665	5 13,216,304	10,139,735	7,852,106	4,834,710	4,374,268	3,964,998	3,784,265	89,567,917	95,573,963
Unrestricted	(19,438,748	3) (19,370,661)	(20,837,639)	(129,800,459)	(130,286,516)	(145,555,971)	(170,442,605)	(182,069,967)	(273,069,875)	(281,372,326)
									Note 4	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ (29,896,433	3) \$ (35,871,730)	\$ (45,540,007)	\$ (157,928,549)	(165,277,167)	\$ (174,534,481)	\$ (194,418,548)	\$ (202,918,521) \$	(211,369,414)	\$ (210,761,725)
Business-Type Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 38,876,966	5 \$ 35,878,284	\$ 32,073,557	\$ 27,665,507 \$	23,946,259	\$ 21,163,985	\$ 19,645,695	\$ 19,410,585 \$	19,451,290	\$ 18,331,734
Restricted	698,324	4 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unrestricted	3,098,670	3,188,554	4,727,886	4,988,893	5,241,306	4,273,785	2,477,439	1,912,046	1,729,262	2,855,774
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 42,673,960	39,066,838	\$ 36,801,443	<u>\$ 32,654,400</u> <u>\$</u>	29,187,565	\$ 25,437,770	\$ 22,123,134	<u>\$ 21,322,631</u> <u>\$</u>	21,180,552	\$ 21,187,508
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 13,728,616	6 \$ 6,160,911	\$ (2,768,546)	\$ (8,314,689) \$	(15,879,102)	\$ (12,188,793)	\$ (8,295,246)	\$ (5,222,234) \$	(8,416,166)	\$ (6,631,628)
Restricted	15,388,989	9 13,216,304	10,139,735	7,852,106	4,834,710	4,374,268	3,964,998	3,784,265	89,567,917	95,573,963
Unrestricted	(16,340,078	3) (16,182,107)	(16,109,753)	(124,811,566)	(125,045,210)	(141,282,186)	(167,965,166)	(180,157,921)	(271,340,613)	(278,516,552)
Total Primary Government	\$ 12,777,527	<u>\$ 3,195,108</u>	<u>\$ (8,738,564)</u>	\$ (125,274,149) \$	(136,089,602)	\$ (149,096,711)	\$ (172,295,414)	<u>\$ (181,595,890)</u> <u>\$</u>	(190,188,862)	\$ (189,574,217)

Note1: GASB Standard 68 required 2014 Financial Statements be restated to include the recognition of the additional net pension liability.

Note2: GASB Standard 75 required 2017 Financial Statements be restated to Establish the Total Other Post Employee Benefit (OPEB) liability instead of Net OPEB Obligation

Note3: GASB Standard 54 requires Advance to other funds be presented as Restricted Fund Balance for Debt Service

Note4: Statement of Net Position Restated to include Harlem TIF private place liablity of \$1.427 million

Data Source

		<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2013		<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>	2017		2018	<u>2019</u>		2020
Expenses		2011	2012	2010	•	2014	2010		2010	2017		2010	2010		2020
Governmental Activities															
General government	\$	4,474,679 \$	3,143,434	\$ 3,636,642	\$	3,330,828 \$	3,875,080	\$	4,069,138 \$	4,151,187	\$	4,322,035 \$	4,444,154	\$	3,431,673
Public safety	*	36,778,991	37,717,578	40,266,230	•	38,409,364	45,477,225	*	48,121,837	47,884,063	*	52,991,988	52,132,315	*	48,456,281
Public works		8,622,452	7,127,063	9,503,285		9,692,933	8,365,920		9,574,448	8,030,594		7,050,783	7,558,885		8,279,018
Economic development		11,210,313	5,295,179	8,341,981		4,826,143	8,816,846		3,680,408	3,321,527		2,948,818	3,685,048		2,607,616
Culture and recreation		5,065,032	4,786,867	4,853,831		4,979,472	4,969,399		5,384,622	5,098,182		5,288,508	5,074,881		4,921,945
Health and sanitation		4,086,307	-	-		-	-		-	-		-,,	-		.,
Interest		4,891,883	4,989,927	5,555,103		6,347,001	8,136,685		8,224,634	7,415,620		7,410,680	9,960,909		9,776,916
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		75,129,657	63,060,048	72,157,072		67,585,741	79,641,155		79,055,087	75,901,173	_	80,012,812	82,856,192		77,473,449
Business-Type Activities															
Utilities		11.432.263	16.557.127	16.767.182		18.895.002	19.533.100		20,206,762	18.418.318		18.223.176	17.459.824		17.979.956
Parking garage		275,896	273,185	260,988		264,787	268,197		299,391	273,938		291,169	269,462		249,205
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses		11,708,159	16,830,312	17,028,170		19,159,789	19,801,297		20,506,153	18,692,256		18,514,345	17,729,286		18,229,161
				,		,,	,			,		,,	,		,,
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	86,837,816 \$	79,890,360	\$ 89,185,242	\$	86,745,530 \$	99,442,452	\$	99,561,240 \$	94,593,429	\$	98,527,157 \$	100,585,478	\$	95,702,610
Program Revenues															
Governmental Activities															
Charges for Services															
General government	\$	2,691,846 \$	2,052,284	\$ 2,182,551	\$	2,526,944 \$	2,543,015	\$	2,503,370 \$	2,412,000	\$	2,603,194 \$	2,832,766	\$	2,552,355
Public safety	*	5,028,338	6,162,058	5,818,148	•	6,142,547	6,177,670	*	6,994,123	6,305,832	*	6,040,508	7,011,487	*	5,866,208
Public works		1,902,463	1,986,271	2,288,256		2,358,620	2,150,174		2,083,000	2,094,248		1,919,016	1,955,806		1,508,503
Culture and recreation		562,091	599,597	635,075		498,633	572,002		565,083	611,512		604,146	632,535		105,336
Health and sanitation		4,506,714	80,962	85,739		85,412	87,188		85,724	76,818		64,911	19,217		10,000
Economic development		4,000,714	-	-		44,000	32,000		-	70,010		04,511	10,217		10,000
Operating Grants and Contributions		4,684,682	3,636,003	3,035,643		3,808,251	4,634,204		4,376,808	3,839,854		3,224,755	3,609,094		4,037,465
Capital Grants and Contributions		1,641,462	660,589	1,746,077		2,104,052	2,067,975		634,086	3,428,047		960,511	726,582		1,499,806
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		21,017,596	15,177,764	15,791,489		17,568,459	18,264,228		17,242,194	18,768,311		15,417,041	16,787,487		15,579,673
Business-Type Activities															
Charges for Services															
Utilities		6,319,419	12,758,778	14,445,691		13,786,437	15,850,671		15,999,846	15,720,377		17,100,085	16,928,161		18,170,033
		135,019	149,306	212,255		283,996	282,774		231,366	225,613		204,562	208,009		66,084
Parking garage		135,019	149,306	212,255		203,990	202,114		231,300	225,013		204,562	200,009		00,004
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions		-	-	-		1.100.000	-		65,877	-		-	-		-
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues		6,454,438	12,908,084	14,657,946	_	15,170,433	16,133,445		16,297,089	15,945,990		17,304,647	17,136,170		18,236,117
Total Business-Type Activities Thogram Nevenues		0,434,430	12,900,004	14,007,040	_	10,170,400	10,133,443		10,237,003	13,343,330		17,504,047	17,130,170		10,230,117
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	27,472,034 \$	28,085,848	\$ 30,449,435	\$	32,738,892 \$	34,397,673	\$	33,539,283 \$	34,714,301	\$	32,721,688 \$	33,923,657	\$	33,815,790
Net (Expense) Revenue															
Governmental Activities	\$	(54,112,061) \$			\$	(50,017,282) \$	(61,376,927)	\$	(61,812,893) \$	(57,132,862)	\$	(64,595,771) \$		\$	(61,893,776)
Business-Type Activities		(5,253,721)	(3,922,228)	(2,370,224		(3,989,356)	(3,667,852)		(4,209,064)	(2,746,266)		(1,209,698)	(593,116)		6,956
Total Primary Government Net (Expense) Revenue	\$	(59,365,782)	(51,804,512)	\$ (58,735,807)	\$	(54,006,638) \$	(65,044,779)	\$	(66,021,957) \$	(59,879,128)	\$	(65,805,469) \$	(66,661,821)	\$	(61,886,820)

Note: The City moved its garbage collection (health and sanitation) activities from governmental activities to business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2012.

		<u>2011</u>	201	2	<u>2013</u>		2014	<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		2017		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position																
Governmental Activities																
Taxes																
Property	\$ 2	28,372,384	27,265,94	1 \$	28,158,955	\$	30,596,416 \$	31,831,367	\$	33,312,135	\$ 3	34,094,523	\$	34,029,213	\$ 34,742,608	\$ 36,948,986
Sales		2,606,543	2,782,79	1	2,922,555		2,976,666	3,842,183		3,802,911		3,852,290		4,184,732	4,459,522	4,392,484
Home Rule Sales		1,923,750	2,073,70	5	2,156,948		2,180,628	2,733,826		2,761,930		2,683,029		2,810,011	3,927,872	4,570,878
Local Use																2,529,919
Municipal Utility		4,018,344	3,594,62	7	3,630,961		3,700,906	3,277,911		3,090,740		2,994,314		2,996,948	2,889,681	2,739,274
Real Estate Transfer		915,913	1,047,76	3	1,379,577		1,788,150	1,838,263		1,905,205		1,890,665		2,317,555	2,107,324	2,138,624
Other		835,216	1,032,829	9	1,275,332		1,345,423	1,589,496		1,685,018		1,828,770		2,240,806	2,347,604	2,166,974
Income taxes		5,214,365	5,914,84	7	6,439,536		6,472,416	7,386,431		6,819,192		6,612,784		7,129,677	7,990,631	6,278,236
Investment Earnings		88,309	64,149	9	61,432		70,120	73,779		72,127		111,264		171,082	346,821	126,422
Gain on sale of capital assets		222,500	69,19	5	4,953		1,261	184,694		63,195		-		-	-	
Loss on debt refunding		-		-	-		-	-		(671,960)		-		-	-	
Miscellaneous		75,321	182,91	7	579,565		675,936	252,871		170,277		265,359		621,885	682,738	609,668
Transfers		(227,166)	(400,866	3)	(97,572)		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	_	(455,191)		(501,557)		(406,111)	 (449,886)	
Total Governmental Activities	4	14,045,479	43,627,90	<u> </u>	46,512,242		49,807,922	53,010,821		52,555,579	5	3,831,441		56,095,798	 59,044,915	62,501,465
Business-Type Activities																
Investment Earnings		10,312	5,86	7	7,257		6,707	6,312		4,080		3,019		3,084	1,151	-
Miscellaneous		-		-	-		-	70,000		-		-		-	-	-
Transfers		227,166	400,866	3	97,572					455,191		501,557		406,111	 449,886	
Total Business-Type Activities		237,478	406,73	<u> </u>	104,829		6,707	76,312	_	459,271		504,576	-	409,195	 451,037	-
Total Primary Government	\$ 4	14,282,957	44,034,63	7 \$	46,617,071	\$	49,814,629 \$	53,087,133	\$	53,014,850	\$ 5	54,336,017	\$	56,504,993	\$ 59,495,952	\$ 62,501,465
Change in Net Position																
Governmental Activities	\$ (1	10,066,582)	\$ (4,254,38)	0) \$	(9,853,341)	\$	(209,360) \$	(8,366,106)	\$	(9,257,314)	\$	(3,301,421)	\$	(8,499,973)	\$ (7,023,790)	\$ 607,689
Business-Type Activities		(5,016,243)	(3,515,49	5)	(2,265,395)	-	(3,982,649)	(3,591,540)		(3,749,793)		(2,241,690)		(800,503)	 (142,079)	6,956
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$ (1	15,082,825)	\$ (7,769,87	5) \$	(12,118,736)	\$	(4,192,009) \$	(11,957,646)	\$	(13,007,107)	\$	(5,543,111)	\$	(9,300,476)	\$ (7,165,869)	\$ 614,645

Data Source

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
General Fund														
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
Unreserved	-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-	-	
Nonspendable	409,721	846,629	890,155		920,863	645,211		92,119		307,940		181,465	161,104	204,057
Restricted	-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-	-	
Committed	-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-	-	
Assigned	372	749	27,741		28,632	33,444		35,767		37,972		38,619	41,536	41,536
Unassigned	 4,086,449	5,951,993	9,143,348		13,366,935	18,838,228		12,786,535		12,675,459		12,055,377	12,167,337	11,361,863
Total General Fund	\$ 4,496,542	\$ 6,799,371	\$ 10,061,244	\$	14,316,430	\$ 19,516,883	\$	12,914,421	\$	13,021,371	\$	12,275,461	\$ 12,369,977	\$ 11,607,456
All Other Governmental Funds														
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
Unreserved, reported in														
Special Revenue Funds	-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-	-	
Debt Service Funds	-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-	-	
Capital Project Funds	-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-	-	
Nonspendable	-	-	-		-	-		432,323		43,291		43,291	43,291	255,791
Restricted	17,546,853	14,301,432	10,250,023		7,966,584	5,567,670		5,340,814		5,463,764		5,697,050	89,567,917	97,252,439
Committed	1,732,894	2,184,339	2,138,978		1,557,221	1,471,876		1,643,877		1,085,968		1,027,117	1,141,030	268,312
Assigned	-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-	-	-
Unassigned	 (420,533)	 (365,851)	 (666,134)	_	(287,608)	 (143,074)	_	(1,052,201)	_	(1,125,978)	_	(561,567)	 (77,483,574)	(74,816,025)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 18,859,214	\$ 16,119,920	\$ 11,722,867	\$	9,236,197	\$ 6,896,472	\$	6,364,813	\$	5,467,045	\$	6,205,891	\$ 13,268,664	\$ 22,960,517

Data Source

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Note 1			Note 1						Note 2	Note 3		Note 4
		2011		2012		2013	2014		2015		2016	2017			2018	2019		2020
Revenues																		
Property taxes	\$	28,372,384	\$	27,265,941	\$	28,158,955	\$ 30,596,416	\$	31,831,367	\$	33,312,135 \$	34,094	,523	\$	34,029,213	\$ 34,742,608	\$	36,948,986
Other taxes		15,214,946		16,622,978		17,933,118	18,548,751		20,739,219		20,053,166	19,911	,224		21,679,729	23,722,634		24,816,389
Licenses and permits		3,005,807		2,885,225		3,143,853	3,755,478		3,692,357		3,625,012	3,672	,370		3,552,298	3,665,588		3,184,960
Intergovernmental		5,980,498		3,707,916		4,191,527	3,893,088		3,903,745		4,219,375	3,770	,003		4,185,264	4,335,676		5,537,271
Fines and forfeitures		4,932,053		5,668,874		5,398,149	5,238,180		5,563,051		6,365,397	5,215	,889		4,966,251	5,556,734		3,939,493
Charges for services		5,668,389		1,783,072		1,743,419	2,077,548		1,616,795		1,690,521	1,819	,564		1,966,890	2,627,777		2,331,321
Contributions		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	-		
Investment income		88,284		64,149		61,432	70,122		73,779		72,002	110	,891		170,672	346,821		125,329
Miscellaneous		1,805,376		1,139,184		1,611,112	2,045,778		1,942,151		1,403,193	4,506	,474		1,368,221	1,284,450		1,189,815
Total Revenues		65,067,737	_	59,137,339		62,241,565	 66,225,361	_	69,362,464	_	70,740,801	73,100	,938	_	71,918,538	76,282,288	_	78,073,564
Expenditures																		
General government		4,302,988		3,170,604		3,638,505	3,581,579		4,014,184		3,763,962	3,882	,855		4,105,923	4,079,645		3,756,892
Public safety		34,166,965		36,316,079		66,411,752	36,389,011		67,047,018		39,487,804	38,157	,125		39,448,318	69,468,798		43,471,748
Highways and streets		6,766,808		6,449,583		6,731,412	8,290,373		7,385,086		7,291,226	10,551	,626		7,179,906	7,640,758		7,992,734
Health & welfare		4,086,307		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	-		
Culture and recreation		5,020,555		4,788,958		4,769,354	4,922,054		5,007,073		5,057,693	4,924	,183		2,762,155	5,302,802		4,879,705
Economic development		11,201,125		5,232,219		6,777,084	2,917,308		8,100,608		3,524,490	3,140	,306		4,997,313	3,048,009		2,388,737
Capital outlay		1,380,811		1,921,092		2,140,402	2,497,137		727,843		680,942	568	,136		1,198,017	551,171		1,030,314
Debt service																		
Principal		3,520,161		4,949,818		4,490,658	4,118,231		4,700,652		10,557,831	5,008	,444		19,941,271	18,609,491		7,510,162
Interest		4,660,159		4,718,742		4,842,213	6,390,279		7,027,263		8,016,080	7,659	,081		7,468,510	7,631,782		9,208,243
Other charges	_	170,760	_	227,726	_	406,107	 91,210	_	1,019,575		268,395			_			_	244,820
Total Expenditures	_	75,276,639	_	67,774,821	_	100,207,487	 69,197,182	_	105,029,302	_	78,648,423	73,891	,756	_	87,101,413	116,332,456	_	80,483,355
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																		
over (under) expenditures		(10,208,902)		(8,637,482)		(37,965,922)	(2,971,821)		(35,666,838)		(7,907,622)	(790	,818))	(15,182,875)	(40,050,168)		(2,409,791)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)																		
Transfers in		5,468,574		5,812,370		2,537,321	2,278,235		1,595,966		5,852,329	4,108	,815		5,246,047	13,822,550		16,063,067
Transfers (out)		(5,468,574)		(5,812,370)		(2,537,321)	(2,278,235)		(1,595,966)		(5,852,329)	(4,108	,815))	(5,246,047)	(13,822,550)	((16,063,067)
Debt issued		5,469,719		8,500,000		36,315,532	4,390,000		38,811,860		19,483,528		-		15,175,811	79,970,000		11,339,123
Premium (discount) on bonds issued		(53,184)		(368,178)		170,408	349,073		(296,884)		2,278,565		-		-	924,187		-
Transfer to bond escrow agent		-		-		-	-		-		(21,016,667)		-		-	(33,686,730)		-
Sale of property		-		-		154,785	-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Sale of capital assets		230,288	_	69,195		4,953	 1,261		12,514	_	28,075			_			_	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		5,646,823	_	8,201,017		36,645,678	 4,740,334	_	38,527,490	_	773,501			_	15,175,811	47,207,457	_	11,339,123
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(4,562,079)	\$	(436,465)	\$	(1,320,244)	\$ 1,768,513	\$	2,860,652	\$	(7,134,121) \$	(790	,818)) <u>\$</u>	(7,064)	\$ 7,157,289	\$	8,929,332
Debt Service as a Percentage of																		
Noncapital Expenditures		11.36%		14.89%		9.45%	15.75%		11.45%		24.14%	18	.45%	,	32.01%	22.81%		21.19%

Note 1: The City issued \$30 million in 2013 and \$31 million in 2015 to fund fire and police pensions, which caused large increases in public safety expenditures.

Note 2: The City paid \$15 million of the maturity amount due for the Police and Fire Pension Bond issued in 2013. The payment was funded by the BMO Long term Line of Credit. The City repaid the Line of Credit in 2019

Note 3: The City issued about \$80 million in Securitization Bonds to refund 2007,2008, 2013 GO bonds (\$50 million) along with funding the Police and Fire Pension Funds (\$30 million).

Note 4: The City issued about \$7.4 million in Revenue Bonds for the South Berwyn Corridor TIF. Also, the City drew \$3.85 million from the line of credit established with BMO Harris to retire principal from the 2010 Bonds

Data Source

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Property <u>Tax</u>	Income <u>Tax</u>	Local Use <u>Tax</u>	Sales <u>Tax</u>	Home Rule <u>Sales Tax</u>	Personal Prop. Replacement	Municipal <u>Utility Tax</u>	Liquor <u>Tax</u>	Real Estate Transfer Tax	Gas <u>Tax</u>	Motor <u>Fuel Tax</u>	Other <u>Taxes</u>
2011	28,372,384	5,214,365		2,606,543	1,923,750	211,903	4,018,344	143,149	915,913	126,056	1,610,518	18,238
2012	27,265,941	5,914,847		2,782,794	2,073,705	204,750	3,594,627	161,272	1,047,766	287,116	1,559,747	556,101
2013	28,158,955	6,439,536		2,922,555	2,156,948	234,257	3,630,961	170,120	1,379,577	327,833	1,662,129	671,331
2014	30,596,416	6,472,416		2,976,666	2,180,628	227,550	3,700,906	173,090	1,788,150	286,111	1,679,392	743,234
2015	31,864,483	7,386,431		3,842,183	2,733,826	217,728	3,277,911	180,110	1,838,263	310,070	1,661,230	952,697
2016	33,312,135	6,819,192		3,802,911	2,761,930	224,044	3,090,740	189,612	1,905,205	333,273	1,620,255	927,259
2017	34,094,523	6,612,784		3,852,290	2,683,029	248,383	2,994,314	174,507	1,890,665	366,625	1,465,605	1,088,627
2018	34,029,213	7,129,677		4,184,732	2,810,011	212,872	2,996,948	160,586	2,317,555	378,477	1,511,320	1,488,901
2019	34,742,608	7,990,631		4,459,522	3,927,872	275,021	2,889,681	183,829	2,107,324	341,869	1,868,822	1,546,885
2020	36,948,986	6,278,236	2,529,919	4,392,484	4,570,878	236,515	2,739,274	215,219	2,138,624	264,914	2,160,371	1,330,443

Motor Fuel Tax is presented as Intergovernmental Revenue in the financial statements.

From 2011 through 2015, an additional \$234,574 was received each year for Motor Fuel Tax pursuant to the capital bill passed by the State of Illinois.

From 2020 going forward the City reports Local Use Tax as a separate revenue category

Data Source

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Levy Years

Levy <u>Year</u>	Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Residential <u>Property</u>	Commercial <u>Property</u>	Industrial Property	Railroad Property	Total Equalized Assessed Valuation (1)	Less: Homeowners Exemptions	Less: Tax <u>Increment</u>	Equalized Assessed Valuation for Taxation (2)	Total Direct Tax Rate (3)	Estimated Actual Taxable Value (4)	Estimated Taxable Value As a Percentage
2009	2010	1,043,972,663	175,398,379	7,502,000	1,399,286	1,228,272,328	(253,470,350)	(59,310,089)	915,491,889	2.56	3,684,816,984	33.333%
2010	2011	1,016,214,495	164,126,542	7,408,599	1,415,585	1,189,165,221	(201,493,340)	(52,832,839)	934,839,042	2.63	3,567,495,663	33.333%
2011	2012	721,192,509	141,302,119	6,580,811	1,464,899	870,540,338	(96,572,761)	(21,574,024)	752,393,553	3.38	2,611,621,014	33.333%
2012	2013	675,998,101	134,070,282	5,109,554	1,497,762	816,675,699	(106,334,374)	(22,706,065)	687,635,260	3.82	2,450,027,097	33.333%
2013	2014	623,325,953	136,508,391	6,481,355	1,528,138	767,843,837	(100,294,762)	(20,128,705)	647,420,370	4.47	2,303,531,511	33.333%
2014	2015	571,286,154	133,567,513	4,376,595	1,556,090	710,786,352	(97,612,328)	(17,070,524)	596,103,500	5.09	2,132,359,056	33.333%
2015	2016	552,120,527	129,607,940	4,326,066	1,571,631	687,626,164	(96,824,659)	(15,576,539)	575,224,966	5.48	2,062,878,492	33.333%
2016	2017	573,727,381	133,610,746	3,840,149	1,679,354	712,857,630	(96,824,659)	(15,576,539)	600,456,432	5.30	2,138,572,890	33.333%
2017	2018	744,086,744	155,943,001	6,134,462	1,399,286	907,563,493	(150,679,516)	(20,024,994)	736,858,983	4.49	2,722,690,479	33.333%
2018	2019	715,782,528	151,752,602	4,225,750	1,708,064	873,468,944	(149,889,541)	(16,467,092)	707,112,311	4.74	2,620,406,832	33.333%
2019	2020	705,637,443	156,749,002	4,104,333	1,817,416	868,308,194	(151,930,462)	(26,386,965)	689,990,767	4.99	2,604,924,582	33.333%

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk

⁽¹⁾ Total Equalized Assessed Valuation of property based on the Assessed Valuation of property determined by the Cook County Assessor based on 10% of fair value for residential property and 25% of fair value for commercial and industrial property (except for certain exemptions) equalized by the Equalization Factor calculated by the Illinois Department of Revenue applicable to Cook County. Equalized Assessed Valuation should approximate 33% of the market value of taxable property in the City.

⁽²⁾ Total Equalized Assessed Valuation of the City is reduced by Homeowners Exemptions and the Tax Increment (the Equalized Valuation of property in a Tax Increment District that exceeds the Frozen Level at the inception of the Tax Increment District) for purposes of billing and collecting taxes for the City.

⁽³⁾ Tax rate is \$ per \$100 of Equalized Assessed Valuation for Taxation.

⁽⁴⁾ The Total Estimated Market Value of the City is based on the Equalized Assessed Valuation before Homeowners Exemptions and Tax Increment multiplied by 3. This calculation assumes that the countrywide Equalization Factor adjusts Assessed Valuation in the City to one third of market.

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Last Ten Levy Years

<u>Tax Levy Year</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
City Direct Rates											
General	1.29	1.34	2.18	2.33	2.65	2.99	3.25	3.24	2.69	2.80	2.92
Bond & Interest	0.54	0.53	0.26	0.30	0.71	0.98	1.10	1.07	0.94	1.05	1.16
City of Berwyn Library	0.28	0.32	0.40	0.45	0.48	0.56	0.58	0.58	0.48	0.49	0.50
Police Pension	0.22	0.21	0.26	0.36	0.31	0.30	0.27	0.21	0.20	0.22	0.22
Fire Pension	0.23	0.23	0.28	0.38	0.32	0.26	0.28	0.20	0.18	0.18	0.19
Total Direct Rate	2.56	2.63	3.38	3.82	4.47	5.09	5.48	5.30	4.49	4.74	4.99
Overlapping Rates											
Cook County	0.44	0.47	0.47	0.53	0.56	0.57	0.55	0.53	0.50	0.55	0.54
Metropolitan Water Rec.	0.26	0.27	0.32	0.37	0.42	0.43	0.43	0.41	0.41	0.40	0.39
School District #100	2.49	2.50	3.20	3.65	3.92	4.27	4.57	4.49	5.08	4.54	5.02
High School District #201	1.85	1.86	2.45	2.73	2.95	3.22	3.34	3.25	2.88	3.04	3.13
Berwyn Park District	0.31	0.31	0.32	0.37	0.40	0.44	0.46	0.44	0.38	0.41	0.43
Community College #527	0.39	0.39	0.50	0.56	0.61	0.67	0.70	0.68	0.58	0.62	0.65
Other	0.19	0.17	0.30	0.31	0.37	0.37	0.35	0.22	0.34	0.27	0.31
, ,											

Data Source

Office of the County Clerk

Note 2020 Property Tax Rates Not Yet Available

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2020			2011	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
			City			City
	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
	Assessed	2020	Assessed	Assessed	2011	Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Valuation	Value	Rank	<u>Valuation</u>
						
MacNeal Memorial Hospital	\$ 19,868,115	1	2.29% \$	30,424,644	1	2.56%
Cermak Plaza Associates (Formerly						
Andrew Bermant)	15,618,402	2	1.80%	10,816,153	2	0.91%
Berwyn Gateway Partners	6,222,220	3	0.72%	N/A	N/A	0.00%
McDonald's Corporation	3,348,797	4	0.39%	1,896,754	6	0.16%
Shurgard	3,294,943	5	0.38%	3,988,119	3	0.34%
Grove of Berwyn (formerlyFairfax)	3,772,244	6	0.31%	2,457,517	4	0.21%
Ryan LLC	2,688,179	7	0.43%	N/A	N/A	0.00%
Byline Bank, Illinois (Formerly Citizens Bank)	2,216,923	8	0.26%	1,812,565	8	0.15%
Extra Space Storage	2,105,678	9	0.24%	N/A	N/A	0.00%
BMO Harris Bank NA	1,472,771	10	0.17%	N/A	N/A	0.00%
SKS & Associates	N/A	N/A	0.00%	1,893,731	7	0.16%
Vranas & Assoc.	N/A	N/A	0.00%	2,132,945	5	0.18%
Harlem Life LLC	N/A	N/A	0.00%	1,510,209	9	0.13%
Reliable Management Inc.	N/A	N/A	0.00%	1,462,322	10	0.12%
TOTAL	\$ 60,608,272		<u>6.98</u> % <u>\$</u>	58,394,959		<u>4.91</u> %

Note 1: Every effort has been made to seek out and report the largest taxpayers. However, many of the taxpayers contain multiple parcels, and it is possible that some parcels and their valuations have been overlooked.

0.049111497

Note 2: Information for the 2021 taxpayers is not yet available.

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N/A - not applicable

Data Source

Office of the County Clerk

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Levy Years

		Collected with Fiscal Year of		Collections	Total Collections	s to Date
Levy	_		Percentage	in Subsequent	-	Percentage
Year	Tax Levied	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2010	24,566,570	23,449,327	95.45%	544,928	23,994,255	97.67%
2011	25,433,824	24,642,152	96.89%	201,115	24,843,267	97.68%
2012	26,236,151	25,210,666	96.09%	237,806	25,448,472	97.00%
2013	28,903,844	27,866,441	96.41%	468,277	28,334,718	98.03%
2014	30,319,466	29,019,276	95.71%	839,585	29,858,861	98.48%
2015	31,810,683	30,835,036	96.93%	610,613	31,445,649	98.85%
2016	31,810,683	30,670,640	96.42%	425,434	31,096,073	97.75%
2017	32,960,811	31,225,268	94.73%	570,879	31,796,147	96.47%
2018	33,532,547	32,511,965	96.96%	35,068	32,547,033	97.06%
2019	34,492,979	33,166,184	96.15%	-	33,166,184	96.15%

Note: Property in the City is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at 33% of actual value.

Data Source

Office of the County Clerk

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

_		Gover	nmental Activitie	S		Busi	ness-Type Activit	ies		Percentage	
Fiscal	General	Municipal	Line	Installment &		General	Installment		Total	of	
Year	Obligation	Securtization	of	Mortgage Notes	Capital	Obligation	Notes	Capital	Primary	Personal	Per
<u>Ended</u>	Bonds **	<u>Bonds</u> ****	Credit**	Payable ***	<u>Leases</u>	<u>Bonds</u>	<u>Payable</u>	<u>Leases</u>	Government	Income*	Capita*
2011	95,281,582			5,047,332	576,510	2,946,423	-	-	103,851,847	8.90%	1,833
2012	100,493,032			3,527,514	367,195	2,946,288	-	-	107,334,029	9.20%	1,894
2013	132,476,956			3,096,854	439,123	2,946,153	-	_	138,959,086	11.62%	2,453
2014	133,162,889			2,698,621	355,082	4,991,102	-	-	141,207,694	11.81%	2,492
2015	164,754,374			2,207,969	759,924	7,054,194	-	194,450	174,970,911	13.92%	3,088
2016	155,937,891			1,792,579	899,500	8,218,379	-	131,409	166,979,758	13.29%	2,947
2017	151,693,118			922,979	591,265	8,071,091	-	66,609	161,345,062	12.49%	2,911
2018	131,970,061		15,000,000	614,104	559,614	7,898,803	-	_	156,042,582	12.12%	2,846
2019	97,612,671	79,970,000		457,648	362,711	7,726,515	-	_	186,129,545	13.84%	3,422
2020	98,603,402	79,970,000	3,850,000	300,000	438,898	7,529,227	-	-	190,691,527	13.72%	3,506

Note: Details of the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*} See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Information for personal income and population data.

^{**}BMO Line of Credit Draw December 2018. Repaid March 2019. Draw November 2020. Maturity Date 12/31/2024

^{***} Included in Installment & Mortgage Notes Payable is a \$4 million note related to property acquired by the City in 2010

CITY OF BERYWN, ILLINOIS RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gen Oblig/	Less: Amounts Available		Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable	
Fiscal	Securitization	In Debt		Value of	Per
<u>Year</u>	<u>Bonds</u>	Service Fund**	<u>Total</u>	Property*	<u>Capita</u>
2011	103,851,847	500,884	103,350,963	4.58%	1,824.15
2012	107,334,029	521,329	106,812,700	5.18%	1,885.25
2013	138,959,086	641,874	138,317,212	7.12%	2,441.31
2014	141,207,694	669,905	140,537,789	7.86%	2,480.50
2015	174,970,911	1,138,754	173,832,157	9.98%	3,068.15
2016	166,979,758	1,138,254	165,841,504	9.23%	2,927.11
2017	161,345,062	64,873	161,280,189	7.31%	2,846.61
2018	156,042,582	64,873	155,977,709	9.33%	2,753.02
2019**	186,129,545	1,332,851	184,796,694	8.93%	3,397.56
2020**	190,691,527	1,577,384	189,114,143	N/A	3,476.94

Note: Details of the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*} See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

^{**}Advance to Debt Service should be added back to obtain indicative Debt Service Fund Balance Availability (See Balance Sheet Government Funds, Advance from Other Funds) N/A - not available

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT December 31, 2020

Governmental unit	Gross <u>Debt</u>	Percentage Debt Applicable to the City (1)	City Share <u>of Debt</u>
City of Berwyn	\$ 183,162,300	<u>100.00</u> %	\$ 183,162,300
Cook County Cook County Forest Preserve District Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Berwyn Park District North Berwyn Park District Schools Elementary District No. 100	2,596,351,750 123,150,000 2,770,969,000 2,210,000 4,485,000	0.41% 0.41% 0.42% 100.00% 100.00%	10,645,042 504,915 11,638,070 2,210,000 4,485,000 26,255,000
High School District No. 201 Community College District No. 527	57,116,665 8,211,304	42.06% 42.06%	24,023,269 3,453,674
	5,588,748,719 \$ 5,771,911,019		\$ 266,377,270

⁽¹⁾ Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in the City to valuation of property subject to taxation in overlapping unit.

Data Source

Cook County Clerk

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN December 31, 2020



CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	<u>Population</u>	Personal <u>Income</u>	Per Capita Personal <u>Income</u>	Unemployment <u>Rate</u>
2020	54,391	\$ 1,389,581,268	\$ 25,548	9.2%
2019	54,391	1,345,306,994	24,734	4.4%
2018	54,821	1,287,361,543	23,483	4.3%
2017	55,435	1,291,358,325	23,295	5.3%
2016	55,986	1,241,769,480	22,180	6.3%
2015	56,436	1,251,750,480	22,180	5.3%
2014	56,777	1,198,051,477	21,101	6.4%
2013	56,914	1,200,942,314	21,101	10.0%
2012	56,886	1,167,190,857	20,601	9.6%
2011	56,791	1,167,190,857	20,601	9.8%

Data Source

^{*}Restated 2010-2018

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and State of Illinois Department of Employment Security

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2020 2011

			2011		
Employer	Number of Employees	% of Total City Employment	Employer	Number of Employees	% of Total City Employment
Loyola (MacNeal Memorial) Hospital	2,200	16.52%	MacNeal Memorial Hospital	2,200	16.52%
Morton West High School (District 201)	700	5.25%	Morton West High School (District 201)	1,000	7.51%
City of Berwyn	379	2.85%	Berwyn South School (District 100)	456	3.42%
Berwyn South School (District 100)	450	3.38%	Berwyn South School (District 98)	370	2.78%
Berwyn North School (District 98)	370	2.78%	City of Berwyn	550	4.13%
Campagna-Turano Baking Company, Inc.	300	2.25%	Campagna-Turano Baking Company, Inc.	300	2.25%
Fairfax Nursing Home (The Grove)	150	1.13%	Transloading Specialist, Inc.	50	0.38%
The Buona Companies	150	1.13%	BP Amoco	90	0.68%
Rosin Eyecare	85	0.64%	Rosin Eyecare	85	0.64%
·			Physician's Record Company	35	0.26%

Data Source

Community Survey, 2020 Illinois Service Directory and 2020 Illinois Manufacturer's Directory, and City Records

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
General Government										
Administration	15	15	13	16	16	17	17	19	18	15
Finance	16	15	15	15	16	14	14	14	15	15
Community Development	17	16	17	18	17	17	18	17	17	17
Public Safety										
Police										
Officers	107	110	107	109	108	111	113	110	113	115
Civilians	38	34	39	41	49	49	49	49	40	55
Fire										
Firefighters and officers	78	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	79	80
Civilians	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works	36	34	39	38	43	41	41	42	40	40
Culture & Recreation	41	41	41	41	41	45	46	42	43	41

Data Source

City payroll office

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS OPERATING INDICATORS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Public Safety										
Police										
Physical arrests	2,237	2,189	1,995	1,493	1,050	991	979	913	946	685
Parking violations	44,569	61,046	64,778	62,980	59,143	52,044	52,389	52,451	56,565	37,575
Traffic tickets issued	19,057	16,084	14,129	12,343	9,878	7,257	5,776	5,294	3,972	3,248
Fire										
Emergency responses	6,624	6,642	7,076	7,179	6,897	7,587	7,519	7,795	8,125	7,788
Fires extinguished	146	174	151	131	119	112	139	131	147	124
Public Works										
Street resurfacing (miles)	-	-	1.1	0.5	0.7	0.3	0.7	0.2	1.1	1.6
Pothole repairs	3,500	4,100	4,500	4,200	4,300	4,500	4,950	6,450	6,050	5,600
Water										
New connections	13	9	17	21	30	50	67	97	58	54
Water main breaks	142	129	107	96	82	91	97	88	79	62
Average daily consumption	5.13 MGD	5.08 MGD	4.98 MGD	5.17 MGD	4.93 MGD	4.77 MGD	4.99 MGD	5.20 MGD	4.31 MGD	4.69 MGD
Peak daily consumption	6.67 MGD	6.91 MGD	5.79 MGD	6.31 MGD	6.90 MGD	5.48 MGD	6.59 MGD	5.86 MGD	5.16 MGD	5.22 MGD

MGD = million gallons per day

Data Source

Various city departments

CITY OF BERWYN, ILLINOIS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Public Safety										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	78	74	81	81	90	87	89	83	81	83
Fire										
Fire stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Fire engines and trucks	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Public Works										
Arterial streets (miles)	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4
Residential streets (miles)	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0
Streetlights	3,050	3,050	3,050	3,050	3,050	3,050	3,050	3,050	3,050	3,050
Traffic signals (intersections)	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Water										
Water mains (miles)	120.0	120.0	120.0	120.0	120.0	120.0	120.0	120.0	120.0	120.0
Fire hydrants	1,053	1,053	1,053	1,053	1,053	1,053	1,053	1,053	1,053	1,053
Storage capacity (gallons)	8,500,000	8,500,000	8,500,000	8,500,000	8,500,000	8,500,000	8,500,000	8,500,000	8,500,000	8,500,000
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Storm sewers (miles)	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0

N/A - not available

Data Source

Various city departments